WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENT

CITY COUNCIL MEETING

MARCH 5, 2024

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS BY RESIDENT RENEE COFFEY MATTERS NOT ON THE AGENDA - COMMENTS REGARDING NO-KILL ANIMAL SHELTERS

From: renee coffey <reneecoffey@att.net>
Sent: Sunday, March 3, 2024 9:16 AM

To: City Clerk Mail

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EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

To the council,

Please read out loud for my 3 minutes to voice my concern's

As a citizen in this city now, for the last 5 years, I am horrified of the Rules and Regulations of CVAC center.

The weekly amount of killing Healthy puppies, and dogs is CRUEL AND HEARTLESS..

The amount of time allowed to find the owners of lost pets is frightening. Especially for the elderly that don't use social media, and/or have the means to find their loved ones.

And just giving 10 days to get rescued or adopted is just insane and unfair and is not working for this community, or the rescue groups that try and move Mountains to save these precious animals.

Animals are God's loving creation's, with a heart and soul also, unfortunately with no voice besides the fear in their eyes, and their barking and crying being locked in a cage with others that are whaling and crying, and so very scared, sensing and smelling death from around the corner.

And then MARKED WITH BEHAVIORALPROBLEMS (because they have to check off a box) its disgusting and disappointing.

Not only does that detour potential rescuers and potential adopters, it's false, and misleading when they are just scared and lost.

I am asking and quite frankly begging for something to be done immediately.

Change the rules.

Make another box for them to check off.

Like fearful. But workable.

And instead of 3 days for non chipped lost pets, and 10 days for pets that are chipped.

MAKE IT 30 days for all pets, so they have a better chance of going back to their loving home, or get a reasonable chance for a new comfortable loving suitable home.

Use our tax dollars to build more spaces,

Hire younger ages that can't seem to find a job, or at least lower the age group for young students to volunteer their time for the goodness of caring for another soul than just themselves.

There is so much you can change for the better.

At least until this shelter will become a no kill shelter some day, hopefully sooner than later.

I was raised in a city with a no kill shelter all my life, and it's just heartbreaking what is happening here and other cities in California..

something needs to be done.

Why not start here, in this city, and be a leader for change, on how we treat these beautiful animals and maybe other shelters will follow, and change their rules too.

I understand it's a huge battle these days with abandoned pets, and lost pets not being microchiped. But, this isn't working either.

Let's not take it out on the dogs instead of the owners who abuse them and abandon them.

Also, why not start fining owners that don't microchip or spayed/neuter their pets, but give them a time limit and the continuation of means financially if low income, and free for seniors.

That would make a big difference.

Taking our hard earned tax dollars for something so immoral to some of us is not right.. How about having this city and surrounding cites vote on this issue, allow the people to have a voice for the animals that don't have a voice.

Thank you for the opportunity for us very concerned citizens being able to be these animals voices.

Renee Coffey

Sent from AT&T Yahoo Mail for iPhone

From: Jennifer Nelson

Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 8:31 AM **To:** Monika Radeva; City Clerk Mail

Subject: FW: Animal Lovers

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

See below. Update from Ms. Klein who will be speaking at tomorrow's meeting. I did respond to her as well.

From: Jessica Klein <jjhomestead@telus.net> Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 6:52 AM

To: Jennifer Nelson < jnelson@laquintaca.gov>

Subject: Fwd: Animal Lovers

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UPDATE!!!!

Jennifer, would you please send this version around, an update ,as sadly, Oliver died from complications after surgery. Please acknowledge

receipt and send around as discussed, thankyou, Jessica

For presentation to La Quinta Municipal Council

March 1, 2024

To All those concerned with the well being of our Animal Community,

As tax paying animal lovers of this county, we are compelled to bring to your attention, the appalling circumstances of many animals at the

local public animal shelters, specifically the Coachella Valley Animal Campus (CVAC) Shelter. The policies at this shelter are such that

hundreds of animals are unnecessarily killed each year with little or no chance of adoption. Animals as "special needs" which justifies their

destruction, even when there is nothing seriously wrong with them. This goes against the intent of the law to get all adoptable animals a

home.

There are a number of volunteers working tirelessly to save animals and find suitable homes for them. Tragically, as happened this past

week, 6 dogs were killed in 1 day. all of which were actively being worked on by rescuers intent on saving them. This is a common

occurrence at this shelter, despite the efforts of rescuers. We have heard that the numbers are close to 1000 a year being killed.

My husband and I went to look at a particular dog that caught our attention and check on the status of a few others. There is one particular

rescuer who goes into the shelter and videos red-listed dogs that are slated to be killed, in the hope of getting them out and finding a home

for them. The dog we went to look at, Oliver, looked awesome in the video , but after a challenging attempt to see him, I was led back to a

secluded part of the shelter where few are allowed to go, and Oliver was so sedated he couldn't get up. As well. he had a serious injury to his

front leg, which had not been attended to. We were informed he had 72 hours max before being killed. With the help of the Rescue team, we

found a Rescue in Northern California that would get him out. They succeeded in tagging him Monday (the day he would die), along with 2

other red-listed dogs, only because my husband and I committed to covering transport and Olivers medical fees. Oliver is now in the Rescue,

has had medical treatment, including amputation, and is well on his way to a happy home, hopefully ours.

Since writing, sadly, Oliver died in his foster care home after his surgery due to complications. He is another victim of this inhumane system.

We are presenting this information in hopes of finding a better way of dealing with a difficult situation. We are not interested in denigrating

any of the hard working individuals at the shelters. We are looking for policy changes that will be more inclusive of the wishes of your

constituents and the many volunteers who are working so hard to help save animals.

There are other public shelters in the state that adhere to a no kill policy that would serve as a good model for our local shelters that still

kill. The following ideas would be very helpful in creating a friendlier, community based, cooperative, and humane relationship. Transparency

with the public tax payer is crucial to build trust. We are paying for what is happening in these shelters! We all need to work together for the

benefit of animals in need.

1. A full time Vet on site who treats the animals as they come in , or at least the ability to take them to a Vet, is a very important step on the

road to humane treatment, as many animals are languishing without adequate medical attention or hope. The dog we rescued would likely

not have lost his leg or life if he had had immediate attention.

2. Clear and positive communication with the public in advertising the availabile animals is important. Positive communication with an eye to

making them more desirable for adoption, as well as a positive presentation photo of the animal, perhaps done by volunteers. Some of the

photos are tragic, showing an obviously suffering animal.

3. Working with the Rescuers, ie a liaison who knows the animals and can help facilitate adoption or rescue, would make the process

friendly and easier. The object is to get the animals out to a good home, not to kill them!

4. Members of the public should be able to find out where dogs are being sent to when rescued from the shelter to facilitate adoption.

5. Above all, let's stop killing animals that are suitable for rescue, rehabilitation, and rehoming!

Sincerely, Jessica and Joe Klein and all those involved in animal rescue

760-5643395 52490 Avenida Velasco La Quinta, Ca 92253 CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM RESIDENTS SALLY AND ROBERT ARROYO PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - REGARDING STVRs BEING ALLOWED AT THE PROJECT

From: Sally Arroyo <arroyosally@icloud.com>
Sent: Tuesday, March 5, 2024 11:54 AM

To: City Clerk Mail

Subject: Written Comments: Sally and Robert Arroyo, La Quinta, The Club at Coral Mountain

Some people who received this message don't often get email from arroyosally@icloud.com. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Dear Ms. Monika Radeva, La Quinta City Clerk:

Thank you for allowing us to submit a written comment for the La Quinta City Council public record [packet] for the March 5, 2024 City Council meeting regarding The Club at Coral Mountain. We would appreciate a confirmation of receipt of this email.

Sincerely,
Sally and Robert Arroyo
Coral Mountain Estates
57712 Salida del Sol
La Quinta, CA 92253
arroyosally@icloud.com
arroyobob@icloud.com

Dear Mayor, La Quinta City Council and City Manager:

As full-time residents of La Quinta we have lived across 58th from the proposed The Club at Coral Mountain development area for more than 11 years. Having lived all over the country in urban and rural areas we chose to retire and live in our area of La Quinta primarily because of the natural beauty, unusually low level of traffic and noise pollution, and the quality of life. We have no other residence and spend our time at our home and in La Quinta and the Coachella Valley.

Although we do have opinions, we are not affiliated with any group for or against the proposed The Club at Coral Mountain. We are concerned with the proposed number of STVRs that may be allowed and the effect they will have on the surrounding communities. There is no easy answer and no answer that will keep everyone happy re: STVRs at The Club at Coral Mountain. The answer to save the essence of the City of La Quinta and its quality of life would be to deny all 750 STVRS but to allow for some. Please let us explain and our apologies if some of this has been written or said before.

We are not against development and recognize that The Club at Coral Mountain will be built. We also recognize that a low-density residential community had been planned for that area of Avenue 58 and Madison for years as consistent with the General Plan. Based on the information that we have seen we are sure it will be a beautiful neighborhood but we truly believe the City of La Quinta needs to think very carefully about the outcome of increasing the density and the added STVRs at The Club at Coral Mountain.

- 1) The City of La Quinta has put a cap on STVRs. Will this new community be allowed STVRs en masse under the current cap? If this is correct, then would this mean that many who have had STVR permits in the past would not be able to renew their permits to allow for the new influx. Would that be fair? Or will the City increase the STVR cap to accommodate for this new development and future new developments which would also want mass STVRs?
- 2) To allow all 750 homes within The Club at Coral Mountain, which in reality is nothing more than hotel rooms in the guise of homes, would also change the nature and feel of South La Quinta and the City of La Quinta. The transient nature of STVRs does not make for a good cohesive caring community. Does The Club at Coral Mountain really have the best interests at heart of their neighbors and the City of La Quinta or is it just a matter of money by requesting all homes to be STVRs?
- 3) To increase the number of STVRs allowed in the City would also mean that City personnel would have to be increased to handle the increased workload of permitting, licensing, fee, tax and fine collection, compliance monitoring, investigating and enforcement.
- 4) The economics of growth for the City are understood but for every action there is a reaction with consequences. More growth means less beautiful open space, less desert, a more dense and urban environment, more needed infrastructure to accommodate for the growth, etc. Is this what the City of La Quinta wants? If we have 750 STVRs in the vicinity of Madison and Avenue 58 this will create a more dense population with an increase in traffic and noise. The intersections of Madison and Avenue 58 and Madison and Avenue 54 with only their four-way stops have already become extremely congested and dangerous for not only auto traffic but also for pedestrians, bicyclist and equestrians. This is without 750 STVRs at The Club at Coral Mountain and all the traffic associated with rentals. Traffic lights, cameras, pole lights, more police presence, etc. will be needed.
- 5) In addition and in no relation to STVRs, the City Council and Planning Commission should require that any new development in the City of La Quinta donate or make available land for open/green space for the public to use without fees or membership. Our beautiful La Quinta is losing all its open/green space and becoming nothing more than a city of private areas that do not cater to the well-being of most of the citizenry of the City of La Quinta.

Thank you for your consideration.
Sally and Robert Arroyo
Coral Mountain Estates
57712 Salida del Sol
La Quinta, CA 92253
arroyosally@icloud.com
arroyobob@icloud.com

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM JAMES R. DeFORGE, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF BIGHORN INSTITUTE

PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - OPPOSED TO THE CERTIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 OF THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT EIR

From: Bighorn Institute <bi@bighorninstitute.org>

Sent: Friday, March 1, 2024 11:43 AM

To: Planning WebMail < Planning@laquintaca.gov>

Cc: James, Vincent P < vincent james@fws.gov>; Heather Brashear < heather.brashear@wildlife.ca.gov>

Subject: comment letter for The Club at Coral Mountain

Some people who received this message don't often get email from bi@bighorninstitute.org. Learn why this is important

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Please find attached Bighorn Institute's comment letter regarding The Club at Coral Mountain on the March 5th City Council Public Hearing agenda. Please confirm your receipt of this letter into the public record.

Thank you, Jim

James R. DeForge

Executive Director/Research Biologist

Bighorn Institute

P.O. Box 262

Palm Desert, CA 92261

760-346-7334

www.bighorninstitute.org



Bighorn Institute

Dedicated to the conservation of the world's wild sheep through research and education

A nonprofit Tax-Exempt Organization

February 29, 2024

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J. Craig Williams, Esq.
Legal Counsel

Design and Development Department City of La Quinta 78-495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253

Via Electronic Mail: Planning@LaQuintaCA.gov

Dear Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We are providing comments for the proposed project The Club at Coral Mountain (SCH# 2021020310), as it pertains to the endangered Peninsular bighorn sheep (*Ovis Canadensis nelsonii*). Our primary concern is the likelihood of bighorn sheep being attracted to and accessing The Club at Coral Mountain as a means of artificial food and water in the event that this project is built. We recommend the city does not certify the EIR for Alternative 2, approve the General Plan Amendment, Zone Change, Specific Plan Amendment and Development Agreement until the wildlife agencies have fully vetted the entire scope of this project and its potential effects on the bighorn sheep.

Bighorn Institute has documented 60 known urban-related Peninsular bighorn deaths on or near four La Quinta golf courses (Traditions, SilverRock, PGA West and The Quarry) and Lake Cahuilla since 2012 (attached). These bighorn deaths are a direct result of the sheep being attracted to the golf course grasses and water features (i.e., artificial food and water sources). Despite the DEIR declaring the project location as non-habitat for bighorn sheep, there is a real potential for attracting bighorn sheep from the adjacent areas they are known to frequent, particularly after the required La Quinta fence is completed and the sheep are pushed back into their natural habitat. As such, we strongly recommend this project be fenced in its entirety **prior to construction** with fencing approved in the Recovery Plan for bighorn in the Peninsular Ranges (i.e., an 8 foot chainlink fence). The City of Rancho Mirage had similar urban-related bighorn issues, however in 2002, a 4 ½ mile long, 8ft high chain-link fence was built there and as a result urban-related bighorn deaths have been completed eliminated and is promoting the recovery of this endangered species. We also recommend no vegetation be planted near the project fence to attract the sheep.

We understand that there may not have been a new Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies for this currently proposed project, The Club at Coral Mountain, separate from the previously proposed project that included a wave pool, Coral Mountain Resort. We strongly recommend a full review from the wildlife agencies before the council considers moving forward with this project as proposed.

Finally, we are concerned about the water usage for this project. We continue to struggle with drought conditions so it seems irresponsible and unnecessary to build another

Page 2

project that will use an abundance of water. Wildlife, such as Peninsular bighorn, struggle to have enough available water to survive during droughts and this project could contribute to the water shortage.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this project.

Sincerely,

James R. DeForge Executive Director

Research Biologist

cc: Vincent James (USFWS)

Heather Brashear (CDFW)

James Kille Forg

Attachment: Bighorn Institute documentation of La Quinta urban-related bighorn mortalities

Bighorn Institute Documentation of Urban Related Mortalities in La Quinta (2012-2023)

Number	Date	Animal ID	Sex	Location	Age	Cause of Death
1	8-8-12	RamIV	Male	Airport Blvd	8+ years	Oleander Poisoning
2	8-13-12	RamIII	Male	Coachella Canal	5 years	Drowned
3	8-12-13	RamIV	Male	Coachella Canal	8+ years	Drowned
4	8-21-14	RamIII	Male	Coachella Canal	7 years	Drowned
5	6-13-15	RamII	Male	Jefferson Street	3 years	Auto Collision
6	5-8-15	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	3.5 months	Euthanized
7	8-4-15	Lamb	Male	Coachella Canal	6-7 months	Drowned
8	5-6-16	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3.5 months	Disease
9	5-10-16	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3 months	Disease
10	5-15-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	3 months	Disease
11	5-18-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	4 months	Disease
12	5-19-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	2.5 months	Disease
13	6-19-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	4 months	Disease
14	6-21-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	5 months	Disease – photo 1
15	6-24-17	Lamb	Male	PGA West	4.5 months	Disease
16	6-28-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	3.5 months	Disease
17	7-11-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	5.5 months	Disease
18	7-12-17	Lamb	Male	Shooting Range	6 months	Disease
19	9-2-17	RamIII	Male	Tradition	7 years	Unknown
20	12-23-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	11 months	Drowned
21	5-4-18	Ewe353	Female	Coachella Canal	7 years	Drowned
22	9-26-18	RamIV	Male	Coachella Canal	8+ years	Drowned
23	12-8-18	Ewe	Female	Coachella Canal	2+ years	Drowned
24	7-31-19	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	6 years	Drowned – photo 2
25	8-5-19	Ewe	Female	PGA West	2 years	Unknown
26	9-8-19	RamII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	3 years	Drowned-rope on leg
27	9-17-19	RamIII	Male	PGA West	7 years	Drowned
28	10-19-19	Lamb	Male	PGA West	5 months	Disease
29	11-4-19	Yrram	Male	Lake Cahuilla	1 year	Drowned
30	5-12-20	Lamb	Male	PGA West	4 months	Disease
31	5-30-20	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	5 months	Drowned
32	6-3-20	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3 months	Disease
33	6-29-20	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	7 years	Drowned
34	8-4-20	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	6 Years	Drowned
35	8-4-20	Lamb	Female	PGA West	6 months	Drowned/Disease
36	9-30-21	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~6.5 months	Unknown – garage
37	10-8-21	Lamb	Female	Lake Cahuilla	~7 months	Drowned
38	3-18-22	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~2 months	Disease – photo 3
39	4-9-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2.5 months	Unknown

Bighorn Institute Documentation of Urban Related Mortalities in La Quinta (2012-2023)

Number	Date	Animal	Sex	Location	Age	Cause of Death
		ID				
40	4-24-22	Yrram	Male	SilverRock	1 year	Drowned
41	5-2-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~3 months	Drowned
42	5-13-22	Lamb	Female	Coachella Canal	~3 months	Drowned
43	5-24-22	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	a few	Unknown
					months	
44	5-25-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2 months	Disease
45	6-2-22	Lamb	Female	Coachella Canal	~2 months	Drowned
46	8-30-22	Lamb	Male	Lake Cahuilla	~6 months	Disease
47	9-29-22	RamIII	Male	PGA West	5 years	Unknown
48	10-10-22	Ewe	Female	Lake Cahuilla	adult	Unknown
49	11-2-22	Ram	Male	Tradition	12+ years	Unknown- euthanized
50	2-26-23	Yrram	Male	Lake Cahuilla	1 year	Drowned
51	5-4-23	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2 months	Pneumonia/Drowned
52	5-16-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Disease/Unknown
53	6-5-23	Lamb	Female	Lake Cahuilla	2-4 months	Drowned
54	6-5-23	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~2 months	Unknown
55	6-8-23	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~3 months	Unknown
56	6-10-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Disease/Unknown -
						photo 4
57	6-18-23	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~4 months	Unknown
58	6-18-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Unknown
59	7-28-23	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	~7 months	Unk/Poss. Coyote
60	8-6-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~2 1/2	Unknown/Disease
					months	

^{*}Map location numbers correspond to mortality numbers in table

Map of Urban-related bighorn deaths in La Quinta 2012 - 2023



*Map location numbers correspond to mortality numbers in table



Photo 1 – lamb died from disease at PGA West 6-21-2017



Photo 2 – ram drowned at Lake Cahuilla 7-13-2019



Photo 3 – lamb died from disease on the golf course at PGA West 3-18-22



Photo 4 – lamb died from disease/unknown causes at PGA West 6-10-23

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM RESIDENTS PENNY AND ROBERT BOEHM PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - IN SUPPORT OF THE PROJECT

From: penny@bomgtwrks.com

Sent: Saturday, March 2, 2024 2:22 PM

To: City Clerk Mail

Subject: REVISED Letter to Council Members, March 2, 2024

Importance: High

Some people who received this message don't often get email from penny@bomgtwrks.com. Learn why this is important

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From: penny@bomgtwrks.com <penny@bomgtwrks.com>

Date: Friday, March 1, 2024 at 3:38 PM

To: Tania Flores <TFlores@LaQuintaCA.gov>

Subject: Letter to Council Members

TO: Mayor Linda Evans

Mayor Pro Tem John Pena

Councilmember Kathleen Fitzpatrick Councilmember Deborah McGarrey Councilmember Steve Sanchez

FR: Penny and Robert Boehm, La Quinta

RE: WRITTEN COMMENTS, Coral Mountain Development Project

We strongly support the Coral Mountain Project before you this evening. The current location which has remained undeveloped for many years has become a health hazard with dust and dirt flying about whenever the wind stirs. Other than the Coral Mountain itself, the area is unsightly.

The applicant has taken a huge financial risk with this property; this submittal meets your criteria and adheres to your current (but old) General Plan for La Quinta.

Please take the step below tonight to begin, what will become, a beautiful and new community in south La Quinta.

ADOPT RESOLUTIONS TO 1.) CERTIFY AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT FOR ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 (EA 2019-0010) AND 2.) APPROVE GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-1000, SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-0003, AND TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 2023-0005; INTRODUCE FOR FIRST READING ORDINANCES TO APPROVE 1.) ZONE CHANGE 2023-1000 AND 2.) DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT 2023-1000; FOR THE CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN PROJECT CONSISTING OF 750 RESIDENTIAL UNITS, A GOLF COURSE AND 60,000 SQUARE FEET OF RETAIL COMMERCIAL SPACE; CEQA: THE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT HAS DETERMINED THAT

ALTERNATIVE 2 OF PREVIOUSLY PREPARED ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT, EA 2019-0010, APPLIES TO THE PROPOSED PROJECT; LOCATION: SOUTH OF AVENUE 58, EAST AND WEST OF MADISON STREET.

Thank you.

Copy: City Attorney
City Manager

From: Alena Callimanis <acallimanis@gmail.com>

Sent: Tuesday, March 5, 2024 9:46 AM

To: Monika Radeva <mradeva@laquintaca.gov>; Cheri Flores <clflores@laquintaca.gov>

Subject:

Comments at the City Council Meeting / March 5, 2024

I was just forwarded this critical information that asks for a continuance for today's meeting. Please confirm if you have distributed/printed this for the Council so that I do not have to do it.

Thanks.

Alena Callimanis 919 606-6164

Begin forwarded message:

From: Judy Deertrack < judydeertrack@gmail.com>

Subject: Coral Mountain / Comments at the City Council Meeting / March 5, 2024

Date: March 5, 2024 at 8:51:21 AM PST

To: Alena Callimanis <a callimanis@gmail.com>

Reply-To: judydeertrack@gmail.com

Dear Alena,

As always, Oswit Land Trust is so grateful for public oversight on issues of great concern to the environment. Oswit Land Trust has been hard pressed for time because the city never filed an early Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies, Fish and Wildlife, on the Essential Habitat for Endangered and Threatened Species and Bighorn Sheep. This deprived us of early notice and an opportunity to ask the trustee agencies to intensify mitigation, particularly because we received very disturbing data from the Bighorn Institute about a precipitous death rate for the sheep on golf courses, particularly in the last three years.

Unfortunately, we have no staff available to speak tonight. We have forwarded our position papers and data to you below, however, and feel welcome to review and/or comment to the City Council on anything of interest. We are very sorry we were not able to get this to you sooner.

See Exhibits below.

Call if you like, my phone is 760 325 4290.

Judy Deertrack Deertrack Consulting, LLC Palm Springs, CA On Behalf of Oswit Land Trust

Phone: 760 325 4290

----- Forwarded message -----

From: James, Vincent P < vincent_james@fws.gov>

Date: Mon, Mar 4, 2024 at 1:28 PM

Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Request for Delay in Certification DEIR Coral Mtn / Need for

Recovery Unit (FWL)

To: Jarek Dallos <jarek@oswitlandtrust.org>, Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov

<Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov>, CESArecovery@wildlife.ca.gov

<CESArecovery@wildlife.ca.gov>, clflores@laquintaca.gov <clflores@laquintaca.gov>,

Planning@laquintaca.gov < Planning@laquintaca.gov >

Cc: Skaggs, Jacob@Wildlife < jacob.skaggs@wildlife.ca.gov>, Jane Garrison

<jane@oswitlandtrust.org>, Judy Deertrack < judydeertrack@gmail.com>, Brenda Fisher

<brenda@oswitlandtrust.org>, Joan Taylor <palmcanyon@mac.com>, Bighorn Institute

<bi@bighorninstitute.org>, Ronan, Noelle A <noelle_ronan@fws.gov>

Good Afternoon Jarek,

The USFWS has received this information. I have copied Noelle Ronan of my staff who will be working on this project. If you have any questions or comments for the USFWS, please reach out to Noelle. Thank you.

Cheers,

Vincent James (he/his/him) (why is this important)
Division Supervisor

Colorado Desert Division

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

777 East Tahquitz Canyon Way, Suite 208

Palm Springs, CA 92262 Work Cell: 760-333-4138 Office: 760-322-2070 x 415*

*Please note the best way to reach me is via email

From: Jarek Dallos < jarek@oswitlandtrust.org>

Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 12:56 PM

To: James, Vincent P < <u>vincent james@fws.gov</u>>; <u>Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov</u>

clflores@laquintaca.gov <clflores@laquintaca.gov>; Planning@laquintaca.gov

< Planning@laquintaca.gov>

Cc: Skaggs, Jacob@Wildlife <<u>jacob.skaggs@wildlife.ca.gov</u>>; Jane Garrison <<u>jane@oswitlandtrust.org</u>>; Judy Deertrack <<u>judydeertrack@gmail.com</u>>; Brenda Fisher <<u>brenda@oswitlandtrust.org</u>>; Joan Taylor <<u>palmcanyon@mac.com</u>>; Bighorn Institute <<u>bi@bighorninstitute.org</u>>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Request for Delay in Certification DEIR Coral Mtn / Need for Recovery Unit (FWL)

This email has been received from outside of DOI - Use caution before clicking on links, opening attachments, or responding.

Dear Vincent James, Heather Brashear, Cheri L. Flores. I am reaching out on behalf of Jane Garrison, Executive Director of Oswit Land Trust, to share with you a comment letter regarding:

RE: Request for Delay in Certification DEIR Coral Mtn / Need for Recovery Unit (FWL)

Cheri L. Flores, kindly please confirm receipt and distribute the attached letter to the City Council and the Planning Commission.

Thank you kindly.

Jarek Dallos

Oswit Land Trust
JAREK DALLOS | Executive Assistant
Email: jarek@OswitLandTrust.Org

Mayor Evans, City Council Members and Staff. My name is Alena Callimanis, La Quinta resident. Thank you for this opportunity to speak.

Any investor wanting to buy one million dollar plus homes as short term vacation rentals will want to be assured of their return on investment. We are in the middle of the desert where the summers can be brutal. We all know that Golf is probably a four letter word in the summer. You don't play afternoon golf in the desert. People won't be doing "wellness" activities outside. By the way, I took temperature checks at 5pm at Coral Mountain in September and the heat that was radiated from the mountains made the air temperature over 125 degrees.

So how are you going to ensure investors can have rental income during the summer?

As you may or may not know, Tim Rogers, of Tower Markets and The Thermal Club, was

involved with the original Coral Mountain proposal. Mr. Rogers, through Tower Real Estate Holding and Tower Energy Group, has over 250 acres of land along 62nd, roughly between 62nd and 61st and Jackson and Van Buren. It is over 250 acres of land.

This property is in Thermal, therefore outside the current La Quinta sphere of influence. If this is chosen as a potential location for the Wave Park, Riverside County would be involved in any approval processes. That would help expedite the approval process.

If this is a potential scenario, how could it impact today's documents you are looking to approve? Here a few ramifications:

- 1. Vehicle miles traveled "back and forth" would skyrocket, as STVR "guests" are shuttled back and forth.
- 2.Idling buses would significantly affect Green House Gases.
- 3. This would be an ideal venue to host a number of World Surf League competitions, other competitions and/or training at this site.

4. There could perhaps be a reciprocal golf and wave agreement for members of The Thermal Club to play Golf at Coral Mountain.

5.WSL "parties" would be held at Coral Mountain after a day of surfing, since that is where the surfers and guests would be residing.

All of the above, and perhaps just not limited to these, could potentially have significant impact on the residential areas around Coral Mountain.

There is no question that this scenario must be on the mind of the developers, otherwise they would not still be looking to build 750 STVRs at Coral Mountain.

It is understandable that they need to ensure Return on Investment to their investors over the summer.

Additionally, it would address the Mayor's Dream of a surf park in the area, perhaps eventually in the La Quinta annexation. At a minimum, it will drive TOT revenue for the City.

The impacts to the EIR, with full and complete disclosure of the Developer's plans for the site must be reevaluated and remodelled.

Additionally, we must have assurance that this

must take place in the event of sale of this property to a new Developer, as the Draft Developer Agreement allows for.

I respectfully ask Mayor Evans to PLEASE ask the question about the Developer's intentions to align with other recreational outlets, such as a Surf Park, so you can determine if there are things that must be included in the approval process for Coral Mountain.

By the way, CEQA does recommend about 150 pages in plain English for an Environmental Impact Report. Not over 800.

By the way, I have included on the last page of my document a copy of an email about a Coral Mountain Investor meeting. I wonder what they discussed?

Thank you very much.



Coral Mountain Preview& Investor Presentation

Please join Meriwether Companies, Michael Schwab, David McLay Kidd with DMK Golf Designs, and "Woody" Woodruff from Progressive Trail Design for a special investor preview on the evening of Wednesday, February 7th. Our vision for Coral Mountain is an evolved private residential community with exceptional golf, architecture and a focus on outdoor adventure, wellness, and racquet sports.

Details:

Appetizers and cocktails (casual attire) at <u>Griffin Club located at 3084 Motor Avenue, Los Angeles, CA.</u> Spouses and guests encouraged to attend. Valet parking provided.

From: Tania Flores

Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 7:57 AM

To: City Clerk Mail

Cc: Cheri Flores; Consulting Planner

Subject: FW: Coral mountain club meeting questions

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Please see public comment below.



Tania Flores, CMC | Administrative Technician Design & Development Department City of La Quinta 78495 Calle Tampico | La Quinta, CA 92253 Ph. (760) 777-7023

TFlores@LaQuintaCA.gov www.LaQuintaCA.gov

----Original Message-----

From: Margie Dupuis <midupuis@yahoo.com> Sent: Saturday, March 2, 2024 1:25 PM To: Tania Flores <tflores@laquintaca.gov> Subject: Coral mountain club meeting questions

I am writing for questions regarding the proposed Coral Mountain Club at 58 and Madison.

Questions:

Will the golf course be open to the public?
What is the price range for the homes being built?
Will the commercial neighborhood be open to the public?
On which street will the entrance be located to the residential community?
On which street will deliveries/service entrance be located?
Will the recreational lake be open to the public? and at what cost?

Thank you, Margie Dupuis Resident of La Quinta

Sent from my iPad

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM RESIDENT ROBERT LASSER PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - OPPOSED TO THE PROJECT

From: capezio44@san.rr.com

Sent: Thursday, February 29, 2024 10:58 AM

To: Linda Evans; John Pena; Kathleen Fitzpatrick; Steve Sanchez; Deborah McGarrey

Cc: Planning WebMail; Monika Radeva; Tania Flores

Subject: Resident Comments AGAINST The Club at Coral Mountain

Attachments: La Quinta City Council March 5, 2024.docx

Follow Up Flag: Follow up Flag Status: Flagged

Some people who received this message don't often get email from capezio44@san.rr.com. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Dear La Quinta City Leaders,

Please see my attached comments against the proposed development: The Club at Coral Mountain Thank you,

Robert Lasser 81401 Golden Poppy Way La Quinta CA 92253 capezio44@san.rr.com To: Mayor Evans and City Council Members - City of La Quinta

From: Robert Lasser - Resident, City of La Quinta

RE: Written Comments - Against The Club at Coral Mountain

Action Requested: Denial of The Project as Presented

February 28, 2024

Dear Mayor Evans and City Council Members,

My name is Robert Lasser, and I am a 16-year resident of the City of La Quinta.

I have read the 683-page proposal for **The Club at Coral Mountain** project. I have concluded, based on the information provided within the proposal, that the proposed project is **NOT** an upscale residential golf community development at all, but instead, is a tourist oriented, resort / entertainment/ recreational destination venue, to be comprised exclusively of 750 luxury Short Term Vacation Rentals (STVR's) disguised and presented to the community and City Council as just another "typical" residential golf community.

The proposal suggests the following:

- A needed variance on how the City of La Quinta allows STVR's. Why would a typical golf residential community need "special considerations" regarding already established rules about STVR's?
- The plan presents "Outdoor Recreational" facilities yet does not elaborate specifically on the type of outdoor uses proposed.
- The plan proposes a 10 acre "Recreational" Lake but does not discuss what type of recreational activities will take place in, on, or around the lake. Will outdoor lake activities on the 10-acre lake include things like the use of speed boats, jet skis or other high noise producing activities?
- Will recreational activities take place during the evening hours? If so, what type of lighting will be needed to illuminate the 10-acre lake, and what impact will the lighting have on the La Quinta "dark sky" and surrounding neighborhoods?
- The proposal mentions the need for moveable modular buildings, overflow parking lots, staging facilities, parking accommodations for over 300 employees, all to accommodate multi-day "events" and recreational "events". How many of the existing surrounding golf community neighborhoods share these same requirements and attributes? Answer: NONE!
- Are concerts or other noise producing entertainment "events" planned? How much noise and traffic will they create in this otherwise quiet, strictly residential area of La Quinta, and how often?

- What type of lighting, and what type of sound system will be needed to accommodate outdoor recreational events, concerts, and other entertainment venues?
- How often will they take place and until how late into the evening? How will this
 proposed project impact the "quiet enjoyment" of the surrounding residential
 communities?
- The project mentions the needed expansion of roadways leading to the site, along
 with the proposal to add many additional traffic lights, increased lanes in roundabouts, longer collector lanes allowing a greater quantity of traffic flow into the site.
 Why would all of these traffic mitigation measures be needed if this were just a
 "typical" up-scale residential golf community?
- The proposal on page 605 states that "noise levels will be identical to existing gated resort communities in the area". Really? How can this possibly be, and specifically which resort communities in the area are the developers referring to?

Based on the above information, this proposed community does not meet the requirements of the La Quinta 2035 General Plan and should not be approved as presented.

This project is NOT a comparable, compatible upscale residential golf community as the developer would like you to believe. It is instead a 100% STVR entertainment tourist complex that will host events attracting thousands of people to an otherwise quiet residential area.

- This proposed project will bring crowds, traffic, and noise on what could be an everyday occurrence, to an area that is now a quiet residential area, with no noise, no crowds, no traffic, no commercialism, and no light pollution.
- The 2035 La Quinta General Plan is designed specifically to prevent this very situation from happening!
- The General Plan is designed to preserve and protect the quality of life for La Quinta residents. Its goals, policies and programs are those of the people of La Quinta and are not intended to facilitate the agenda of any outside group, entity, or developer!

This project should be rejected as presented.

Thank you,

Robert Lasser

Golden Poppy Way

La Quinta

Good evening Mayor Evans, City Council. I reside in La Quinta. I am going to address why I believe we cannot just accept EIR option 2 and will need to readdress the issue of the draft environmental impact statement.

1) The water assessment is significantly higher than the prior water assessment. I believe there are issues with the water modeling as well.

If you look at the CVWD water assessment, it models a 10 acre recreation lake. It also models a 3 acre golf lake. If the 10 acre recreation lake is also used for irrigation, there will be even more water used.

2) CVWD has stopped replenishing Thomas E
Levy irrigation ponds. Since we are already
over allocating Colorado River water, there is a
significant concern that we are now again
dropping water levels in our aquifer without the
replenishment. I did not see that modeled
anywhere in the assessments. We must keep in
mind the Sustainable Groundwater
Management Act.

And Lake Mead is still far from full.

- 3) With 100% STVRs, the number of cars that will come to Coral Mountain is significantly increased. And they will be coming from outside the area. STVR. Obviously, it will be significantly more cars per STVR. So vehicle miles driven is far more which impacts green house gas emissions and also the traffic studies.
- 4) What about the special events proposed. That will bring more cars, buses, etc. That needs to be taken into consideration, for both green house gas emissions, vehicle miles traveled, and traffic studies. We do not want any buses idlying along Madison, 58th or 60th for the special events.
- 5) If you drive by Coral Mountain you will see that there has been a significant landslide. What is being done to protect Indian artifacts on the Mountain and to ensure they will be safe from construction vibration. I did not see construction vibration safety in the Tribal responses. We can't afford to destroy these precious artifacts that can be impacted by vibrations during construction.
- 6) We don't want the sand to be piled up and left in the development due to construction. It must be removed to preserve esthetics.

7

Good evening Mayor Evans, City Council Members and Staff. Thank you for your service to our community. My name is Lynne Marafino, La Quinta resident. I wish to address the following provisions found within the proposed Specific Plan Amendment for this new project, which is categorically inconsistent with the General Plan.

The current and existing Specific Plan 2003-037, Amendment No. 5 states that it is:

- 1) Compatible with zoning on surrounding properties, which also allows residential units and golf course uses, and
- 2) Suitable and appropriate for the subject property, as development is consistent with the east side of the Specific Plan area and will continue to build out as originally intended.

The first comment I would like to make is that the date that the original Specific Plan 03-067 was approved was December 16, 2003, twenty one years ago.

The South End of La Quinta looks far different now then in 2003, when SP 03-067 was approved. What are some of the new developments? Coral Mountain by Alta Verde, Santa Rosa Trails, Palo Verde, Stone Creek, Cantera, Santerra, Lion's Gate plus others that surround the Coral Mountain area.

Therefore, it cannot be said that allowing 100% STVRs in the proposed project is compatible with the zoning of the surrounding properties.

Andalusia does not allow STVRs. So you cannot say that the development is consistent with the east side of the Specific Plan area.

Yes, "first" and "former" SP 03-067 from 2003 does say STVRs is an allowable use. But no other proximal community is implementing STVRs, and certainly not 100% STVRs!

If you recall on September 21, 2022, when the City Council denied the original Coral Mountain Plan, here were some the General Plan sections cited as to why the project was denied:

Goal LU-1: Land Use compatibility throughout the City

Maintain consistency between the Land Use Map & Zoning Map

Policy LU-1.2 All land use decisions shall be consistent with all applicable General Plan policies and programs and shall uphold the rights and needs of property owners as well as those of the general public

GOAL LU-3 Safe and identifiable neighborhoods that provide a sense of place

Policy LU-3.1 Encourage the preservation of neighborhood character and assure a consistent and compatible land use pattern.

LU 3.1 Apply the City's discretionary power and site development review process consistently to assure that subdivision and development plans are compatible with existing residential areas

Up to 750 STVRs is not compatible with existing proximal residential areas.

Thank you very much.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM JANE GARRISON, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF OSWIT LAND TRUST PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - OPPOSED TO THE CERTIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 OF THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT EIR

From: Jarek Dallos < jarek@oswitlandtrust.org>

Sent: Friday, March 1, 2024 9:23 AM

To: Planning WebMail < Planning@laquintaca.gov>

Cc: Jane Garrison <jane@oswitlandtrust.org>; Brenda Fisher <bre>brenda@oswitlandtrust.org>; Judy Deertrack</bre>
<judydeertrack@gmail.com>; Joan Taylor <palmcanyon@mac.com>; Bighorn Institute <bi@bighorninstitute.org>; vincent_james@fws.gov <vincent_james@fws.gov>; Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov

<Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov>

Subject: Comment Letter - RE: CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE PROJECT AND DRAFT EIR / SCH #2021020310

Some people who received this message don't often get email from jarek@oswitlandtrust.org. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Dear Design and Development Department of the City of La Quinta.

I am reaching out on behalf of Jane Garrison, Executive Director of Oswit Land Trust, to share with you a comment letter regarding:

RE: CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE PROJECT AND DRAFT EIR / SCH #2021020310

Please confirm receipt and distribute the attached letter to the City Council and the Planning Commission.

Thank you.

Jarek Dallos

Oswit Land Trust
JAREK DALLOS | Executive Assistant

Email: jarek@OswitLandTrust.Org



February 29, 2024

Design and Development Department of the City of La Quinta

COMMENT LETTER

OSWIT LAND TRUST, 501 (c) (3)

RE: CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE PROJECT AND

DRAFT EIR / SCH #2021020310

CITY COUNCIL PUBLIC HEARING: MARCH 5, 2024

RE:

APPLICATION: ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT 2019-0010 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-1000 ZONE CHANGE 2023-1000, SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-0003 (SP2003-067, AMENDMENT V), TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 2023-0005 DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT 2023-1000

APPLICANT: CM WAVE DEVELOPMENT, LLC / CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE

LOCATION: SOUTH OF AVENUE 58, NORTH OF AVENUE 60, EAST AND WEST OF MADISON STREET

REQUEST: CONSIDER AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A ZONE CHANGE AND A RESOLUTION APPROVING A GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT TO AMEND THE CONFIGURATION OF GOLF COURSE AND LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL LANDS ON LANDS WEST OF MADISON STREET; SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT FOR THE ANDALUSIA SPECIFIC PLAN TO MODIFY ACREAGE FOR GOLF COURSE AND LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL AND DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR THE WEST SIDE OF MADISON STREET TO ALLOW 750 RESIDENTIAL UNITS, A GOLF COURSE AND 60,000 SQUARE FEET OF RETAIL COMMERCIAL SPACE (NO AMENDMENTS ARE PROPOSED FOR THAT PORTION OF THE SPECIFIC PLAN GOVERNING THE EAST SIDE OF MADISON STREET); TENTATIVE



TRACT MAP FOR FINANCING PURPOSES ONLY TO SUBDIVIDE 387± ACRES INTO 7 LOTS; AND AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT TO ESTABLISH THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEVELOPER.

CEQA: THE CITY HAS PREPARED THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (SCH #2021020310). THE CITY COUNCIL WILL CONSIDER CERTIFICATION OF THE EIR FOR ALTERNATIVE 2.

To Whom It May Concern:

Oswit Land Trust is a 501C3 non-profit land conservancy dedicated to preserving critical habitat for wildlife corridors and sensitive species. We achieve our goals through the acquisition of land and advocacy. We are a proud member of the Land Trust Alliance and have over 3,000 active members who are residents within the Coachella Valley and beyond.

Our organization wishes to thank the hard-working members of La Quinta Planning Department staff, Planning Commission, City Council, and other parties who have spent considerable time and effort to work towards a brisk economic future for the City of La Quinta. Likewise, we know the City of La Quinta is conscientious in maintaining the integrity of La Quinta viewsheds, surrounding wildlife (flora and fauna) and mountainous character at the periphery. It takes integrity and strength to find the delicate balance between thriving communities and sustainable environments. Thank you for your efforts.

HISTORY OF COMMENTS: Oswit Land Trust (OLT) placed comments on the record for the La Quinta Planning Commission (January 23, 2024) and voiced deep concerns about golf course impacts to Bighorn Sheep. Our comments questioned whether the city had achieved legal compliance with CEQA on notice and consultation with trustee agencies; and by extension, proper notice to citizens and organizations who monitor CEQANet and the **State Clearinghouse.** Our organization uses State Clearinghouse postings for information that allows meaningful comment on CEQA impacts posed by the Project, particularly on endangered or threatened species.

Oswit Land Trust would like the City to review whether a Draft EIR prepared under a **denied project** (the Wave Project), with the denial generating a **Notice of Exemption** from CEQA, can bypass a renewed **Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies** under the revised project. The city has indicated the Wave Park Draft EIR is usable because **Alternative 2** was previously assessed, and Alternative 2 anticipated a golf course. However, Alternative 2 was not a primary focus of the previous assessment and did not review or anticipate the high death rate that has occurred in the last three years with the loss of 25 additional sheep out of a loss of 60 sheep since 2012 (total sheep population of 151 in the herd). — See data submitted by Bighorn Institute.

The City of La Quinta may anticipate that these additional deaths can be cured by a fencing plan. However, state law is very clear (discussed herein) that the trustee agencies are the parties charged with conducting



the appropriate mitigation approach and introducing it to the City. There has been new legislation giving additional jurisdiction and powers to California Department of Fish and Wildlife over Recovery Plans for

California Endangered Species Act, or CESA (SB 473 - 2018) since the assessment of the Wave Park, which started in 2019. These Recovery Plans are used with rapidly declining species populations.

The decline in herd population (60 deaths since 2012 in a herd of 151) is of particular concern with a revised project description of a golf course instead of a wave park, where a golf course is *far more* of a threat and an attractive nuisance to sheep. Golf course deaths have also been the primary cause of a high and unsustainable death rate for the herd. Even if the city feels the fencing will mitigate future deaths – those deaths are a reality now. The damage has occurred, and mitigation of the impacts of herd loss may require more innovation than was anticipated in the 2019 – 2021 trustee consultation process.

Upon reviewing the **Notice of Public Hearing** for the January 23rd Planning Commission, we contacted **US Fish and Wildlife** and **California Department of Fish and Wildlife** several days before the hearing to discover that neither trustee agency was aware of the new project. Nor had either agency been notified, because a **Notice of Preparation** had never been filed to initiate agency consultation, as required under CEQA California Code of Regulations 15082.

The following comments expand at more length on the issues mentioned above:

GOLF COURSES (ATTRACTIVE NUISANCE): The "Wave" Project had a commercial water feature with aggressive noise and lighting planned on the land area west of Madison Avenue (those factors are why it was denied), and the natural tendency of a "water park" would <u>repel</u> sheep. A golf course as the alternative for this land area is just the opposite — an "attractive nuisance" to Bighorn Sheep because they forage for food and are attracted to the open space and quiet ponds. To say that the Wildlife Agency review from "The Wave Project" is adequate for a golf course evaluation is deeply flawed. Add the disturbing (continuing) sharp decline of population on golf courses in La Quinta (2021-2023), and "consultation" looks flawed, even if Alternative 2 was assessed in the Wave Project Draft EIR. California case law has commented that different EIR alternatives receive widely different levels of scrutiny. Alternative 2 was not the original "recommended project alternative" from the Wave Project.

CONSULTATION WITH TRUSTEE AGENCIES AFFECTED: If the city had filed a Notice of Preparation and Bighorn Institute's "death rate" information had found early inclusion during the trustee agency "consultation process," it is quite possible that public nonprofits and/or citizens would have had the opportunity to submit the "death rate" data to USFWL and CDFWL and request consideration of whether a "Recovery Plan" (with its attendant mitigation requirements) is appropriate for Coral Mountain, prior to final consideration of mitigation under the Draft EIR. City Council consideration of certification of the Draft EIR is set for March 5, 2024.



NOE MISLED THE PUBLIC AND AGENCIES: The failure to post the Notice of Preparation (especially after filing a Notice of Exemption on the Coral Mountain Wave Project) misled the public and agencies into relying upon the NOP as expected and proper notification of ongoing environmental review for this land area.

FAILURE TO NOTIFY TRUSTEES: USFWL AND CDFWL were contacted by Oswit Land Trust two days before the Planning Commission hearing on January 23, 2024, for Coral Mountain, and on that date, neither agency was aware of a new filing, and had never been notified by the city and/or developer. Their last input into impacts on this land area (for the different "Wave" project) was prior to the documented deaths of 25 additional Bighorn Sheep (2021-2023) on or near golf courses in La Quinta out of a total area population of 151 Peninsular Bighorn Sheep (PBS).

CITY HAS FAILED TO CONSULT WITH TRUSTEE AGENCIES AND ALLOW FULL AND UPDATED REVIEW: Consultation with trustee agencies is required under the criteria of California Code of Regulations 15082 (NOP). The Notice of Preparation is the mechanism for notice, consultation, and review. An NOP was not filed for the Coral Mountain "Golf Course Project" set for hearing by City Council March 5, 2024.

OLT's concern is that the previous environmental review for the "Wave Park" was never certified, so this is NOT a modification of a previously approved project. The Wave project was denied, the project has now changed to a golf course, which is an "attractive nuisance" for Bighorn Sheep (note the "death rate" statistics submitted by the Bighorn Institute at golf course locations), and OLT can find no CEQA mechanism that allows the "consultation" process with Trustee Agencies to be carried forward without a Notice of Preparation for the project, which now has a golf course replacing the wave park. Again, we assert that the previous assessment in the Wave Park for Alternative 2 did not have sufficient detail or new information about sheep deaths.

OLT is aware that Moss v. Humbolt (California Court of Appeal 2008) partially waived requirements for a Supplemental EIR for an expired Tentative Tract Map but did allow the prior environmental document to be used, even though it was an expired permit (however, it was an approved permit). The court was explicit that CEQA is not triggered by changes in permits, but is triggered by "the activity undertaken, not the individual governmental approvals considered." Even with this, commentators on this case pointed out Moss v. Humboldt (1) was an approved project; (2) was the "resubmittal of an identical project application" (with no changes); (3) and findings would have been required to show a Subsequent, Supplemental, or Addendum to a DEIR was not required from changed circumstances or new substantial evidence. The Coral Mountain Draft EIR re-introduced into this new project (original Alternative 2) contains none of these factors.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REQUIRED OF TRUSTEE AGENCIES: Under CCR 15082, the Notice of Preparation provides trustee agencies with the Project Description, Project Location, and describes the probable environmental effects so that they can appropriately respond. A lead agency cannot anticipate the



response of the agency and make their own determination whether project modifications pose "significant environmental impacts" or whether "changes in conditions" have occurred in the past three years since project denial of the "Wave."

CONSULTATION REQUIREMENTS (OPR TECHNICAL ADVISORY): Trustee Agency Consultation Requirements — "Lead agencies are required to consult with State responsible and trustee agencies before deciding whether a project's impacts are significant. This means that responsible and trustee agencies must be consulted prior to determining what type of CEQA document to prepare. Lead agencies should not confuse determining whether there is a State responsible or trustee agency with determining whether a project may have a significant impact; these are two separate and independent activities. A lead agency should not independently conclude whether impacts to natural resources are significant without first consulting with appropriate trustee agencies. [emphasis added]

All lead agencies should be aware of changes that may also occur regarding the status of responsible and trustee agencies. These changes could include a Species Act (e.g., CESA), local tree protection ordinances, or other laws that affect listed species.

Once a DEIR or Neg Dec (or other environmental document) has been prepared, the lead agency must make the document available to the State responsible and trustee agencies through the SCH process."The SCH can assist lead agencies to determine whether any State responsible or trustee agencies are involved in a project."

OLT feels the above language from the Governor's Office of Planning and Research shows how critical early and immediate involvement in the CEQA decisions are with trustee agencies. OLT does not recognize the re-use of earlier environmental information from a DENIED PROJECT under any CEQA statute, whether it be a Recirculated Draft EIR, A Subsequent EIR, Supplemental EIR or Addendum to an EIR. This Draft EIR has not arisen from an expired tentative tract map permit or anything akin to that.

Accordingly, given the change from a "Wave Project" to a "Golf Course" and the significant changes the new project poses as an "attractive nuisance" to endangered Bighorn Sheep, combined with a devastating recent loss of herd population at an unsustainable level — our plea is for the City to please not innovate or insist on recirculating a draft EIR on a previously denied and significantly changed project where the law does not clearly support doing so. The risk is too great.

A federally endangered species is involved. Bighorn Sheep are one of the extraordinary tourist attractions and "treasured natural resources" the Coachella Valley is so proud to share. We believe everyone profits from their protection, through both economic development objectives and environmental objectives — they are one and the same. Please do not independently determine outside of review with the trustee agency what the city believes will work for the species in this new and changed project proposal. Full perimeter fencing mitigation (assuming it has been imposed) at this point is only a "guess" from the City



on what is effective with the golf course. What is unclear from 2021, is whether and to what extent the trustee agencies considered the real impacts of a golf course with the herd, and whether mitigation was designed for the Wave Park, or for the golf course.

RECOVERY UNITS FOR ENDANGERED SPECIES: US Fish and Wildlife operates under Recovery Plans and designates "Recovery Units" for Essential Habitat Areas and areas with special needs, including problematic "decline in population" and habitat challenges. In 2018, a new state law (SB 473) extended jurisdiction to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFWL) to develop recovery plans for species listed under the California Endangered Species Act (CESA). Fish and Game Code Section 2079.1. This includes site-specific management actions necessary for recovery of the endangered species. This change is so recent, the department is still in the process of implementing its regulations and coordinating with US Fish and Wildlife for joint jurisdiction of Recovery Plan areas.

These jurisdictional changes (and their implementation) have largely occurred subsequent to the Coral Mountain "Wave Project" which began review in 2019, at the point consultation began with CDFWL. This is a "change in regulatory environment" that may impact the options for mitigation under the Bighorn Sheep Protection in the Biological Section of the Draft EIR.

CONSEQUENCES OF BYPASSING A REQUIRED NOP: "If lead agencies do not comply with CEQA's procedural requirements for filing with the SCH, this can needlessly delay a project's review and approval process. In certain circumstances, the error may also provide the basis for a CEQA lawsuit challenging the project." Technical Advisory, Submitting CEQA Documents to the State Clearinghouse Under AB 819, Governor's Office of Planning and Research

CONCLUSION: Oswit Land Trust is deeply concerned with the sustainability of the Bighorn Sheep population within the "Essential Habitat Area," particularly with the alarming and escalating death rate. OLT feels a general expectation exists that the death rate will abate once the area fencing plan is in effect. CEQA allows no such expectation. OLT is not aware of whether proposed mitigation includes "full perimeter fencing." The Draft EIR appears to exclude BIO 7-11 (full fencing mitigation) for Alternative 2. Upon inquiry, Nicole Criste indicated the cure for this deficiency is within the Final EIR. OLT could not access the Final EIR through the link, which did not appear to work. We do not know if the problems are corrected or if mitigation is fully effective.

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OLT hopes the city will consider a Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies, so that full mitigation suggestions from the nonprofits and public can be submitted to the trustee agencies, and time gained to consider a full range of mitigation — not from the public perspective or the city's perspective, but from that of the trustee agencies using their jurisdictional powers and expertise — and all options. We do not feel this important result has been achieved because the Draft EIR from the "Wave Project" was



improperly used in lieu of agency notice of the new proposed golf course – and truncated review of the golf course option.

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Thank you for your kind consideration of the public comments from Oswit Land Trust.

With regard,

Sincerely,

Jane Garrison,

Executive Director Oswit Land Trust

Jan De

Cc:

Vincent James, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)
Heather Brashear, California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)
Aimee J. Byard, Bighorn Institute
Joan Taylor, Sierra Club
Jane Garrison, Oswit Land Trust
Brenda Fisher, Oswit Land Trust
Judy Deertrack, Deertrack Consulting, LLC

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM JANE GARRISON, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF OSWIT LAND TRUST PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - OPPOSED TO THE CERTIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 OF THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT EIR

From: Jarek Dallos <jarek@oswitlandtrust.org>

Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 12:57 PM

To: vincent_james@fws.gov; Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov; CESArecovery@wildlife.ca.gov; Cheri Flores

<clflores@laquintaca.gov>; Planning WebMail <Planning@laquintaca.gov>

Cc: jacob.skaggs@wildlife.ca.gov; Jane Garrison < jane@oswitlandtrust.org>; Judy Deertrack

<judydeertrack@gmail.com>; Brenda Fisher <brenda@oswitlandtrust.org>; Joan Taylor <palmcanyon@mac.com>;

Bighorn Institute <bi@bighorninstitute.org>

Subject: Request for Delay in Certification DEIR Coral Mtn / Need for Recovery Unit (FWL)

Some people who received this message don't often get email from jarek@oswitlandtrust.org. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Dear Vincent James, Heather Brashear, Cheri L. Flores.

I am reaching out on behalf of Jane Garrison, Executive Director of Oswit Land Trust, to share with you a comment letter regarding:

RE: Request for Delay in Certification DEIR Coral Mtn / Need for Recovery Unit (FWL)

Cheri L. Flores, kindly please confirm receipt and distribute the attached letter to the City Council and the Planning Commission.

Thank you kindly.

Jarek Dallos

JAREK DALLOS | Executive Assistant

Email: jarek@OswitLandTrust.Org



March 4, 2024

Vincent James

Division Supervisor
Colorado Desert Division
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
777 East Tahquitz Canyon Way, Suite 208

Palm Springs, CA 92262 Work Cell: 760-333-4138 Office: 760-322-2070 x 415 Cc: Jacob Skaggs, USFWL vincent james@fws.gov jacob.skaggs@wildlife.ca.gov

Heather Brashear

Senior Environmental Scientist (Supervisor)
California Department of Fish and Wildlife
Inland Deserts Region | Habitat Conservation Program
3602 Inland Empire Blvd, Suite C-220, Ontario, CA 91764

Cell: 909-239-0755 Alternate: 909/484-0167

<u>Heather.Brashear@wildlife.ca.gov</u> <u>CESArecovery@wildlife.ca.gov</u>

Cheri L. Flores

Planning Manager
City of La Quinta
78495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253
Ph. 760-777-7067
clflores@laquintaca.gov
Planning@LaQuintaCA.gov

Re: Club at Coral Mountain / Public Hearing before City Council to Certify the Draft EIR – March 5, 2024 (City of La Quinta) / Adjacent to Essential Habitat Plan Area / Request for Stay and Continuance of Hearing on Project Consideration and Certification of the Draft EIR / Request for Consideration by USFWL and CDFWL on whether the adjacent Essential Habitat Plan Area should be included in a Recovery Unit for the Endangered and Threatened Bighorn Sheep, based upon recent data submitted on critical decline in species (PBS) submitted in the Draft EIR commentary. Request to stay DEIR certification until determination by Trustee Agencies on federal / state action required to protect the species from further decline, including DEIR Mitigation.



To Whom It May Concern:

Oswit Land Trust is a 501C3 non-profit land conservancy dedicated to preserving critical habitat for wildlife corridors and sensitive species. We achieve our goals through the acquisition of land and advocacy. We are a proud member of the Land Trust Alliance and have over 3,000 active members who are residents within the Coachella Valley and beyond.

Oswit Land Trust is asking the City of La Quinta and the Trustee Agencies under the Draft EIR review for Club at Coral Mountain, to consider the comments on file by Bighorn Institute, Oswit Land Trust, and Sierra Club that shows a precipitous decline in Bighorn Sheep population within the Essential Habitat Area adjacent to the Club at Coral Mountain project. The level of decline from deaths on or near golf courses appears, in and of itself as a singular cause of death (not counting other causes), to be sufficient to lead to extinction of the sheep in this area over time unless corrected. We feel that the City of La Quinta may have concluded that eventual full perimeter fencing can correct these deaths, but the cause and cure may be far more complex. Oswit Land Trust has reviewed the law on CEQA, and the determination of cause and correction for this type of precipitous death rate should come directly from current and updated review by Trustee Agencies, and not from other parties. The determination of threat and potential mitigation is assigned by law to the trustee agencies.

That review has not occurred, and the singular cause for that failure is the absence of a Notice of Preparation for the Draft EIR under a new project that was filed and considered in the year 2024, wherein a golf course was substituted for a Wave Park. As our earlier comments have stressed, the "attractive nuisance" of a golf course is much higher than for the light and noise of a Wave Park, which may repel rather than attract sheep. Our comments has stressed that we can find no California laws that allow for re-initiation of documentation submitted on an earlier project that was denied without certification of the environmental data gathered on the earlier project. This is true even if "Alternative 2" in that earlier review was submitted. The review of environmental alternatives (not selected) can differ in intensity and thoroughness. In the absence of certainty of the legal consequences, because this outcome involves endangered and threatened species, we ask the parties to err on the side of caution and allow full and current trustee review.

Our concern is that full assessment has not occurred, particularly changes that have occurred in the last 2-3 years, since the proposed mitigation plan was submitted by Trustee Agencies. We also have conferred with the Trustee Agencies and found that the adjacent Essential Habitat Area may be a candidate for review as a "Recovery Unit" because of this change in species population, and the continuing threats of the "primary cause of death," or proliferation of golf courses and high-end commercial uses immediately adjacent to conservation lands (with no buffer concept).

Our request is for the City of La Quinta to (1) continue the hearing for certification of the Draft EIR; (2) file the required Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies to properly begin the public review of impacts; (3) combined with a request to the Trustee Agencies, CDFWL and USFWL, to join forces and determine



whether this area is appropriate for designation as a **Recovery Unit**, and whether review, consultation, and conclusions should be considered for the mitigation required for the Club at Coral Mountain.

Thank you

Sincerely,

Jane Garrison,

Executive Director Oswit Land Trust

Jan De

ATTACHMENTS:

EXHIBIT A Comment Letter Oswit Land Trust Club at Coral Mountain (LQ) Feb 29, 2024

EXHIBIT B_USFWL Species Status Assessment Framework (Recovery Unit)

EXHIBIT C_Comment Letter_Bighorn Institute_Club at Coral Mountain (LQ)_Feb 29, 2024

EXHIBIT D_Comment Letter_Sierra Club_Coral Mountain (LQ)_March 5, 2024

EXHIBIT E_Comment Letter_Bighorn Institute_Coral Mountain (LQ)_August 3, 2021

EXHIBIT F_Comment Letter_Oswit Land Trust_Travertine DEIR (LQ)_Dec 11, 2023



February 29, 2024

Design and Development Department of the City of La Quinta

COMMENT LETTER

OSWIT LAND TRUST, 501 (c) (3)

RE: CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE PROJECT AND

DRAFT EIR / SCH #2021020310

CITY COUNCIL PUBLIC HEARING: MARCH 5, 2024

RE:

APPLICATION: ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT 2019-0010 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-1000 ZONE CHANGE 2023-1000, SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT 2023-0003 (SP2003-067, AMENDMENT V), TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 2023-0005 DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT 2023-1000

APPLICANT: CM WAVE DEVELOPMENT, LLC / CORAL MOUNTAIN GOLF COURSE

LOCATION: SOUTH OF AVENUE 58, NORTH OF AVENUE 60, EAST AND WEST OF MADISON STREET

REQUEST: CONSIDER AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A ZONE CHANGE AND A RESOLUTION APPROVING A GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT TO AMEND THE CONFIGURATION OF GOLF COURSE AND LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL LANDS ON LANDS WEST OF MADISON STREET; SPECIFIC PLAN AMENDMENT FOR THE ANDALUSIA SPECIFIC PLAN TO MODIFY ACREAGE FOR GOLF COURSE AND LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL AND DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR THE WEST SIDE OF MADISON STREET TO ALLOW 750 RESIDENTIAL UNITS, A GOLF COURSE AND 60,000 SQUARE FEET OF RETAIL COMMERCIAL SPACE (NO AMENDMENTS ARE PROPOSED FOR THAT PORTION OF THE SPECIFIC PLAN GOVERNING THE EAST SIDE OF MADISON STREET); TENTATIVE



TRACT MAP FOR FINANCING PURPOSES ONLY TO SUBDIVIDE 387± ACRES INTO 7 LOTS; AND AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT TO ESTABLISH THE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DEVELOPER.

CEQA: THE CITY HAS PREPARED THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (SCH #2021020310). THE CITY COUNCIL WILL CONSIDER CERTIFICATION OF THE EIR FOR ALTERNATIVE 2.

To Whom It May Concern:

Oswit Land Trust is a 501C3 non-profit land conservancy dedicated to preserving critical habitat for wildlife corridors and sensitive species. We achieve our goals through the acquisition of land and advocacy. We are a proud member of the Land Trust Alliance and have over 3,000 active members who are residents within the Coachella Valley and beyond.

Our organization wishes to thank the hard-working members of La Quinta Planning Department staff, Planning Commission, City Council, and other parties who have spent considerable time and effort to work towards a brisk economic future for the City of La Quinta. Likewise, we know the City of La Quinta is conscientious in maintaining the integrity of La Quinta viewsheds, surrounding wildlife (flora and fauna) and mountainous character at the periphery. It takes integrity and strength to find the delicate balance between thriving communities and sustainable environments. Thank you for your efforts.

HISTORY OF COMMENTS: Oswit Land Trust (OLT) placed comments on the record for the La Quinta Planning Commission (January 23, 2024) and voiced deep concerns about golf course impacts to Bighorn Sheep. Our comments questioned whether the city had achieved legal compliance with CEQA on notice and consultation with trustee agencies; and by extension, proper notice to citizens and organizations who monitor CEQANet and the **State Clearinghouse.** Our organization uses State Clearinghouse postings for information that allows meaningful comment on CEQA impacts posed by the Project, particularly on endangered or threatened species.

Oswit Land Trust would like the City to review whether a Draft EIR prepared under a **denied project** (the Wave Project), with the denial generating a **Notice of Exemption** from CEQA, can bypass a renewed **Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies** under the revised project. The city has indicated the Wave Park Draft EIR is usable because **Alternative 2** was previously assessed, and Alternative 2 anticipated a golf course. However, Alternative 2 was not a primary focus of the previous assessment and did not review or anticipate the high death rate that has occurred in the last three years with the loss of 25 additional sheep out of a loss of 60 sheep since 2012 (total sheep population of 151 in the herd). — See data submitted by Bighorn Institute.

The City of La Quinta may anticipate that these additional deaths can be cured by a fencing plan. However, state law is very clear (discussed herein) that the trustee agencies are the parties charged with conducting



the appropriate mitigation approach and introducing it to the City. There has been new legislation giving additional jurisdiction and powers to California Department of Fish and Wildlife over Recovery Plans for

California Endangered Species Act, or CESA (SB 473 - 2018) since the assessment of the Wave Park, which started in 2019. These Recovery Plans are used with rapidly declining species populations.

The decline in herd population (60 deaths since 2012 in a herd of 151) is of particular concern with a revised project description of a golf course instead of a wave park, where a golf course is *far more* of a threat and an attractive nuisance to sheep. Golf course deaths have also been the primary cause of a high and unsustainable death rate for the herd. Even if the city feels the fencing will mitigate future deaths – those deaths are a reality now. The damage has occurred, and mitigation of the impacts of herd loss may require more innovation than was anticipated in the 2019 – 2021 trustee consultation process.

Upon reviewing the **Notice of Public Hearing** for the January 23rd Planning Commission, we contacted **US Fish and Wildlife** and **California Department of Fish and Wildlife** several days before the hearing to discover that neither trustee agency was aware of the new project. Nor had either agency been notified, because a **Notice of Preparation** had never been filed to initiate agency consultation, as required under CEQA California Code of Regulations 15082.

The following comments expand at more length on the issues mentioned above:

GOLF COURSES (ATTRACTIVE NUISANCE): The "Wave" Project had a commercial water feature with aggressive noise and lighting planned on the land area west of Madison Avenue (those factors are why it was denied), and the natural tendency of a "water park" would <u>repel</u> sheep. A golf course as the alternative for this land area is just the opposite — an "attractive nuisance" to Bighorn Sheep because they forage for food and are attracted to the open space and quiet ponds. To say that the Wildlife Agency review from "The Wave Project" is adequate for a golf course evaluation is deeply flawed. Add the disturbing (continuing) sharp decline of population on golf courses in La Quinta (2021-2023), and "consultation" looks flawed, even if Alternative 2 was assessed in the Wave Project Draft EIR. California case law has commented that different EIR alternatives receive widely different levels of scrutiny. Alternative 2 was not the original "recommended project alternative" from the Wave Project.

CONSULTATION WITH TRUSTEE AGENCIES AFFECTED: If the city had filed a Notice of Preparation and Bighorn Institute's "death rate" information had found early inclusion during the trustee agency "consultation process," it is quite possible that public nonprofits and/or citizens would have had the opportunity to submit the "death rate" data to USFWL and CDFWL and request consideration of whether a "Recovery Plan" (with its attendant mitigation requirements) is appropriate for Coral Mountain, prior to final consideration of mitigation under the Draft EIR. City Council consideration of certification of the Draft EIR is set for March 5, 2024.



NOE MISLED THE PUBLIC AND AGENCIES: The failure to post the Notice of Preparation (especially after filing a Notice of Exemption on the Coral Mountain Wave Project) misled the public and agencies into relying upon the NOP as expected and proper notification of ongoing environmental review for this land area.

FAILURE TO NOTIFY TRUSTEES: USFWL AND CDFWL were contacted by Oswit Land Trust two days before the Planning Commission hearing on January 23, 2024, for Coral Mountain, and on that date, neither agency was aware of a new filing, and had never been notified by the city and/or developer. Their last input into impacts on this land area (for the different "Wave" project) was prior to the documented deaths of 25 additional Bighorn Sheep (2021-2023) on or near golf courses in La Quinta out of a total area population of 151 Peninsular Bighorn Sheep (PBS).

CITY HAS FAILED TO CONSULT WITH TRUSTEE AGENCIES AND ALLOW FULL AND UPDATED REVIEW: Consultation with trustee agencies is required under the criteria of California Code of Regulations 15082 (NOP). The Notice of Preparation is the mechanism for notice, consultation, and review. An NOP was not filed for the Coral Mountain "Golf Course Project" set for hearing by City Council March 5, 2024.

OLT's concern is that the previous environmental review for the "Wave Park" was never certified, so this is NOT a modification of a previously approved project. The Wave project was denied, the project has now changed to a golf course, which is an "attractive nuisance" for Bighorn Sheep (note the "death rate" statistics submitted by the Bighorn Institute at golf course locations), and OLT can find no CEQA mechanism that allows the "consultation" process with Trustee Agencies to be carried forward without a Notice of Preparation for the project, which now has a golf course replacing the wave park. Again, we assert that the previous assessment in the Wave Park for Alternative 2 did not have sufficient detail or new information about sheep deaths.

OLT is aware that Moss v. Humbolt (California Court of Appeal 2008) partially waived requirements for a Supplemental EIR for an expired Tentative Tract Map but did allow the prior environmental document to be used, even though it was an expired permit (however, it was an approved permit). The court was explicit that CEQA is not triggered by changes in permits, but is triggered by "the activity undertaken, not the individual governmental approvals considered." Even with this, commentators on this case pointed out Moss v. Humboldt (1) was an approved project; (2) was the "resubmittal of an identical project application" (with no changes); (3) and findings would have been required to show a Subsequent, Supplemental, or Addendum to a DEIR was not required from changed circumstances or new substantial evidence. The Coral Mountain Draft EIR re-introduced into this new project (original Alternative 2) contains none of these factors.

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REQUIRED OF TRUSTEE AGENCIES: Under CCR 15082, the Notice of Preparation provides trustee agencies with the Project Description, Project Location, and describes the probable environmental effects so that they can appropriately respond. A lead agency cannot anticipate the



response of the agency and make their own determination whether project modifications pose "significant environmental impacts" or whether "changes in conditions" have occurred in the past three years since project denial of the "Wave."

CONSULTATION REQUIREMENTS (OPR TECHNICAL ADVISORY): Trustee Agency Consultation Requirements — "Lead agencies are required to consult with State responsible and trustee agencies before deciding whether a project's impacts are significant. This means that responsible and trustee agencies must be consulted prior to determining what type of CEQA document to prepare. Lead agencies should not confuse determining whether there is a State responsible or trustee agency with determining whether a project may have a significant impact; these are two separate and independent activities. A lead agency should not independently conclude whether impacts to natural resources are significant without first consulting with appropriate trustee agencies. [emphasis added]

All lead agencies should be aware of changes that may also occur regarding the status of responsible and trustee agencies. These changes could include a Species Act (e.g., CESA), local tree protection ordinances, or other laws that affect listed species.

Once a DEIR or Neg Dec (or other environmental document) has been prepared, the lead agency must make the document available to the State responsible and trustee agencies through the SCH process."The SCH can assist lead agencies to determine whether any State responsible or trustee agencies are involved in a project."

OLT feels the above language from the Governor's Office of Planning and Research shows how critical early and immediate involvement in the CEQA decisions are with trustee agencies. OLT does not recognize the re-use of earlier environmental information from a DENIED PROJECT under any CEQA statute, whether it be a Recirculated Draft EIR, A Subsequent EIR, Supplemental EIR or Addendum to an EIR. This Draft EIR has not arisen from an expired tentative tract map permit or anything akin to that.

Accordingly, given the change from a "Wave Project" to a "Golf Course" and the significant changes the new project poses as an "attractive nuisance" to endangered Bighorn Sheep, combined with a devastating recent loss of herd population at an unsustainable level — our plea is for the City to please not innovate or insist on recirculating a draft EIR on a previously denied and significantly changed project where the law does not clearly support doing so. The risk is too great.

A federally endangered species is involved. Bighorn Sheep are one of the extraordinary tourist attractions and "treasured natural resources" the Coachella Valley is so proud to share. We believe everyone profits from their protection, through both economic development objectives and environmental objectives — they are one and the same. Please do not independently determine outside of review with the trustee agency what the city believes will work for the species in this new and changed project proposal. Full perimeter fencing mitigation (assuming it has been imposed) at this point is only a "guess" from the City



on what is effective with the golf course. What is unclear from 2021, is whether and to what extent the trustee agencies considered the real impacts of a golf course with the herd, and whether mitigation was designed for the Wave Park, or for the golf course.

RECOVERY UNITS FOR ENDANGERED SPECIES: US Fish and Wildlife operates under Recovery Plans and designates "Recovery Units" for Essential Habitat Areas and areas with special needs, including problematic "decline in population" and habitat challenges. In 2018, a new state law (SB 473) extended jurisdiction to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFWL) to develop recovery plans for species listed under the California Endangered Species Act (CESA). Fish and Game Code Section 2079.1. This includes site-specific management actions necessary for recovery of the endangered species. This change is so recent, the department is still in the process of implementing its regulations and coordinating with US Fish and Wildlife for joint jurisdiction of Recovery Plan areas.

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improperly used in lieu of agency notice of the new proposed golf course – and truncated review of the golf course option.

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Sincerely,

Jane Garrison,

Executive Director Oswit Land Trust

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Aimee J. Byard, Bighorn Institute
Joan Taylor, Sierra Club
Jane Garrison, Oswit Land Trust
Brenda Fisher, Oswit Land Trust
Judy Deertrack, Deertrack Consulting, LLC

USFWS Species Status Assessment Framework

August

2016

Version 3.4

The US Fish and Wildlife Service is using an integrated and conservation-focused analytical approach, the Species Status Assessment Framework, to assess the species biological status for the purpose of informing decisions and activities under the Endangered Species Act.

USFWS Species Status Assessment Framework

An Integrated Analytical Framework for Conservation

Citing the SSA Framework document:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2016. USFWS Species Status Assessment Framework: an integrated analytical framework for conservation. Version 3.4 dated August 2016.

Contributors to this Version of the SSA Framework include members of the 2016 Framework Implementation Team.

2016 SSA Framework Implementation Team

FWS Region		FWS Region	
1	Steven Morey	8	Bjorn Erickson
1	Mikki Collins	8	Cat Darst
2	Nathan Allan	HQ	Heather Bell
2	Susan Oetker	HQ	Debby Crouse
2	Nicole Athearn	HQ	Tara Nicolaysen
3	Jennifer Szymanski	HQ	Karen Anderson
3	Laura Ragan	HQ	Carey Galst
4	Erin Rivenbark	HQ	Beth Forbus
4	Angela Romito	HQ	Jeff Newman
4	Sean Bloomquist	HQ	Janice Engle
5	Mary Parkin	NCTC	Frank Muth
5	Gregory Breese	USGS	
6	Craig Hansen	Alabama Coop Unit	Conor McGowan
6	Justin Shoemaker	Leetown Science Center	David Smith
6	Joseph Skorupa	Patuxent Wildlife Research Center	Jonathan Cummings
7	Drew Crane		

Summary of version updates

The changes from version 3.3 (October 2015) and 3.4 (August 2016) are minor and do not change the SSA Framework or the implementation of the SSA Framework. Only one change was made:

I. The reference to the decision context white paper has been removed.

August 2016

Executive Summary

The SSA Framework is an analytical approach developed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) to deliver foundational science for informing all Endangered Species Act (ESA) decisions. An SSA requires integration of comprehensive project planning; clear roles and responsibilities; early identification of decision context and resolution of issues and concerns; rigorous scientific assessment; and separation of the science and the recommendation steps. The result will be better assessments, improved and more transparent and defensible decision making, clearer and more concise documents, less rewriting at multiple review stages, and fewer "redos" resulting from legal challenges.

This document lays out the basic concepts in the Species Status Assessment (SSA) Framework and the minimum requirements for an SSA. It is one of many support tools for implementing our new approach for assessing the biological status of species. Other tools include a team of trained regional staff (the SSA Framework Implementation Team or "FIT") to assist field and regional staff with implementing an SSA and a SSA Google Site for Staff (https://sites.google.com/a/fws.gov/ssa/)that offers details on the SSA Framework, training, tools and completed examples.

Ideally, the SSA is conducted at or prior to the candidate assessment or 12-month finding stage, but can be initiated at any time. The SSA is designed to "follow the species" in the sense that the information on the biological status is available for conservation use and can be updated with new information. Thus, the SSA provides a single source for species' biological information needed for all ESA decisions (e.g., listing, consultations, grant allocations, permitting, HCPs, and recovery planning). The biological analysis and the resulting stand-alone science-focused assessment allow for State and partner engagement in the science used to base ESA decisions. Early identification of what most influence the species' condition affords timely opportunities to work with partners to implement conservation efforts in advance of potential ESA decisions.

An SSA begins with a compilation of the best available information on the species (taxonomy, life history, and habitat) and its ecological needs at the individual, population, and/or species levels based on how environmental factors are understood to act on the species and its habitat. Next, an SSA describes the current condition of the species' habitat and demographics, and the probable explanations for past and ongoing changes in abundance and distribution within the species' ecological settings (i.e., areas representative of geographic, genetic, or life history variation across the range of the species). Lastly, an SSA forecasts the species' response to probable future scenarios of environmental conditions and conservation efforts. Overall, an SSA uses the conservation biology principles of resiliency, redundancy, and representation (collectively known as the "3Rs") as a lens to evaluate the current and future condition of the species. As a result, the SSA characterizes a species' ability to sustain populations in the wild over time based on the best scientific understanding of current and future abundance and distribution within the species' ecological settings.

An SSA is in essence a biological risk assessment to aid decision makers who must use the best available scientific information to make policy-guided decisions. The SSA provides decision makers with a scientifically rigorous characterization of species status that focuses on the likelihood that the species will sustain populations within its ecological settings along with key uncertainties in that characterization. The SSA does not result in a decision directly, but it provides the best available scientific information for comparison to policy standards to guide ESA decisions.

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Introduction

1. SSA Framework Overview

The Species Status Assessment (SSA) Framework entails three iterative assessment stages (Figure 1):

- 1. **Species' Needs.** An SSA begins with a compilation of the best available biological information on the species (taxonomy, life history, and habitat) and its ecological needs at the individual, population, and species levels based on how environmental factors are understood to act on the species and its habitat.
- 2. **Current Species' Condition.** Next, an SSA describes the current condition of the species' habitat and demographics, and the probable explanations for past and ongoing changes in abundance and distribution within the species' ecological settings (i.e., areas representative of the geographic, genetic, or life history variation across the species' range).
- 3. **Future Species' Condition.** Lastly, an SSA forecasts the species' response to probable future scenarios of environmental conditions and conservation efforts. As a result, the SSA characterizes species' ability to sustain populations

Species Status Assessment Framework

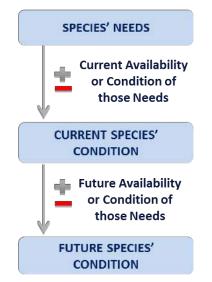


Figure 1. SSA Framework's three basic stages.

in the wild over time (viability) based on the best scientific understanding of current and future abundance and distribution within the species' ecological settings.

Throughout the assessment, the SSA uses the conservation biology principles of resiliency, redundancy, and representation (collectively known as the "3Rs") as a lens to evaluate the current and future condition of the species. Representation describes the ability of a species to adapt to changing environmental conditions, which is related to distribution within the species' ecological settings. Resiliency describes the ability of the species to withstand stochastic disturbance events, which is associated with population size, growth rate, and habitat quality. Redundancy describes the ability of a species to withstand catastrophic events, which is related to the number, distribution, and resilience of populations. Together, the 3Rs, and their core autecological parameters of abundance, distribution and diversity, comprise the key characteristics that contribute to a species' ability to sustain populations in the wild over time. When combined across populations, they measure the health of the species as a whole.

Although each stage of the assessment builds on the information developed in previous the stage(s), insights gained along the way could cause a return to a previous stage to update information. For example, insight into probable climate-mediated reduction in snow cover within a species' range gained while projecting the future species' condition could trigger a return to consider the predator-prey relationship or over-winter survival associated with habitat conditions that had not historically occurred. In this sense, the SSA can be iterative.

2. SSA Application

The purpose of the SSA Framework is to provide a consistent, integrated, conservation-focused, and scientifically robust approach to assessing a species' biological status such that the information and analysis are useful to all decisions and activities under the ESA. As a reflection of the analytical requirements of the various ES programs, the framework is foundational to integration. Integration will improve both efficiency (time and cost savings) and conservation effectiveness. The aspect of the framework that resonates with the larger integration philosophy is the ability of all ES programs to use the same analytical approach for biologically based ESA decisions.

The SSA Framework is, therefore, designed to be applicable to the full range of ES programs: determining appropriate ESA protections, developing the best conservation strategy, evaluating impacts from proposed projects and designing conservation measures targeted to reduce those impacts, permitting research, and allocating funds for partners and stakeholders to implement conservation actions (Figure 2). The use of this common analytical framework eliminates redundant efforts and documentation, and thereby, yields significant savings in time and costs. Ideally, the SSA is conducted at or prior to the candidate assessment or 12-month finding stage for species being considered for protection under the ESA but can be initiated at any point. The SSA is intended to "follow the species" in the sense that the information on the biological status developed at an early stage is available for ESA decision-making use and is updated over time prior to subsequent decisions or actions.

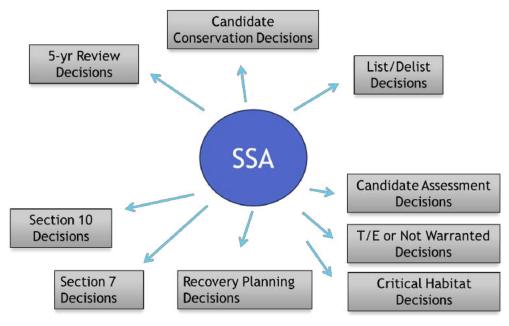


Figure 2. The Species Status Assessment Framework supports all Endangered Species Act decisions.

The SSA does <u>not</u> result in a decision document; rather, it provides the biological information and scientific analysis in support of ESA decisions. Discussions between decision makers, biological staff, and others conducting analyses about the science and related policies prior to development of the SSA can help ensure that the metrics used (e.g., abundance, relative abundance, abundance class, distribution, population growth rate, or probability of persistence) and complexity of the assessment (e.g., spatial and temporal scales) are acceptable to the decision maker(s) given the context of the decision(s).

3. SSA Documentation

After completion, the SSA will be documented in a stand-alone report. The level of detail in an SSA report is species and situation-dependent. In general, SSA reports should be succinct and when appropriate use diagrams, graphs, and tables to help convey the results of SSA analyses. The SSA should be revised and updated as new information is available or better analytical techniques are developed — or at least once every five years for listed species, thereby providing the biological analysis for 5-year status reviews.

As the SSA Framework is expected to evolve and be revised over time, cite the date and reference the version of the SSA Framework (see citations page of this Framework document).

Completed SSA reports should be made publically available. Refering to a species SSA rather than including the assessment in our ES products will be a significant time and cost savings. In addition, by referencing the SSA ranther than incorporting it into each ESA product it is updateable in realtime. For referencing the SSA within program products (biological opinions, federal register documents, recovery plans, etc.) and to keep an accurate administrative record, use a standard naming convention with updates to the SSA document clarified using versioning, as below.

Suggested citation for an initial SSA would be:

USFWS. 2014. Species Status Assessment for Species X (*Latin name*). August 2014 (Version 1.0). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 2. Albuquerque, NM. xx pp + Appendices.

A subsequent citation would be:

USFWS. 2020. Species Status Assessment for Species X (*Latin name*). July 2020 (Version 2.0). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 2. Albuquerque, NM. xx pp + Appendices.

4. Assistance

This document is one of several available support tools for conducting an SSA. Additionally, a team of trained FWS staff (the SSA Framework Implementation Team or "FIT") is available to assist field and regional staff and their project teams in applying the SSA Framework. We are also maintaining an SSA Google Site that provides further documentation on the SSA Framework, training, tools, and examples of completed SSA reports. Lastly, we have a National Strategy for Implementation (found on the SSA Site), which provides direction and goals for future implementation.

5. Terminology

Consistent use of defined and unambiguous terminology is required to reduce linguistic uncertainty and ensure that the SSA information is useful across all ES programs. SSA terminology is based upon scientifically accepted terms commonly used in conservation biology literature. The SSA Framework tries to avoid using terms common to ESA policy or regulations to avoid confusing the scientific analysis with the policy-based decision. Some of the more important SSA terms, their definitions, and how they are used within an SSA are defined throughout the text of this document and additional definitions are included in the Glossary as an Appendix. Several particularly relevant terms are explained below.

Threats

The word "threat" does not have a common definition across all ESA programs (see footnote 2 in the January 16, 2009, Department of Interior Solicitor Memorandum, M-37021). Instead of the word threat, the SSA Framework asks for specificity on the source of an environmental stressor or a direct effect, and how that "cause" affects individuals, populations, and the species using demographic parameters (i.e., "effects").

Viability

The term viability is a commonly accepted term in the conservation literature to denote the ability of a species to sustain populations in the wild over time. Thus, the term viability is an efficient way to refer to the result of an SSA. Viability is not a specific state, but rather a continuous measure of the likelihood that the species will sustain populations over time. In addition, the term viability denotes a trajectory opposite to extinction and a focus on species conservation.

Models and Modeling

An ecological model is a representation of a complex ecological system for the purpose of summarizing information essential to a particular purpose. In this case, the purpose is completing an SSA, and the ecological system comprises a species and its environment. A model-based approach to an SSA provides an explicit, transparent and, therefore, repeatable method of analysis, which supports peer review of both the methodology and the conclusions. Explicit logic chains developed with the help of conceptual or quantitative modeling will aid in identifying gaps in knowledge and will support an explicit assessment of how various sources of uncertainty might affect a decision through sensitivity analyses. The model-based approach also provides a way to integrate new information in future analyses.

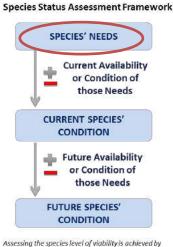
Models can be as simple or complex as necessary in order to understand the system, relay that understanding to others, and support decisions. Models (either conceptual or quantitative) serve as a means to explain our hypotheses and current knowledge about the ecology of the species and its environment. Models can be useful for projecting the future status of the species. Therefore, models should not be overly complicated, but they do need to be oriented to the information needs of the SSA and its decision context.

For an easy-to-read summary of the application of ecological models, see *Starfield*, *A.M.* 1997. A pragmatic approach to modeling for wildlife management. J. Wildl. Manage. 61:261-270.

Stage 1: Species' Ecological Needs

The goal of a species status assessment is to assess the biological condition of a species over a defined period of time. A species' biological condition should be evaluated relative to its degree of resiliency, redundancy, and representation. Briefly, resiliency describes the ability of the species to withstand stochasticity; redundancy describes the ability of the species to withstand catastrophic events; and representation describes the ability of the species to adapt over time to long-term changes in the environment. In general, the more redundant, representative, and resilient a species is, the more likely it is to sustain populations over time, even under changing environmental conditions.

Stage 1 is an exploratory stage to begin to understand how the species maintains itself over time. This exploration identifies the life history and aspects of the species' ecology including the biological requirements of the species at the individual or life stage, population, and species (rangewide). The key to this stage



Assessing the species level of viability is achieved to completing the above assessment framework. Credit: USFWS

of the assessment is to gather the best available biological information on the species (taxonomy, life history, habitat) and the species' ecological needs described broadly at the appropriate scales (e.g., individual, population, and/or species levels) based on how environmental factors are understood to act on the species and its habitat. While doing so, consider how availability of various resources influences individual survival, how abundance and growth rate (demographics) and meta-population dynamics influence population's ability to bounce back from disturbance (resilience), and how the number and distribution of populations influence the species ability to withstand catastrophic events (redundancy). Identify areas representing important geographic, genetic, or life history variation (i.e., the species' ecological settings), which could be reservoirs of adaptive potential (Figures 3 and 4), and whether there is any information to indicate these may change in the future given changing climates. Exploration of these relationships at the various levels lays the foundation for the next stages of the SSA Framework.

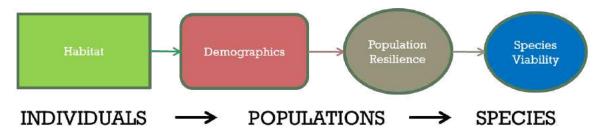


Figure 3. Simple conceptual model of relationship between habitat, demographics, and population resiliency.

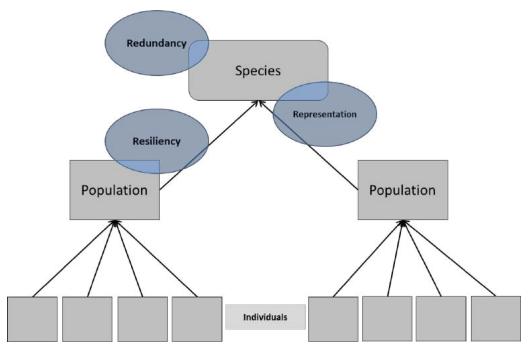


Figure 4. Resiliency is measured at the population level, representation is measured at the species and, possibly, population level, and redundancy is measured at the species level. In practice the 3Rs are interrelated – resiliency supports redundancy, representation supports resiliency, etc.

Individual Level

The starting point of our analysis begins with an understanding of the species' life history. A species' life history, including trophic niches, reproductive strategies, biological interactions, and habitat requirements, determines how individuals at each life stage respond to natural and anthropogenic influences. Developing a life history profile is a good starting point for describing what influences individual survival and reproduction. In addition to basic needs, a

A life history profile clearly documents growth and reproduction of all life stages and the factors that influence on each life stage.

life history profile documents those characteristics that make the species sensitive or resilient to particular natural or anthropogenic influence. For example, species with breeding-site fidelity may be especially vulnerable to disturbance; or a generalist might be able to switch food sources as one gets scarce. The life history profile provides information for the assessment of the species' current condition (see Stage 2) and for the species' response over time (in other words, for understanding aspects influencing the species status) (see Stage 3).

To explore the needs of individuals we seek to answer what influences the successful completion of each life stage. For example, a species with the lifecycle depicted in Figure 5, we ask what influences survival, growth, and reproduction at egg, juvenile, and adult life stages. The answers to these questions help us understand what the species needs for survival, growth (in moving from one life stage to another), and reproduction at the individual level.

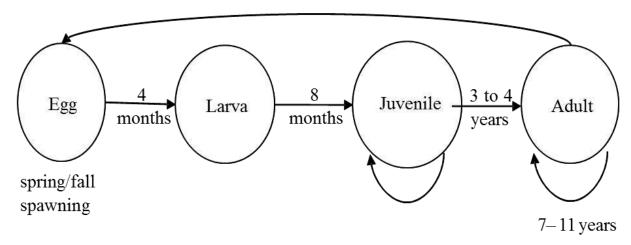


Figure 5. An example of an aquatic species with four life stages. Identifying what influences survival and growth at each stage will describe the individual's biological needs. Understanding what influences successful reproduction begins to build the bridge from individual to population level.

Population Level

The life history profile describes survival and reproduction needs at the level of the individual or life stage. At the population level, we describe the resources, circumstances, and demographics that most influence resiliency of a population. These may vary if populations inhabit different ecological settings. Species viability corresponds to the resiliency of its populations, and therefore, it is necessary to understand and determine for the analysis how populations should be defined for the species. For some species, identifying population structures (such as meta-populations) may be helpful and necessary.

Resiliency describes the ability of a species to withstand stochastic disturbance. Resiliency is positively related to population size and growth rate and may be influenced by connectivity among populations. Generally speaking, populations need abundant individuals within habitat patches of adequate area and quality to maintain survival and reproduction in spite of disturbance.

Species Level

At the species level, we explore what influences redundancy and representation. We use the evolutionary history and historical distribution of the species as a starting point to understand how the species functions (or functioned) to maintain populations across its range.

Representation describes the ability of a species to adapt to changing environmental conditions over time. It is characterized by the breadth of genetic and environmental diversity within and among populations. Measures may include the number of varied niches occupied, the gene diversity, heterozygosity or alleles per locus. Our analysis explores the relationship between the species life

history and the influence of genetic and ecological diversity and the species ability to adapt to changing environmental conditions over time. The analysis identifies areas representing important geographic, genetic, or life history variation (i.e., the species' ecological settings).

Redundancy describes the ability of a species to withstand catastrophic events; it's about spreading risk among multiple populations to minimize the potential loss of the species from catastrophic events. Redundancy is characterized by having multiple, resilient populations distributed within the species' ecological settings and across the species' range. It can be measured by population number, resiliency, spatial extent, and degree of connectivity. Our analysis explores the influence of the number, distribution, and connectivity of populations on the species' ability to withstand catastrophic events (e.g., rescue effect).

Exploring and describing the relationships of what influences the 3Rs given the species' unique life history does not conclude whether the species is viable. Rather it sets out the foundational relationships, hypotheses, and assumptions that will be integral to the remainder of the assessment. These relationships- whether linear, non-linear, or circumstance dependent - are important because we are <u>not</u> determining the species' future state (i.e., is a species viable or not), but rather the likelihood that the species will sustain populations over time.

Outcome

Expected outcomes of the species needs assessment include a documentation of the analysis conducted (materials and methods), a life history profile, a description of the resources, circumstances and demographics influencing population resilience. And an exploration of how the species functions (or functioned) to maintain populations across its range given its evolutionary history and historical distribution. The 3Rs should be used as an organizing structure as they assist in assuring that the conservation biology bases are covered. Levels of certainty should be explicit.

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Stage 2: Current Species' Condition

The next stage of the SSA is to describe the current condition of the species' habitat and demographics, and the probable explanations for past and ongoing changes in abundance and distribution within areas representing important geographic, genetic, or life history variation (i.e., the species' ecological settings). The exploration of species' ecological needs, assessed in Stage 1, provides the understanding to explain changes in abundance and distribution. The current species' condition is an empirical assessment based on available data and knowledge. (In contrast to the future species' condition, assessed in Stage 3, which is a predictive assessment based on projections of species response to probable future scenarios).

Here we assess the quality, quantity, and connectivity of habitat available for survival and reproduction of individuals to support population resilience. We assess and document the current population sizes and growth rates and the number and distribution of the populations within the species' ecological settings.

We also seek to answer the question, "What environmental changes, natural or anthropogenic, have occurred in the past to result in the current condition?" At the end of this stage we should have an understanding of the current condition of the species and the major drivers of that condition.

SPECIES' NEEDS Current Availability or Condition of those Needs CURRENT SPECIES' CONDITION Future Availability or Condition of those Needs FUTURE SPECIES' CONDITION

Assessing the species level of viability is achieved by completing the above assessment framework.

The current species' condition will be the baseline against which subsequent assessments can be compared to track changes in the species' condition over time.

Cause and Effects

An important part of this stage is to explain the reasons why the species' current condition is what it is. Initially, we are identifying the anthropogenic and natural factors that influence the habitat and demographics of the species, and thus its populations (Figure 6a and 6b). The cumulative effects on those populations determine conditions related to redundancy and representation.

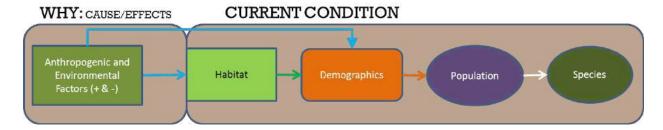


Figure 6a. Conceptual model of current species' condition.

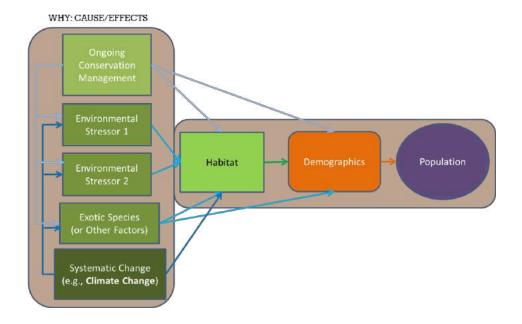


Figure 6b. Conceptual model of current species' condition and the causes of that condition identified.

Individual Effects

Individuals can be affected directly by a stressor (e.g., vehicular strike) or secondarily through changes to the quality and/or quantity of their habitat (see Figure 6b). Correctly identifying the type of effect, exploring the likelihood of an effect (see Figure 7), and understanding which stressors are responsible for the greatest or least demographic consequence are key both to the analysis at the population level and conservation recommendations. As part of the consequences analysis, describe how the effect on individuals contributes to population condition, i.e., how it affects the resiliency of and diversity within the population. Then incorporate the population-level effects into the overall analysis of the range-wide condition of the species. You may find that starting with population level effects will focus your individual effects analysis as it provides a context for the review of individual effects.

Figure 7 shows a conceptual model (Effects Pathway model) of an impact (cause or effect) analysis that focuses on effects to individual survival and reproduction. The goal of this analysis is to identify and understand how natural and anthropogenic factors may affect individuals. Factors can have negative, positive, or no influence on individual fitness and ultimately on population resiliency. The effects pathway model provides a clear chain of logic that demonstrates our understanding of how effects on individuals may contribute to the condition of the population, i.e., how factors may affect the resiliency of the population. Then we incorporate the population-level effects into the overall analysis of the range-wide condition of the species. Developing the clear chain of logic for how factors affect the species or the resources it needs, or conversely showing why a factor does not or cannot affect a species (e.g. there is no exposure or a resource to the stressor in time and/or space) is a valuable tool for communication to others as well.

For more specific information about using effects pathways, see the <u>SSA Site</u> the internal to FWS <u>Effects Pathway Manager (EPM)</u> software in <u>ECOS</u>. Log in and go to EPM on applications page.

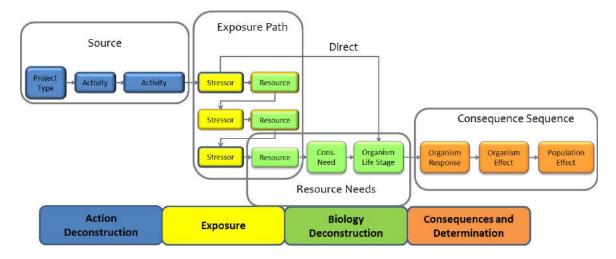


Figure 7. The conceptual cause and effects pathways model focuses on effects to individuals. This model can be used in conjunction with the Core Conceptual Model to better understand, document, and articulate the relationships between individual effects and population level effects.

Population and Species Level Effects

The "Species' Current Condition and the Causes of that Condition" (see Figure 6) provides the initial conceptual model to conduct an analysis of the anthropogenic and natural factors most likely to be driving the population's resiliency and develop pathways through which these factors affect populations. In fact you may find that exploring population or species level effects first quickly focuses your exploration of prime drivers at the individual level or population level. The conceptual model captures the most current and plausible hypotheses about the ways in which factors singly and collectively affect habitat and/or demographics and populations/species. In addition, the conceptual model helps identify potential conservation actions by identifying important pathways those conservation actions could interrupt; quantifying the cumulative, synergistic and antagonistic relationships among these factors by identifying the effect on population size and growth rate; setting the stage for the ranking of each factor's relative influence on habitat and/or population demographics; and thereby help identify necessary conservation actions and their priority in application, respectively.

We can begin to do this by identifying what influences the species at the individual and population levels initiated in Stage 1; we add the anthropogenic and environmental factors (which may be different for each population), and analyzing their relative contribution to population-level demography, population distribution and diversity.

As we approach completing the cause and effects analysis of the current species' condition, the major drivers of the current condition are based on the observed effects on the species. These major drivers will be important to focus on as we move into Stage 3 where we develop probable future scenarios and the likely species' response i.e., future condition of the species. The analysis of consequences should consider both positive and negative effects, and the relative importance of areas or individuals, to identify the "net" current condition of the species.

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Outcome

The outcome of Stage 2 is a description of the current conditions, including causal relationships across individuals, populations, and the species. This includes (1) current population structure, distribution, abundance, demographic rates, genetics, and habitat/resources; (2) changes from historical to current distribution; (3) an explanation of the causes and effects that resulted in the current species' condition with respect to the life history and habitat needs identified in Stage 1; (4) the implications of any missing or diminished resources or circumstances affecting the demographic parameters at the population level, and the number, distribution, and connectivity of populations within the species' ecological settings. As with Stage 1, analytical methods need to be clearly described and levels of certainty should be explicit. The 3Rs should be used as an organizing structure as they assist in assuring that the conservation biology bases are covered.

Stage 3: Future Species' Condition and Status

In the last stage, an SSA forecasts the species' response to probable future scenarios of environmental conditions and conservation efforts. This involves an analysis and description of anticipated future environmental conditions and the projected consequences on the species' ability to sustain populations in the wild over time. Resiliency, redundancy, and representation (i.e., the 3Rs) help ensure that all levels of biological organization are considered in the status assessment. The predictions start with the current species' condition (Stage 2) and an understanding of how the species interacts with its environment (Stage 1). In other words this stage brings together the knowledge gained in the 2 prior stages with information on probable future scenarios to conduct a risk analysis resulting in predictions of future species' condition.

It is essential that the timeframe used in the assessment is both biologically meaningful and consistent with the information available. A biologically meaningful timeframe means the time periods are long

SPECIES' NEEDS

Current Availability
or Condition of
those Needs

CURRENT SPECIES'
CONDITION

Future Availability
or Condition of
those Needs

FUTURE SPECIES'
CONDITION

Assessing the species level of viability is achieved by completing the above assessment framework. Credit: USFWS

enough to encompass multiple generations so the species responses can be predicted. Consistency implies that the time periods are appropriate for the information available on the stressors and conservation efforts that are likely to occur and predictions of the species responses to these future environmental changes.

As explained previously, resiliency, redundancy, and representation (i.e., the 3Rs) are considered at each stage of the assessment. Generally speaking, higher levels of resiliency, redundancy, and representation translate to a greater likelihood that the species can sustain populations over time. However, the relationship between the 3Rs and species condition may not be linear. Resiliency is related to population size and growth rate; redundancy is related to number and distribution of populations within the species' ecological settings; and representation is related to the ability of the species to sustain populations within ecological settings to conserve important geographic, genetic, and life history variation. Viability will increase with the 3Rs as abundance, distribution, and diversity increase from low levels and will reach an asymptote as abundance, distribution, and diversity exceed some thresholds.

Predicting Future Conditions (Cause and Effects)

In Stage 2, we described the positive and negative effects of past and current anthropogenic and natural factors to explain the current condition of the species. Now, in Stage 3, we identify anthropogenic and natural factors that are occurring or will likely occur, what their positive, negative, or neutral effects may be on habitat and demographics, and predict the future condition of the species in light of those factors. The current condition of the species is the starting point for predicting the future condition of the species. We use the same methodology for cause and effects in Stage 3 as used in Stage 2, with the only difference being that now we look forward rather than backward (Figure 8).

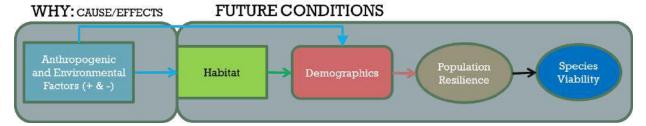


Figure 8. Conceptual model of species future condition and viability and the Causes of that Condition.

Characterizing Predicted Future Status

The outcome of Stage 3 is a characterization of the species response to future scenarios of anthropogenic and environmental factors (Figure 8). The metrics for future species' condition are related to abundance, distribution, and diversity (geographic and genetic), which are core autecological parameters (meaning they measure the relationships between an individual species and its environment). The numerical resolution and spatial and temporal scale of the metrics will depend on data availability and the information needed by the decision maker. Judgment will be required by the assessment team as to what resolution can be supported reliably. In some cases, only categories of abundance or distribution can be projected reliably, while in other cases, the data will be available to support rigorous prediction of abundance or occupancy. Prediction of viability as a probability can be derived from abundance and distribution, if warranted. The assessment should include a range of plausible and likely future scenarios for anthropogenic and natural factors that will result in a range in the species response. Uncertainty will arise both from the likelihood of various scenarios and from variation in the predicted species response to a specific scenario.

The outcome of Stage 3 will be used to *inform* decisions and will involve the application of standards from our policies, regulations, and the ESA (such as the definitions of "threatened species" and "endangered species" or "jeopardize the continued existence of").

Outcome

The SSA output is a description of a species' anticipated future status. That description should be based on the best scientific understanding of future abundance, distribution, and diversity (geographic or genetic). Viability therefore is not a specific state, but rather a continuous measure of the likelihood that the species will sustain populations over time. As with Stages 1 and 2, analytical methods need to be clearly described and levels of certainty should be explicit. Here the 3R metrics related to abundance, distribution, and diversity are used in the viability characterization helping ensure conservation biology bases are covered and the focus is on conservation.

Although not a required aspect of the SSA report a conservation strategy is a natural outgrowth of an SSA and could be developed as part of or a supplement to the SSA. This early identification of what most influence the species condition affords opportunities to work with partners to carry out conservation actions in advance of potential ESA decisions. If listed, the conservation strategy can inform subsequent actions.

Glossary

Causal (cause and effect) relationships are the relationship between one event, the cause, and a second event, the effect, where the second event is recognized to result as a consequence of the first.

Core autecological parameters are measures of the relationship(s) between an individual species and its environment. In the context of the SSA the recommended autecological parameters are abundance, distribution and diversity, or as data dictates, appropriate proxies.

Demographics are the numerical characteristics of a population. Typically used to understand how a species changes over time, demographics can be expressed as numbers, rates, and trends. In the SSA we are interested in how the demographic characteristics are influenced by natural or human caused events, and how characteristics such as population size (abundance), mortality rates and recruitment (the number of juveniles moving to adulthood) rates are influencing population growth over time; from which you can develop a trend in population growth.

Demographic stochasticity refers to the variability in population growth rates arising from random differences among individuals in survival and reproduction within a season. This variability will occur even if all individuals have the same expected ability to survive and reproduce and if the expected rates of survival and reproduction don't change from one generation to the next. Even though it will occur in all populations, it is generally important only in populations that are already fairly small. *Kent Holsinger* 2013-08-29

Ecological diversity is the variation in habitats or niches occupied by the species.

Ecological settings are areas representative of geographic, genetic, or life history variation throughout a species' range.

Environmental stochasticity is unpredictable spatiotemporal fluctuation in environmental conditions, often resulting from weather, disease, and predation or other factors external to the population. Environmental stochasticity influences the variability of birth and death rates and thus how population abundance fluctuates and affects the fate (e.g. persistence or extirpation) of populations (adapted from 2009 Masami Fujiwara, Southwest Fisheries Science Center, Santa Cruz, California, USA).

Fitness is the ability of an individual (or organism) to survive and reproduce in its environment.

Genetic diversity is the total number of genetic characteristics in the genetic makeup of a species, subspecies, or population.

Genetic stochasticity refers to changes in the genetic composition of a population unrelated to systematic forces (selection, inbreeding, or migration), i.e., genetic drift. It can have a large impact on the genetic structure of populations, both by reducing the amount of diversity retained within populations and by increasing the chance that deleterious recessive alleles may be expressed. *Kent Holsinger 2013-08-29*

Life history profile is a clear documentation of all stages of a species growth and reproduction and the influences on each stage, a description of the resources, circumstances and demographics influence on population resilience.

Minimum viable population (MVP) is a lower bound on the population of a species, such that it can survive in the wild. This term is used in the fields of biology, ecology, and conservation biology. More

specifically, MVP is the smallest possible size at which a biological population can exist without facing extinction from natural disasters or demographic, environmental, or genetic stochasticity.

Population is typically defined as a group of interbreeding individuals or organism that are more apt to breed among that group than outside the group. There are however, many approaches to defining species populations. Consistently problematic is defining population boundaries so that the number of populations can be clearly determined. Geneticists use measures of gene flow and genetic differentiation to distinguish one population from another. In a demographic sense, this can be achieved by careful measures of individual movement, which enables the delineation of populations that are sufficiently isolated from each other to have independent dynamics. Populations can also be distinguished with the use of some arbitrarily defined spatial and/or temporal context (e.g. linear distance between groups, or the presence of geographical barriers or other spatial disjunctions) or differences in phenology, morphology or physiology.

Persistence refers to the ability of a population to sustain itself over time.

Redundancy describes the ability of a species to withstand catastrophic events. Measured by the number of populations, their resiliency, and their distribution (and connectivity), redundancy gauges the probability that the species has a margin of safety to withstand or can bounce back from catastrophic events; combined with resiliency and representation to form the three-pronged biodiversity principles.

Representation describes the ability of a species to adapt to changing environmental conditions. Measured by the breadth of genetic or environmental diversity within and among populations, representation gauges the probability that a species is capable of adapting to environmental changes; combined with resiliency and redundancy to form the three-pronged biodiversity principles.

Resiliency describes the ability of the populations to withstand stochastic events. Measured by the size and growth rate of each population, resiliency gauges the probability that the populations comprising a species are able to withstand or bounce back from environmental or demographic stochastic events; combined with representation and redundancy to form the three-pronged biodiversity principles.

Resources are the habitats, **circumstances**, and other physical or biological features, including their state, condition or quality that is required by a species to fulfill its lifecycle and in support of population resiliency. Examples include: grassland, forest, natural ambient light, habitat structure, ability to roost undisturbed, host species, prey species, pollinators, aspect of slope; at the population level these may include a number or distribution of individuals in order to prevent inbreeding, connectivity to other populations, etc.

Viability is the ability of a species to sustain populations in the wild over time. "Over time" means beyond specified time periods that are as long as possible given our ability to predict future conditions and that are biologically meaningful considering the life history of the species.

Stochastic events refer to random or non-deterministic events. In the context of an SSA, the events of concern are those that disturb the species or its habitat that results in decreased population size or growth rate.



Bighorn Institute

Dedicated to the conservation of the world's wild sheep through research and education

A nonprofit Tax-Exempt Organization

February 29, 2024

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Anza-Borrego Desert State Park
Raul Valdez, Ph.D.
New Mexico State University
J. Craig Williams, Esq.
Legal Counsel

Design and Development Department City of La Quinta 78-495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253

Via Electronic Mail: Planning@LaQuintaCA.gov

Dear Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We are providing comments for the proposed project The Club at Coral Mountain (SCH# 2021020310), as it pertains to the endangered Peninsular bighorn sheep (*Ovis Canadensis nelsonii*). Our primary concern is the likelihood of bighorn sheep being attracted to and accessing The Club at Coral Mountain as a means of artificial food and water in the event that this project is built. We recommend the city does not certify the EIR for Alternative 2, approve the General Plan Amendment, Zone Change, Specific Plan Amendment and Development Agreement until the wildlife agencies have fully vetted the entire scope of this project and its potential effects on the bighorn sheep.

Bighorn Institute has documented 60 known urban-related Peninsular bighorn deaths on or near four La Quinta golf courses (Traditions, SilverRock, PGA West and The Quarry) and Lake Cahuilla since 2012 (attached). These bighorn deaths are a direct result of the sheep being attracted to the golf course grasses and water features (i.e., artificial food and water sources). Despite the DEIR declaring the project location as non-habitat for bighorn sheep, there is a real potential for attracting bighorn sheep from the adjacent areas they are known to frequent, particularly after the required La Quinta fence is completed and the sheep are pushed back into their natural habitat. As such, we strongly recommend this project be fenced in its entirety **prior to construction** with fencing approved in the Recovery Plan for bighorn in the Peninsular Ranges (i.e., an 8 foot chainlink fence). The City of Rancho Mirage had similar urban-related bighorn issues, however in 2002, a 4 ½ mile long, 8ft high chain-link fence was built there and as a result urban-related bighorn deaths have been completed eliminated and is promoting the recovery of this endangered species. We also recommend no vegetation be planted near the project fence to attract the sheep.

We understand that there may not have been a new Notice of Preparation to Trustee Agencies for this currently proposed project, The Club at Coral Mountain, separate from the previously proposed project that included a wave pool, Coral Mountain Resort. We strongly recommend a full review from the wildlife agencies before the council considers moving forward with this project as proposed.

Finally, we are concerned about the water usage for this project. We continue to struggle with drought conditions so it seems irresponsible and unnecessary to build another

Page 2

project that will use an abundance of water. Wildlife, such as Peninsular bighorn, struggle to have enough available water to survive during droughts and this project could contribute to the water shortage.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this project.

Sincerely,

James R. DeForge Executive Director

Research Biologist

cc: Vincent James (USFWS)

Heather Brashear (CDFW)

Jama Kille Tongs

Attachment: Bighorn Institute documentation of La Quinta urban-related bighorn mortalities

Bighorn Institute Documentation of Urban Related Mortalities in La Quinta (2012-2023)

Number	Date	Animal ID	Sex	Location	Age	Cause of Death
1	8-8-12	RamIV	Male	Airport Blvd	8+ years	Oleander Poisoning
2	8-13-12	RamIII	Male	Coachella Canal	5 years	Drowned
3	8-12-13	RamIV	Male	Coachella Canal	8+ years	Drowned
4	8-21-14	RamIII	Male	Coachella Canal	7 years	Drowned
5	6-13-15	RamII	Male	Jefferson Street	3 years	Auto Collision
6	5-8-15	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	3.5 months	Euthanized
7	8-4-15	Lamb	Male	Coachella Canal	6-7 months	Drowned
8	5-6-16	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3.5 months	Disease
9	5-10-16	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3 months	Disease
10	5-15-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	3 months	Disease
11	5-18-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	4 months	Disease
12	5-19-16	Lamb	Female	SilverRock	2.5 months	Disease
13	6-19-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	4 months	Disease
14	6-21-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	5 months	Disease – photo 1
15	6-24-17	Lamb	Male	PGA West	4.5 months	Disease
16	6-28-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	3.5 months	Disease
17	7-11-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	5.5 months	Disease
18	7-12-17	Lamb	Male	Shooting Range	6 months	Disease
19	9-2-17	RamIII	Male	Tradition	7 years	Unknown
20	12-23-17	Lamb	Female	PGA West	11 months	Drowned
21	5-4-18	Ewe353	Female	Coachella Canal	7 years	Drowned
22	9-26-18	RamIV	Male	Coachella Canal	8+ years	Drowned
23	12-8-18	Ewe	Female	Coachella Canal	2+ years	Drowned
24	7-31-19	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	6 years	Drowned – photo 2
25	8-5-19	Ewe	Female	PGA West	2 years	Unknown
26	9-8-19	RamII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	3 years	Drowned-rope on leg
27	9-17-19	RamIII	Male	PGA West	7 years	Drowned
28	10-19-19	Lamb	Male	PGA West	5 months	Disease
29	11-4-19	Yrram	Male	Lake Cahuilla	1 year	Drowned
30	5-12-20	Lamb	Male	PGA West	4 months	Disease
31	5-30-20	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	5 months	Drowned
32	6-3-20	Lamb	Male	PGA West	3 months	Disease
33	6-29-20	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	7 years	Drowned
34	8-4-20	RamIII	Male	Lake Cahuilla	6 Years	Drowned
35	8-4-20	Lamb	Female	PGA West	6 months	Drowned/Disease
36	9-30-21	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~6.5 months	Unknown – garage
37	10-8-21	Lamb	Female	Lake Cahuilla	~7 months	Drowned
38	3-18-22	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~2 months	Disease – photo 3
39	4-9-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2.5 months	Unknown

Bighorn Institute Documentation of Urban Related Mortalities in La Quinta (2012-2023)

Number	Date	Animal	Sex	Location	Age	Cause of Death
		ID				
40	4-24-22	Yrram	Male	SilverRock	1 year	Drowned
41	5-2-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~3 months	Drowned
42	5-13-22	Lamb	Female	Coachella Canal	~3 months	Drowned
43	5-24-22	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	a few	Unknown
					months	
44	5-25-22	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2 months	Disease
45	6-2-22	Lamb	Female	Coachella Canal	~2 months	Drowned
46	8-30-22	Lamb	Male	Lake Cahuilla	~6 months	Disease
47	9-29-22	RamIII	Male	PGA West	5 years	Unknown
48	10-10-22	Ewe	Female	Lake Cahuilla	adult	Unknown
49	11-2-22	Ram	Male	Tradition	12+ years	Unknown- euthanized
50	2-26-23	Yrram	Male	Lake Cahuilla	1 year	Drowned
51	5-4-23	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~2 months	Pneumonia/Drowned
52	5-16-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Disease/Unknown
53	6-5-23	Lamb	Female	Lake Cahuilla	2-4 months	Drowned
54	6-5-23	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~2 months	Unknown
55	6-8-23	Lamb	Unk	PGA West	~3 months	Unknown
56	6-10-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Disease/Unknown -
						photo 4
57	6-18-23	Lamb	Female	PGA West	~4 months	Unknown
58	6-18-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~4 months	Unknown
59	7-28-23	Lamb	Male	SilverRock	~7 months	Unk/Poss. Coyote
60	8-6-23	Lamb	Male	PGA West	~2 1/2	Unknown/Disease
					months	

^{*}Map location numbers correspond to mortality numbers in table

Map of Urban-related bighorn deaths in La Quinta 2012 - 2023



*Map location numbers correspond to mortality numbers in table



Photo 1 – lamb died from disease at PGA West 6-21-2017



Photo 2 – ram drowned at Lake Cahuilla 7-13-2019

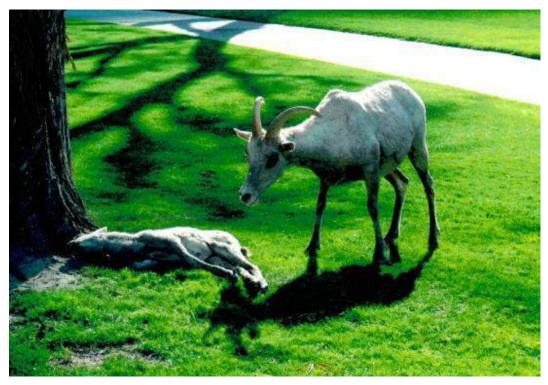


Photo 3 – lamb died from disease on the golf course at PGA West 3-18-22



Photo 4 – lamb died from disease/unknown causes at PGA West 6-10-23



SAN GORGONIO CHAPTER

Regional Groups Serving Riverside and San Bernardino Counties: Big Bear, Los Serranos, Mojave, Moreno Valley, Mountains, Tahquitz and Santa Margarita

March 5, 2024

City Council City of La Quinta 78495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253

BY EMAIL TO: mradeva@laquintaca.gov and Planning@laquintaca.gov

Re: The Club at Coral Mountain DEIR SCH#2021020310

Mayor and Members of the Council:

The following comments regarding The Club at Coral Mountain ("Project") are submitted on behalf of the Tahquitz Group of the Sierra Club, which represents over 1000 members in the Coachella Valley and the Morongo Basin.

- The Notice of Preparation for the EIR on the Project was not transmitted to the Trustee Agencies (US Fish & Wildlife Service and Calif Department of Fish & Wildlife). Evidently this was done in mistaken reliance on an EIR for an earlier project which was never approved. However, the City may not rely in this manner on an EIR for a past project that was not approved.
- The many scores of deaths of endangered bighorn sheep in La Quinta caused by the attractive and deadly nuisance of golf courses only heightens the need for Trustee Agency review and input at the outset of review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) for this Project, which in addition is substantially changed from the prior.
- Further, the recent completion of the barrier between bighorn habitat and other golf courses (which attracted and caused the demise of so many bighorn) is a changed circumstance which makes Trustee Agency review especially critical. That is because area bighorn which are habituated to grazing on golf courses will certainly seek out any new golf course as an artificially rich source of food, albeit to their detriment. Yet the preferred alternative fails to completely fence the Project to prevent such bighorn access.

- Additionally, human intrusion into bighorn habitat was identified as a cause for listing this metapopulation of bighorn as endangered, and the Recovery Plan for this animal mandates that human access into essential habitat be controlled. This is another compelling reason to place a complete barrier around the Project to obviate the problem of residents and pets intruding into sensitive habitat.

For the above, we respectfully request that the Council: 1) continue the hearing on the Project; 2) order the NOP and subsequent CEQA documents to be re-circulated to USFWS & CDFW for review, comment and consultation, and; 3) ensure that all Project alternatives incorporate complete fencing of the entire Project.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this important issue.

Very truly yours,

Joan Taylor, Chair

Tahquitz Group Sierra Club

Joan CTayon

Coral Mountain Resort DEIR

Bighorn Institute <bi@bighorninstitute.org>

Tue 8/3/2021 12:33 PM

To: consultingplanner@laquintaca.gov <consultingplanner@laquintaca.gov>

1 attachments (272 KB)

Coral Mountain Resort DEIR comment letter_Bighorn Institute.pdf;

Dear Ms. Sauviat Criste,

Attached is Bighorn Institute's comment letter on the Coral Mountain Resort DEIR. Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments. Please confirm your receipt.

Best, Jim

James R. DeForge
Executive Director/Research Biologist
Bighorn Institute
P.O. Box 262
Palm Desert, CA 92261
760-346-7334
www.bighorninstitute.org



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August 3, 2021

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Raul Valdez, Ph.D.
New Mexico State University
J. Craig Williams, Esq.

Nicole Sauviat Criste Consulting Planner City of La Quinta 78-495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253

Via Electronic Mail: consultingplanner@laquintaca.gov

Dear Ms. Sauviat Criste:

We are providing comments for the Draft EIR for Coral Mountain Resort (SCH# 2021020310), as it pertains to the endangered Peninsular bighorn sheep (*Ovis Canadensis nelsonii*). We are primarily concerned with the likelihood of bighorn sheep being attracted to and accessing Coral Mountain Resort as a means of artificial food and water if this project is built.

Bighorn Institute has documented 35 known urban-related Peninsular bighorn deaths on or near four La Quinta golf courses (Traditions, SilverRock, PGA West and The Quarry) and Lake Cahuilla since 2012. These bighorn deaths are a result of the sheep being attracted down to the grass and water features (i.e., artificial food and water sources). Despite the DEIR declaring the project location as non-habitat for bighorn sheep, there is a real potential for attracting bighorn sheep from adjacent areas, particularly if and when the required La Quinta fence is constructed and the sheep are pushed back into their natural habitat. As such, we strongly recommend this project be fenced **prior to construction** with fencing approved in the Recovery Plan for bighorn in the Peninsular Ranges (i.e., an 8 foot chainlink fence). The City of Rancho Mirage had similar urban-related bighorn issues and in 2002, a 4 ½ mile long, 8ft high chain-link fence was built there. It completely eliminated urban-related bighorn deaths and is promoting recovery of this species. We also recommend no vegetation be planted near the project fence to attract the sheep.

Finally, we are concerned about the water usage for this project, particularly the wave pool and other water features. We are in the grips of another drought year so it seems irresponsible and unnecessary to build a project so focused on using such a valuable resource. Wildlife, such as Peninsular bighorn, struggle to have enough available water to survive during droughts and this project could contribute to the water shortage.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on this project.

Sincerely,

James R. DeForge Executive Director Research Biologist

ames R We touze



December 11, 2023

Public Comment Period: 10/27/23 – 12/11/23

To the City of La Quinta:

Jennifer Nelson, City Manager Cheri Flores, Planning Manager

CC:

Vincent James, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)
Heather Pert, California Dept. of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)
Peter Satin, CVAG Program Manager, Conservation
Jane Garrison, Executive Director of Oswit Land Trust
Bettina Rosmarino, Land Acquisition Project Manager
Judy Deertrack, Attorney

Re: Travertine Specific Plan Amendment / Comments to Draft Environmental Impact Statement

To Whom It May Concern:

Oswit Land Trust is a 501C3 non-profit land conservancy dedicated to preserving critical habitat for wildlife corridors and sensitive species. We achieve our goals through the acquisition of land and advocacy. We are a proud member of the Land Trust Alliance and have over 3,000 active members who are residents within the Coachella Valley and beyond.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION - The Project consists of the following entitlement applications: a General Plan Amendment (GPA 2017-0002), a Zone Change (ZC 2017-0002), a Specific Plan Amendment (SP 2017-0004), a Tentative Tract Map (TTM 2017-0008), and a Development Agreement (DA 2021-0001). The proposed Project includes development of a mix of uses including up to 1,200 dwelling units, two community parks on 378.8 acres; a 38.3-acre resort/spa facility with boutique hotel and 175-seat restaurant, 97,500 square feet of resort villas, and 8,700 square feet of spa and wellness center, as well as yoga and tennis courts; a 46.2-acre resort/golf facility with a 5,500-square-foot golf academy, a clubhouse, and banquet restaurant (500-seat capacity). The Project also proposes recreational open space consisting of a 5-mile public trail system, staging areas, gathering areas, and passive and active spaces on approximately 55.9 acres. Natural open space land uses are proposed to occur on approximately 301.2 acres on the southern portion of the



Project property for conservation and preservation purposes. The Project also proposes offsite utility improvements located east and northeast of the Project.

PUBLIC COMMENTS - Oswit Land Trust is a 501C3 non-profit land conservancy dedicated to preserving critical habitat for wildlife corridors and sensitive species. We achieve our goals through the acquisition of land and advocacy. We are a proud member of the Land Trust Alliance and have over 3,000 active members who are residents within the Coachella Valley and beyond.

Oswit Land Trust supports the City of La Quinta in its endeavor to create a mixture of residential housing types, including low-income housing choices, within its city limits. We know and appreciate the great effort and care that goes into this outcome. As an organization promoting a healthy balance of urban development with sound environmental practices, we welcome the opportunity to give the City of La Quinta public commentary.

Oswit Land Trust asks the City of La Quinta to ensure USFWL and CDFWL and other trustee agencies have all necessary information from the city and developer requested in their March 2021 JPR Comment Letter prior to action on the DEIR; with assurance that the Joint Project Review is complete and satisfactory to all federal and state agencies; and that any ensuing mitigation measures are fully adopted in the Draft Environmental Impact Report prior to consideration for certification.

Under the terms of the CVMSHCP and Joint Project Review, Trustee Agency review should be fully incorporated into the CVCC Joint Project Review (JPR) and finalized by the parties prior to initiation of CEQA. This is a critical factor, because the outcome of federal / state trustee input adapts project design and the mitigation program.

OVERVIEW - Oswit Land Trust would be pleased to meet with the Planning Department or community leadership and discuss possibilities of giving greater input into ways the city might incorporate future environmental protection into its Land Use Element, Conservation Element, Open Space Element, and/or Climate Action Plan. Our organization has achieved a prominent role in stewardship of open space lands, and we would be proud to find ways we can partner with the City of La Quinta to share meaningful information.



The City of La Quinta is known for its sensitivity towards preserving the natural beauty and integrity of its resort town character and neighborhood quality of life while respecting the unique qualities and demands of its surrounding natural environment. This certainly includes the privilege of living both within and adjacent to the viewshed and protection of the stunning Santa Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains Conservation Area (SRSJM).

The Coachella Valley is fortunate to possess a nearby rare sanctuary for endangered and threatened species, or the Living Desert Zoo and Gardens. The Living Desert's education programs catalogue the devastating decline of flora and fauna that has occurred both locally and worldwide within the last century, and it is a warning that the beauty and "hospitality of nature" we so completely take for granted may end unless we attend to the reality of its needs.

Within this beautiful valley, all residents and community leaders have the opportunity of preservation. The footprint for this has come through the education, labor, and sacrifice of many brilliant men and women who came before us, whether that be the native tribes who maintained the valley in pristine condition through the millennia, or the scientists, politicians, and biologists who have created the stunning preserves that surround us. Now it is time to honor their work.

The Oswit Land Trust nonprofit leadership and the members that support us ask that the City of La Quinta remain deeply sensitive to hillside protection, open space preservation, watershed protection, scenic views, and species preservation. The Travertine Project can only be seen as an intrusion and threat, and for very logical reasons. Its placement intrudes into biological areas that are classified as highly sensitive. What is missing is the expected "buffer" between high intensity urban uses and a rare and endangered ecosystem that lies both within Travertine project boundaries and adjacent to its boundaries.

Our objection is (1) the ill-advised placement of resort activity and high-intensity residential uses in a hillside and sensitive watershed environment; (2) together with a concern that the environmental documentation does not show the level of detail and thoughtfulness on how and in what manner the Travertine project design must adapt to ensure compatibility with its surroundings or compliance with legal mandates from federal and state agencies.

Oswit Land Trust reviewed the Draft EIR and its copious Appendices, trying to find an integrated view of the project mitigation, and it does not exist. The mitigation approach is quite standardized



in a setting that calls for detail, explicitness, and organization so that the decisionmakers, public, and agencies can determine whether compatibility with federal and state standards and environmental mitigation has been achieved. We doubt that it has yet been achieved, but the "hunt" for missing threads of information to tie back to agency requirements is daunting.

As support for what we say, the February 2021 Joint Project Review (JPR) by the Coachella Valley Conservation Commission (CVCC) concludes (with no proffered evidence to support those conclusions) that the project design in the disturbed area (6.5 acres) has no impact on protected species, and the project complies with the CVMSHCP on the 315 acres with the Conservation Area. The JPR was distributed to **US Fish and Wildlife (USFWL)** and the **California Department of Fish and Wildlife** (CDFWL) in March 2021. Those agencies promptly issued a joint reply to CVCC in which they concluded the JPR failed to include "Avoidance and Minimization Measures" to reduce impacts to the nearby Conservation Areas, and without those identified measures, the agencies are "unable to complete our comments on the JPR." To our knowledge, this has not yet been resolved. At least, the record available to us appears deficient. Our research did not reveal later input from USFWL or CDFWL.

USFWL and CDFWL, in March 2021, challenged the adequacy of information from the applicant to ensure that the project would (1) avoid fragmenting the Bighorn Sheep habitat area; (2) demonstrate a plan to achieve full mitigation of "edge effects" to the Conservation Area; (3) protect the canyon "mouth" and alluvial fans from human intrusion; (4) demonstrate full mitigation for construction activity around the water tanks and access road; and (5) demonstrate plans for adequate fencing, signage and education to prevent off-trail recreational use (including full compliance with regional fencing and trails plans).

Oswit Land Trust checked all Appendices posted at the State Clearinghouse website for the Travertine Specific Plan Amendment, and we have not seen subsequent clearances from USFWL or CDFWL that completes the Joint Project Review. Since mitigation relies upon completion of the JPR, the Draft EIR cannot be ready for certification if this has not occurred.

CVMSHCP JOINT PROJECT REVIEW STATUS – Oswit Land Trust has attached the joint comment letter from USFWL and CDFWL of March 4, 2021, (**Exhibit A**) but we would like to set forth and reiterate the explicit concerns of the agencies within the body of our comment letter. During our



research, we checked the Biological Opinion (October 2023), Appendix D.1. to the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIR) posted on the State Clearinghouse, and found a poor, if not entirely deficient correlation between these requests from the trustee agencies for the Conservation Area, and the description of intended mitigation in the Biological Opinion of the DEIR (Appendix D.1). We have attached excerpts of the Bio Opinions. (Exhibit B). The text of the USFWL and CDFWL JPR Comments (March 4, 2021) follows:

"The project application information provided has insufficient information to evaluate if the Required Measures for the Conservation Area include the Covered Species Conservation Goals and Objectives in Section 9. These objectives include: (1) Objective 1b: Ensure implementation of avoidance, minimization, and mitigation measures as described in Section 4.4, and Land Use Adjacency Guidelines as described in Section 4.5; and (2) Objective 1d: Ensure that any development allowed does not fragment Habitat, and that edge effects from such Development are minimized. Insufficient information has been provided to adequately review if Land Use Adjacency Guidelines have been addressed. The Wildlife Agencies have outlined our comments and concerns below that should be addressed such that CVCC has adequate information to conclude the projects consistency determination." At page 2.

Wildlife Agency Project Concerns:

- 1. "In addition to being state and federally listed, Nelson bighorn sheep [Peninsular Range DPS; Peninsular bighorn sheep (Ovis canadensis nelsoni); bighorn sheep] have the classification of Fully Protected by the State of California. This means that they may not be taken or possessed at any time and no licenses or permits may be issued for their take. Impacts to the habitat of bighorn sheep are permitted per the terms of the Service's BO and the MSHCP. The Wildlife Agencies ask that all project documents, including the JPR, are updated to accurately reflect this fact.
- 2. Please clarify if there are plans for fuel modification zones surrounding any of the development facilities. If so, please describe these fuel modification activities and their timing and location, and associated avoidance and minimization measures and land use adjacency guidelines to minimize impacts on the Conservation Area, bighorn sheep and their critical habitat.



3. Please clarify that all outdoor lighting associated with the development plan will be down-shielded and directed away from the hillsides in accordance with the City of La Quinta municipal code."

Water Tanks:

"The BO includes avoidance and minimization measures associated with the construction of the water tanks including, but not limited to, depressing and screening the tanks, painting above- ground portions of the tanks with non-reflective paint that blends with surrounding habitat, installing access gates to the maintenance road to reduce recreational use and development of new trails, and avoiding nighttime lighting of the water tank facilities. The JPR however, does not identify avoidance and minimization measures. Thus, the Wildlife Agencies request additional information, and recommend incorporation into the JPR specific avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts on the nearby Conservation Area and the area's important wildlife resources.

- 1. The JPR states that 6.5 acres of additional disturbance are anticipated inside the Conservation Area for work related to the construction of two water tanks and the associated maintenance road. The BO states that the footprint of the water tanks and access road is expected to be 6 acres. Please clarify this discrepancy in impact acreage and any implications for compensatory mitigation. Please update the work plan with the anticipated timeline/phasing for the construction of the water tanks and associated road in relation to other project components. Some conditions and measures in the BO are expected to occur at certain points in the Project's timeline.
- 2. Please identify any areas where temporary impacts associated with the construction of the water tanks and/or road will take place. This should include an exhibit of the temporary impacts and restoration plans for these areas. Additionally, the Wildlife Agencies recommend that habitats are restored using native plant seeds sourced from the nearby area.
- 3. Please outline any operations and maintenance activities that will be required on the water tanks or associated road. This should include details on how impacts to wildlife resources will be avoided and/or minimized." At page 3.



Nature Trail:

"The Biological Opinion (BO) includes avoidance and minimization measures associated with the construction and use of the nature trail including, but not limited to, fencing to discourage off-trail recreational use, signage on permitted uses of the trail, educational materials on bighorn sheep, and personnel to monitor trail use and control access to adjacent hills. The JPR however, does not identify avoidance and minimization measures; thus, the Wildlife Agencies are requesting additional information, and incorporation into the JPR specific avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts on the nearby Conservation Area and the area's important wildlife resources.

- 1. Maps provided with the JPR show that a trail enters the Conservation Area (Exhibit 7 Recreation Plan), and this is also reflected in the BO. Please confirm whether these trails have since been rerouted to avoid the Conservation Area.
- 2. The BO (pg. 4) states there will be a 200 ft buffer between the development and bighorn sheep habitat (100 ft buffer plus an additional 100 ft buffer associated with the nature trail). Are these setbacks consistent with the current development plan?
- 3. In previous meetings, Wildlife Agencies have discussed the idea of moving the nature trail further away from the Conservation Area. However, the Wildlife Agencies are unable to determine if that recommendation was implemented. Thus, we recommend that a larger buffer area is created between the nature trail and the Martinez Rockslide to minimize edge effects.
- 4. Please indicate if any nighttime artificial lighting will be used in association with the nature trail. The Wildlife Agencies recommend no nighttime artificial lighting is used along the trail to avoid negative impacts the wildlife resources. Trail use curfews should be clearly identified using signage and specific measures identified on how curfews will be enforced and who is responsible for enforcement.
- 5. Please add additional details on the permitted uses of the nature trail as the JPR does not clearly identify the types of use that will be allowed on the nature trail. The Wildlife Agencies recommend the Project ensures compatibility of recreation types to avoid and/or minimize impacts to wildlife resources. For instance,



equestrian use and mountain biking are generally not compatible on the same trail system.

- 6. Please clarify what enforcement mechanisms will exist to identify, control, and enforce the construction of new trails, off-trail use, and other prohibited recreational activities.
- 7. In addition to fencing plans in the BO, the Wildlife Agencies recommend that a post and cable type fencing is used along the nature trail and in other areas adjacent to conserved areas. This type of fencing has proven helpful at keeping recreational users on the nature trail and out of sensitive resource areas." At pages 3 and 4

CEQA REQUIREMENTS – COMPLETION OF THE JPR PRIOR TO INITIATION OF CEQA – The initiation, sequence, timing, and finalization of the CVMSHCP Joint Project Review (JPA) should occur at the earliest possible stage, according to Section 6.6.1.1 JPA Agreement, to identify and incorporate the requirements of federal / state trustee agencies into project design. As a legal point, the JPA should be finalized prior to initiation of a Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) for submission and circulation for public review. As requested above, Oswit Land Trust is asking that the following CVMSHCP requirement be shared with legal counsel for the City of La Quinta for a determination of whether the JPA process is incomplete and pending, and an evaluation of its impact on DEIR review:

"6.6.1.1. Joint Project Review Process within Conservation Areas

For purposes of overseeing compliance with the requirements of the MSHCP and the IA, a Joint Project Review Process shall be instituted by CVCC for all projects under the Local Permittees' jurisdiction in a Conservation Area that would result in disturbance to Habitat, natural communities, Biological Corridors, or Essential Ecological Processes. O&M of Covered Activities is not subject to the Joint Project Review Process. This process shall in no way limit the Local Permittees' land use authority. The purpose of the Joint Project Review Process is to allow CVCC to facilitate and monitor implementation of the MSHCP. To assist the Local Permittees in meeting the Conservation Goals and Objectives and implementing the Required Measures of the Plan, Local Permittees' Covered Activities identified in Tables 7-1 through 7-12 as having the potential to affect connectivity of habitat within the Conservation Areas shall consult with CVCC at the pre-design stage regarding the size, location, and configuration of wildlife undercrossings. Consultation



with CVCC is needed at this early stage to ensure that alternatives are fully evaluated to achieve Conservation Area Conservation Objectives prior to public release of environmental documents prepared pursuant to CEQA. [emphasis added]"

"COMMUNITY SEPARATOR" PROVISIONS AND OVERLAY ZONES – A secondary issue we would like to present is the prevalence of research information from cities and counties in California and throughout the United States who are using "community separator zones" to buffer sensitive impact areas from high intensity urban uses. These procedures appear to be in prolific use throughout planning communities and are highly popular with the public. We urge the City of La Quinta to give attention to this concept.

(1) Oswit Land Trust has attached a Northern Colorado study (Exhibit C) that concentrates upon a "buffer" plan to correct the loss of community identity (community "edges") and prevent small Northern Colorado towns from merging into an indistinguishable metropolitan mass. Despite its urban emphasis, the study prominently includes protection of agricultural lands and natural resource areas and identifies the criteria, using a ranking of values (1-5) of future planned open space buffer (corridor) characteristics. In popular support of the study findings, a majority of Northern Colorado communities entered into a cooperative planning agreement (Inter-Agency Agreement) to adopt the planning principles of "community separators," and it is currently in wide use.

The significance of this approach is that the study criteria identifies biological "corridors" and "linkages" critical to maintain so that migration of species and water flow can be maintained, and it prevents urban growth from "pressing" into these areas to degrade environmental values. The biological sensitive areas are either surrounded by buffers or "separators" or they become the "separators" themselves, depending upon their classification. The method uses California's standard practice of adopting goals and objectives that reflect data, studies, science, ranking of values, and GIS mapping to understand how land values interact.

This level of assessment is badly needed in the Coachella Valley. "Community Separators" or "Urban Edges" as an Open Space concept (included in the General Plan of a city or county) is in wide use throughout the United States and California. Given the advanced opportunities and environmental values of the Coachella Valley, its use locally is imperative. The CVMSHCP Adjacency Guidelines were not designed to achieve this result, since their emphasis is internal to CVMSHCP core land areas but can be coordinated with this effort.



(2) A second document attached (**Exhibit D**) is a voter ballot issue adopted in 2016 in the County of Sonoma. The local surveys showed 85% public approval of buffering guidelines to prevent urban sprawl into sensitive areas and to prevent loss of "urban edges" between local jurisdictions. The ballot vote passed with 81% voter approval in 2016. This was a renewal of a 1996 voter initiative that had passed with great public support but needed to be renewed with a lifeline of success spanning **twenty-seven years** to protect natural land areas in Sonoma County. We offer these planning examples to inspire local leadership with the possibility of increasingly effective ways to reconcile aggressive population growth with sound environmental stewardship.

Oswit Land Trust, its leadership, staff, and members thanks the community of La Quinta for your hard work and dedication to preserving strong community values. We look forward to meeting with you and sincerely hope to find ways to partner in achieving our joint goals.

Sincerely,

Jane Garrison,

Executive Director Oswit Land Trust

Jan De

ATTACHMENTS:

Exhibit A – Appendix D.5 to DEIR, Joint JPR Comments from USFWL and CDFWL (March 4, 2021)

Exhibit B – Appendix D.1 to DEIR, Bio Opinion with SRSJM Mitigation- Excerpts (October 2023)

Exhibit C – Northern Colorado Community Separator Report

Exhibit D – Sonoma County Community Separators Protection Ordinance

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM WESTERN STATES REGIONAL COUNCIL OF CARPENTERS PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - COMMENTS REGARDING THE PROPOSED PROJECT

From: Jonathan Montano <jonathan@mitchtsailaw.com>

Sent: Monday, March 4, 2024 4:46 PM

To: City Clerk Mail

Cc: Reza Bonachea Mohamadzadeh; Mitchell M. Tsai Attorney at Law, P.C.; Planning

WebMail; Consulting Planner

Subject: Written Comments - WSRCC - [City of La Quinta, Coral Mountain Resort] 3/5/24 City

Council Public Hearing

Attachments: 20240305_CityofLaQuinta_CoralMountainResort_CC_CommentLetter_final.pdf

Some people who received this message don't often get email from jonathan@mitchtsailaw.com. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Good afternoon,

Please find attached our office's comment letter submission for the Club at Coral Mountain public hearing at the March 5, 2024 city council hearing.

Please acknowledge receipt of this email and the attached comment letter.

Thank you kindly,

__

Jonathan Montano

Paralegal

Mitchell M. Tsai Law Firm - Environmental & Land Use Litigation

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VIA E-MAIL

March 4, 2024

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RE: Western States Regional Council of Carpenters' Comments Regarding the City of La Quinta's Coral Mountain Resort Project

Dear Design and Development Department and Planning Commissioners,

On behalf of the Western States Regional Council of Carpenters ("Western Carpenters" or "WSRCC"), my Office is submitting these comments on the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) and the Final Environmental Impact Report (FEIR) for the City of La Quinta's ("City") March 5, 2024, City Council (CC) for the Coral Mountain Resort Project ("Project").

Western Carpenters is a labor union representing almost 90,000 union carpenters in 12 states, including California, and has a strong interest in well-ordered land use planning and in addressing the environmental impacts of development projects.

According to the Draft EIR:

The project area encompasses 929 acres. As previously stated in Section 3.4, Project Site History, the project site is currently a part of the "Andalusia at Coral Mountain Specific Plan 03-067", which includes the area south of Avenue 58 and east and west of Madison Street. The area east of Madison Street encompasses the Andalusia Country Club property. The area west of Madison Street is currently vacant. Amendment V of Specific Plan 03-067 is being processed to remove the area west of Madison Street from the Specific Plan area, thus, creating two separate and distinct communities, "Coral Mountain Resort", west of Madison Street, and "Andalusia Country Club", east of Madison Street. The project proposes several applications leading to the development of a boutique resort with a recreational surf wave facility, as well as planned residential neighborhoods and commercial and recreational uses on the west side of Madison Street. The ultimate build-out of the approximately 386-acre Specific Plan area includes up to 600 residential units on 232.3 acres; a resort hotel with up to 150 keys and complementary resort uses and amenities, a recreational surf facility, and 57,000 square feet of commercial development on 120.8 acres; 60,000 square feet of neighborhood commercial uses on 7.7 acres, and open space recreational uses on approximately 23.6 acres.

(Draft EIR, pp. 3-9.)

Individual members of Western Carpenters live, work, and recreate in the City and surrounding communities and would be directly affected by the Project's environmental impacts.

Western Carpenters expressly reserves the right to supplement these comments at or prior to hearings on the Project, and at any later hearing and proceeding related to this Project. Gov. Code, § 65009, subd. (b); Pub. Res. Code, § 21177, subd. (a); see Bakersfield Citizens for Local Control v. Bakersfield (2004) 124 Cal.App.4th 1184, 1199-1203; see also Galante Vineyards v. Monterey Water Dist. (1997) 60 Cal.App.4th 1109, 1121. Western Carpenters incorporates by reference all comments raising issues regarding the EIR submitted prior to its certification. See Citizens for Clean Energy v City of Woodland (2014) 225 Cal.App.4th 173, 191 (finding that any party who has objected

City of La Qunita – Coral Mountain Resort March 5, 2024 Page 3 of 17

to the project's environmental documentation may assert any issue timely raised by other parties).

Moreover, Western Carpenters requests that the City provide notice for any and all notices referring or related to the Project issued under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Pub. Res. Code, § 21000 et seq.), and the California Planning and Zoning Law ("Planning and Zoning Law") (Gov. Code, §§ 65000–65010). California Public Resources Code Sections 21092.2, and 21167(f) and California Government Code Section 65092 require agencies to mail such notices to any person who has filed a written request for them with the clerk of the agency's governing body.

I. THE CITY SHOULD REQUIRE THE USE OF A LOCAL WORKFORCE TO BENEFIT THE COMMUNITY'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENT.

The City should require the Project to be built using a local workers who have graduated from a Joint Labor-Management Apprenticeship Program approved by the State of California, have at least as many hours of on-the-job experience in the applicable craft which would be required to graduate from such a state-approved apprenticeship training program, or who are registered apprentices in a state-approved apprenticeship training program.

Community benefits such as local hire can also be helpful to reduce environmental impacts and improve the positive economic impact of the Project. Local hire provisions requiring that a certain percentage of workers reside within 10 miles or less of the Project site can reduce the length of vendor trips, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and provide localized economic benefits. As environmental consultants Matt Hagemann and Paul E. Rosenfeld note:

[A]ny local hire requirement that results in a decreased worker trip length from the default value has the potential to result in a reduction of construction-related GHG emissions, though the significance of the reduction would vary based on the location and urbanization level of the project site.

March 8, 2021, SWAPE Letter to Mitchell M. Tsai re Local Hire Requirements and Considerations for Greenhouse Gas Modeling.

Workforce requirements promote the development of skilled trades that yield sustainable economic development. As the California Workforce Development Board

and the University of California, Berkeley Center for Labor Research and Education concluded:

[L]abor should be considered an investment rather than a cost—and investments in growing, diversifying, and upskilling California's workforce can positively affect returns on climate mitigation efforts. In other words, well-trained workers are key to delivering emissions reductions and moving California closer to its climate targets.¹

Furthermore, workforce policies have significant environmental benefits given that they improve an area's jobs-housing balance, decreasing the amount and length of job commutes and the associated greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. In fact, on May 7, 2021, the South Coast Air Quality Management District found that that the "[u]se of a local state-certified apprenticeship program" can result in air pollutant reductions.²

Locating jobs closer to residential areas can have significant environmental benefits. As the California Planning Roundtable noted in 2008:

People who live and work in the same jurisdiction would be more likely to take transit, walk, or bicycle to work than residents of less balanced communities and their vehicle trips would be shorter. Benefits would include potential reductions in both vehicle miles traveled and vehicle hours traveled.³

Moreover, local hire mandates and skill-training are critical facets of a strategy to reduce vehicle miles traveled (VMT). As planning experts Robert Cervero and Michael Duncan have noted, simply placing jobs near housing stock is insufficient to achieve VMT reductions given that the skill requirements of available local jobs must

¹ California Workforce Development Board (2020) Putting California on the High Road: A Jobs and Climate Action Plan for 2030 at p. ii, *available at* https://laborcenter.berkeley.edu/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/Putting-California-on-the-High-Road.pdf.

² South Coast Air Quality Management District (May 7, 2021) Certify Final Environmental Assessment and Adopt Proposed Rule 2305 – Warehouse Indirect Source Rule – Warehouse Actions and Investments to Reduce Emissions Program, and Proposed Rule 316 – Fees for Rule 2305, Submit Rule 2305 for Inclusion Into the SIP, and Approve Supporting Budget Actions, *available at* http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/Agendas/Governing-Board/2021/2021-May7-027.pdf?sfvrsn=10.

³ California Planning Roundtable (2008) Deconstructing Jobs-Housing Balance at p. 6, available at https://cproundtable.org/static/media/uploads/publications/cpr-jobs-housing.pdf

match those held by local residents.⁴ Some municipalities have even tied local hire and other workforce policies to local development permits to address transportation issues. Cervero and Duncan note that:

In nearly built-out Berkeley, CA, the approach to balancing jobs and housing is to create local jobs rather than to develop new housing. The city's First Source program encourages businesses to hire local residents, especially for entry- and intermediate-level jobs, and sponsors vocational training to ensure residents are employment-ready. While the program is voluntary, some 300 businesses have used it to date, placing more than 3,000 city residents in local jobs since it was launched in 1986. When needed, these carrots are matched by sticks, since the city is not shy about negotiating corporate participation in First Source as a condition of approval for development permits.

Recently, the State of California verified its commitment towards workforce development through the Affordable Housing and High Road Jobs Act of 2022, otherwise known as Assembly Bill No. 2011 ("AB2011"). AB2011 amended the Planning and Zoning Law to allow ministerial, by-right approval for projects being built alongside commercial corridors that meet affordability and labor requirements.

The City should consider utilizing local workforce policies and requirements to benefit the local area economically and to mitigate greenhouse gas, improve air quality, and reduce transportation impacts.

II. THE CITY SHOULD IMPOSE TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROJECT'S CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO PREVENT SPREAD OF COVID-19 AND OTHER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Construction work has been defined as a Lower to High-risk activity for COVID-19 spread by the Occupations Safety and Health Administration. Several construction sites have been identified as sources of community spread of COVID-19.⁵

⁴ Cervero, Robert and Duncan, Michael (2006) Which Reduces Vehicle Travel More: Jobs-Housing Balance or Retail-Housing Mixing? Journal of the American Planning Association 72 (4), 475-490, 482, *available at* http://reconnectingamerica.org/assets/Uploads/UTCT-825.pdf.

⁵ Santa Clara County Public Health (June 12, 2020) COVID-19 CASES AT CONSTRUCTION SITES HIGHLIGHT NEED FOR CONTINUED VIGILANCE IN

Western Carpenters recommend that the Lead Agency adopt additional requirements to mitigate public health risks from the Project's construction activities. WSRCC requests that the Lead Agency require safe on-site construction work practices as well as training and certification for any construction workers on the Project Site.

In particular, based upon Western Carpenters' experience with safe construction site work practices, WSRCC recommends that the Lead Agency require that while construction activities are being conducted at the Project Site:

Construction Site Design:

- The Project Site will be limited to two controlled entry points.
- Entry points will have temperature screening technicians taking temperature readings when the entry point is open.
- The Temperature Screening Site Plan shows details regarding access to the Project Site and Project Site logistics for conducting temperature screening.
- A 48-hour advance notice will be provided to all trades prior to the first day of temperature screening.
- The perimeter fence directly adjacent to the entry points will be clearly marked indicating the appropriate 6-foot social distancing position for when you approach the screening area. Please reference the Apex temperature screening site map for additional details.
- There will be clear signage posted at the project site directing you through temperature screening.
- Provide hand washing stations throughout the construction site.

Testing Procedures:

- The temperature screening being used are non-contact devices.
- Temperature readings will not be recorded.
- Personnel will be screened upon entering the testing center and

- should only take 1-2 seconds per individual.
- Hard hats, head coverings, sweat, dirt, sunscreen or any other cosmetics must be removed on the forehead before temperature screening.
- Anyone who refuses to submit to a temperature screening or does not answer the health screening questions will be refused access to the Project Site.
- Screening will be performed at both entrances from 5:30 am to 7:30 am.; main gate [ZONE 1] and personnel gate [ZONE 2]
- After 7:30 am only the main gate entrance [ZONE 1] will continue to be used for temperature testing for anybody gaining entry to the project site such as returning personnel, deliveries, and visitors.
- If the digital thermometer displays a temperature reading above 100.0 degrees Fahrenheit, a second reading will be taken to verify an accurate reading.
- If the second reading confirms an elevated temperature, DHS will instruct the individual that he/she will not be allowed to enter the Project Site. DHS will also instruct the individual to promptly notify his/her supervisor and his/her human resources (HR) representative and provide them with a copy of Annex A.

Planning

• Require the development of an Infectious Disease Preparedness and Response Plan that will include basic infection prevention measures (requiring the use of personal protection equipment), policies and procedures for prompt identification and isolation of sick individuals, social distancing (prohibiting gatherings of no more than 10 people including all-hands meetings and all-hands lunches) communication and training and workplace controls that meet standards that may be promulgated by the Center for Disease Control, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, Cal/OSHA, California Department of Public Health or applicable

local public health agencies.⁶

The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Carpenters International Training Fund has developed COVID-19 Training and Certification to ensure that Carpenter union members and apprentices conduct safe work practices. The Agency should require that all construction workers undergo COVID-19 Training and Certification before being allowed to conduct construction activities at the Project Site.

Western Carpenters has also developed a rigorous Infection Control Risk Assessment ("ICRA") training program to ensure it delivers a workforce that understands how to identify and control infection risks by implementing protocols to protect themselves and all others during renovation and construction projects in healthcare environments.⁷

ICRA protocols are intended to contain pathogens, control airflow, and protect patients during the construction, maintenance and renovation of healthcare facilities. ICRA protocols prevent cross contamination, minimizing the risk of secondary infections in patients at hospital facilities.

The City should require the Project to be built using a workforce trained in ICRA protocols.

III. THE PROJECT WOULD BE APPROVED IN VIOLATION OF THE CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT.

A. Background Concerning the California Environmental Quality Act.

The California Environmental Quality Act is a California statute designed to inform decision-makers and the public about the potential significant environmental effects of a project. 14 California Code of Regulations ("CEQA Guidelines"), § 15002, subd. (a)(1).8 At its core, its purpose is to "inform the public and its responsible officials of

⁶ See also The Center for Construction Research and Training, North America's Building Trades Unions (April 27 2020) NABTU and CPWR COVIC-19 Standards for U.S Constructions Sites, available at https://www.cpwr.com/sites/default/files/NABTU_CPWR_Standards_COVID-19.pdf; Los Angeles County Department of Public Works (2020) Guidelines for Construction Sites During COVID-19 Pandemic, available at https://dpw.lacounty.gov/building-and-safety/docs/pw_guidelines-construction-sites.pdf.

⁷ For details concerning Western Carpenters's ICRA training program, *see* https://icrahealthcare.com/.

⁸ The CEQA Guidelines, codified in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, section 15000 et seq., are regulatory guidelines promulgated by the state Natural Resources Agency for the implementation of CEQA. Cal. Pub. Res. Code, § 21083. The CEQA Guidelines are

the environmental consequences of their decisions before they are made." Citizens of Goleta Valley v. Board of Supervisors (1990) 52 Cal.3d 553, 564.

1. Background Concerning Environmental Impact Reports.

CEQA directs public agencies to avoid or reduce environmental damage, when possible, by requiring alternatives or mitigation measures. CEQA Guidelines, § 15002, subds. (a)(2)-(3); see also Berkeley Keep Jets Over the Bay Committee v. Board of Port Comes (2001) 91 Cal.App.4th 1344, 1354; Citizens of Goleta Valley v. Board of Supervisors (1990) 52 Cal.3d 553; Laurel Heights Improvement Assn., 47 Cal.3d at p. 400. The EIR serves to provide public agencies and the public in general with information about the effect that a proposed project is likely to have on the environment and to "identify ways that environmental damage can be avoided or significantly reduced." CEQA Guidelines, § 15002, subd. (a)(2). If the project has a significant effect on the environment, the agency may approve the project only upon finding that it has "eliminated or substantially lessened all significant effects on the environment where feasible" and that any unavoidable significant effects on the environment are "acceptable due to overriding concerns" specified in Public Resources Code section 21081. See CEQA Guidelines, § 15092, subds. (b)(2)(A)-(B).

While the courts review an EIR using an 'abuse of discretion' standard, the reviewing court is not to *uncritically* rely on every study or analysis presented by a project proponent in support of its position. *Berkeley Jets*, 91 Cal.App.4th at p. 1355 (quoting *Laurel Heights Improvement Assn.*, 47 Cal.3d at pp. 391, 409 fn. 12) (internal quotations omitted). A clearly inadequate or unsupported study is entitled to no judicial deference. *Id.* Drawing this line and determining whether the EIR complies with CEQA's information disclosure requirements presents a question of law subject to independent review by the courts. *Sierra Club v. County of Fresno* (2018) 6 Cal.5th 502, 515; *Madera Oversight Coalition, Inc. v. County of Madera* (2011) 199 Cal.App.4th 48, 102, 131. As the court stated in *Berkeley Jets*, prejudicial abuse of discretion occurs if the failure to include relevant information precludes informed decision-making and informed public participation, thereby thwarting the statutory goals of the EIR process. 91 Cal.App.4th at p. 1355 (internal quotations omitted).

The preparation and circulation of an EIR is more than a set of technical hurdles for

given "great weight in interpreting CEQA except when . . . clearly unauthorized or erroneous." Center for Biological Diversity v. Dept. of Fish & Wildlife (2015) 62 Cal.4th 204, 217.

agencies and developers to overcome. Communities for a Better Environment v. Richmond (2010) 184 Cal. App. 4th 70, 80 (quoting Vineyard Area Citizens for Responsible Growth, Inc. v. City of Rancho Cordova (2007) 40 Cal. 4th 412, 449-450). The EIR's function is to ensure that government officials who decide to build or approve a project do so with a full understanding of the environmental consequences and, equally important, that the public is assured those consequences have been considered. Id. For the EIR to serve these goals it must present information so that the foreseeable impacts of pursuing the project can be understood and weighed, and the public must be given an adequate opportunity to comment on that presentation before the decision to go forward is made. Id.

A strong presumption in favor of requiring preparation of an EIR is built into CEQA. This presumption is reflected in what is known as the "fair argument" standard under which an EIR must be prepared whenever substantial evidence in the record supports a fair argument that a project may have a significant effect on the environment. *Quail Botanical Gardens Found., Inc. v. City of Encinitas* (1994) 29 Cal.App.4th 1597, 1602; *Friends of "B" St.* v. *City of Hayward* (1980) 106 Cal.3d 988, 1002.

The fair argument test stems from the statutory mandate that an EIR be prepared for any project that "may have a significant effect on the environment." PRC, § 21151; see No Oil, Inc. v. City of Los Angeles (1974) 13 Cal.App.3d 68, 75; accord Jensen v. City of Santa Rosa (2018) 23 Cal.App.5th 877, 884. Under this test, if a proposed project is not exempt and may cause a significant effect on the environment, the lead agency must prepare an EIR. PRC, §§ 21100 (a), 21151; CEQA Guidelines, § 15064 (a)(1), (f)(1). An EIR may be dispensed with only if the lead agency finds no substantial evidence in the initial study or elsewhere in the record that the project may have a significant effect on the environment. Parker Shattuck Neighbors v. Berkeley City Council (2013) 222 Cal.App.4th 768, 785. In such a situation, the agency must adopt a negative declaration. PRC, § 21080, subd. (c)(1); CEQA Guidelines, §§ 15063 (b)(2), 15064(f)(3).

"Significant effect upon the environment" is defined as "a substantial or potentially substantial adverse change in the environment." PRC, § 21068; CEQA Guidelines, § 15382. A project may have a significant effect on the environment if there is a reasonable probability that it will result in a significant impact. No Oil, Inc., 13 Cal.3d at p. 83 fn. 16; see Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296, 309. If any aspect of the project may result in a significant impact on the environment, an

EIR must be prepared even if the overall effect of the project is beneficial. CEQA Guidelines, § 15063(b)(1); see *County Sanitation Dist. No. 2 v. County of Kern* (2005) 127 Cal.App.4th 1544, 1580.

This standard sets a "low threshold" for preparation of an EIR. Consolidated Irrigation Dist. v. City of Selma (2012) 204 Cal.App.4th 187, 207; Nelson v. County of Kern (2010) 190 Cal.App.4th 252; Pocket Protectors v. City of Sacramento (2004) 124 Cal.App.4th 903, 928; Bowman v. City of Berkeley (2004) 122 Cal.App.4th 572, 580; Citizen Action to Serve All Students v. Thornley (1990) 222 Cal.App.3d 748, 754; Sundstrom, 202 Cal.App.3d at p. 310. If substantial evidence in the record supports a fair argument that the project may have a significant environmental effect, the lead agency must prepare an EIR even if other substantial evidence before it indicates the project will have no significant effect. See Jensen, 23 Cal.App.5th at p. 886; Clews Land & Livestock v. City of San Diego (2017) 19 Cal.App.5th 161, 183; Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v. County of Stanislaus (1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 144, 150; Brentwood Assn. for No Drilling, Inc. v. City of Los Angeles (1982) 134 Cal.App.3d 491; Friends of "B" St., 106 Cal.App.3d 988; CEQA Guidelines, § 15064(f)(1).

IV. EXPERT COMMENTS ON THE PROJECT'S ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS.

This comment letter includes comments from air quality and greenhouse gas experts Matt Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg. and Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. concerning the FEIR. Their comments, attachments, and Curriculum Vitae ("CV") are hereby attached and incorporated by reference as (Exhibit D).

Matt Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg. ("Mr. Hagemann") has over 30 years of experience in environmental policy, contaminant assessment and remediation, stormwater compliance, and CEQA review. He spent nine years with the U.S. EPA in the RCRA and Superfund programs and served as EPA's Senior Science Policy Advisor in the Western Regional Office where he identified emerging threats to groundwater from perchlorate and MTBE. While with EPA, Mr. Hagemann also served as Senior Hydrogeologist in the oversight of the assessment of seven major military facilities undergoing base closer. He led numerous enforcement actions under provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA") and directed efforts to improve hydrogeologic characterization and water quality monitoring.

For the past 15 years, Mr. Hagemann has worked as a founding partner with SWAPE

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(Soil/Water/Air Protection Enterprise). At SWAPE, Mr. Hagemann has developed extensive client relationships and has managed complex projects that include consultation as an expert witness and a regulatory specialist, and a manager of projects ranging from industrial stormwater compliance to CEQA review of impacts from hazardous waste, air quality, and greenhouse gas emissions.

Mr. Hagemann has a Bachelor of Arts degree in geology from Humboldt State University in California and a Masters in Science degree from California State University Los Angeles in California.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. ("Dr. Rosenfeld") is a principal environmental chemist at SWAPE. Dr. Rosenfeld has over 25 years' experience conducting environmental investigations and risk assessments for evaluating impacts on human health, property, and ecological receptors. His expertise focuses on the fate and transport of environmental contaminants, human health risks, exposure assessment, and ecological restoration. Dr. Rosenfeld has evaluated and modeled emissions from unconventional oil drilling operations, oil spills, landfills, boilers and incinerators, process stacks, storage tanks, confined animal feeding operations, and many other industrial and agricultural sources. His project experience ranges from monitoring and modeling of pollution sources to evaluating impacts of pollution on workers at industrial facilities and residents in surrounding communities.

Dr. Rosenfeld has investigated and designed remediation programs and risk assessments for contaminated sites containing lead, heavy metals, mold, bacteria, particular matter, petroleum hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvents, pesticides, radioactive waste, dioxins and furans, semi- and volatile organic compounds, PCBs, PAHs, perchlorate, asbestos, per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFOA/PFOS), unusual polymers, fuel oxygenates (MTBE), among other pollutants, Dr. Rosenfeld also has experience evaluating greenhouse gas emissions from various projects and is an expert on the assessment of odors from industrial and agricultural sites, as well as the evaluation of odor nuisance impacts and technologies for abatement of odorous emissions. As a principal scientist at SWAPE, Dr. Rosenfeld directs air dispersion modeling and exposure assessments. He has served as an expert witness and testified about pollution sources causing nuisance and/or personal injury at dozens of sites and has testified as an expert witness on more than ten cases involving exposure to air contaminants from industrial sources.

Dr. Rosenfeld has a Ph.D. in soil chemistry from the University of Washington, M.S.

in environmental science from U.C. Berkeley, and B.A. in environmental studies from U.C. Santa Barbara.

V. THE FINAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT IS DEFICIENT.

- A. The DEIR and FEIR Fail to Properly Evaluate and Mitigate the Project's Air Quality Impacts.
 - 1. The Project's Total Operational Air Quality Impacts May Be Grossly Underestimated.

The DEIR improperly calculates the Project's operational emissions because it fails to sum the emissions for Phase 1, Phase 2, and Phase 3 in order to estimate the Project's total operational air quality impact. (DEIR, p. 3-23.)

As experts Matt Hagemann and Paul Rosenfeld state, "[i]n order to correctly evaluate the Project's air quality impact, we summed the DEIR's operational air quality emissions from all three phases of Project buildout. We found that the Project's operational VOC and NOX emissions exceed the applicable SCAQMD threshold of 55 pounds per day ("lbs/day")". (Exhibit D, p. 2.)

Accordingly, the City must revise and recirculate the Final EIR to adequately account for this significant impact.

B. The DEIR and FEIR Fail to Properly Evaluate and Mitigate the Project's Health Risk Impacts.

The Project violates CEQA because the EIR does not include a quantified health risk assessment which correlates the Project's construction and operational toxic air contaminant ("TAC") emissions and air pollutants to its impact on human health as set forth on *Sierra Club v. County of Fresno* (2018) 6 Cal.5th 502.

As experts Matt Hagemann and Paul Rosenfeld explain, "construction of the proposed Project would produce diesel particulate matter ("DPM") emissions through the exhaust stacks of construction equipment over a potential construction period of approximately 4- to 6-years ([DEIR] p. 82). Furthermore, the DEIR indicates that the Project would generate approximately 8,932 daily vehicle trips, which would generate additional exhaust emissions and continue to expose nearby sensitive receptors to DPM emissions during Project operation ([DEIR] p. 4.13-43)." (Exhibit D, p. 4.)

Accordingly, the City should require revision and recirculation of the FEIR to

adequately address this concern, as also highlighted in WSRCC's April 26, 2022 comment letter, incorporated herein. Therefore, the EIR should be revised to include an analysis of health risk impacts posed to nearby sensitive receptors from Project-generated DPM emissions for future individual projects.

C. The Project Fails to Properly Evaluate and Mitigate the Project's

Greenhouse Gas Impacts Because the EIR Fails to Describe All Feasible

Mitigation Measures That Can Minimize the Project's Significant

Impacts Associated with GHG Emissions.

A fundamental purpose of an EIR is to identify ways in which a proposed project's significant environmental impacts can be mitigated or avoided. Pub. Res. Code §§ 21002.1(a), 21061. To implement this statutory purpose, an EIR must describe any feasible mitigation measures that can minimize the project's significant environmental effects. PRC §§ 21002.1(a), 21100(b)(3); CEQA Guidelines §§ 15121(a), 15126.4(a).

If the project has a significant effect on the environment, the agency may approve the project only upon finding that it has "eliminated or substantially lessened all significant effects on the environment where feasible" PRC §§ 21002; 21002.1, 21081; CEQA Guidelines §§ 15091, 15092(b)(2)(A); and find that 'specific overriding economic, legal, social, technology or other benefits of the project outweigh the significant effects on the environment." PRC §§ 21002; 21002.1, 21081; CEQA Guidelines §§ 15091, 15092(b)(2)(B). "A gloomy forecast of environmental degradation is of little or no value without pragmatic, concrete means to minimize the impacts and restore ecological equilibrium." *Environmental Council of Sacramento v. City of Sacramento* (2006) 142 Cal.App.4th 1018, 1039.

According to CEQA Guidelines, "[w]hen an EIR has been prepared for a project, the Responsible Agency shall not approve the project as proposed if the agency finds any feasible alternative or feasible mitigation measures within its powers that would substantially lessen or avoid any significant effect the project would have on the environment." CEQA Guidelines Section 15096(g)(2).

The DEIR concludes that the Project will have significant Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions impacts, since "Project implementation would produce GHG emissions totaling 6.46 MTCO2e per SP per year, which would exceed the SCAQMD screening threshold of 3.65 MTCO2e per SP per year". (DEIR, p. 4.7-19.)

The Project proposes to follow certain regulatory requirements and proposes PDF's

and GHG mitigation measure MM GHG-1 to further reduce construction and operational emissions. (DEIR, 4.7-20), Thus, the DEIR concludes the Project's impacts associated with GHG emissions are "significant and unavoidable" (*Id.*)

However, an impact can only be labeled as significant-and-unavoidable after all available, feasible mitigation is considered and the EIR lacks substantial evidence to support a finding that no other feasible mitigation existed to mitigate Project's significant impacts.

The EIR fails to demonstrate consistency with all the measures and strategies of the 2020 SCAG RTP/SCS Plan. Thus, the EIR fails to demonstrate that all feasible mitigation measures were considered. To the extent that the Project fails to comply with the measures mentioned above, the Project EIR has failed to mitigate GHG emissions to the extent feasible.

Experts Paul Rosenfeld and Matt Hagemann identify several mitigation measures that are applicable to the proposed Project. Therefore, to reduce the Project's emissions, including SCAG's 2020 RTP/SCS PEIR's Air Quality Project Level Mitigation Measures ("PMM-AQ-1") and Greenhouse Gas Project Level Mitigation Measures ("PMM-GHG-1"). (Exhibit D, p. 5.)

Furthermore, the EIR fails to integrate or consider many GHG reduction measures outlined in the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) August 2010 Report which the South Coast Air Quality Management District has recognized as a "comprehensive guidance document for quantifying the effectiveness of GHG mitigation measures."¹⁰

9 "4.0 Mitigation Measures." Connect SoCal Program Environmental Impact Report Addendum #1, September 2020, available at https://scag.ca.gov/sites/main/files/file-attachments/fpeirconnectsocal addendum 4 mitigationmeasures.pdf?1606004420, p. 4.0-2 – 4.0-10; 4.0-19 – 4.0-23; See also: "Certified Final Connect SoCal Program Environmental Impact Report." Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG), May 2020, available at https://scag.ca.gov/peir.

10 South Coast Air Quality Management District (2019) "Greenhouse Gases, accessed on April 10, 2022, available at https://www.aqmd.gov/home/rules-compliance/ceqa/air-quality-analysis-handbook/mitigation-measures-and-control-efficiencies/greenhouse-gases. See also "Quantifying Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Measures" California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) August 2010, available at https://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/ceqa/handbook/mitigation-measures-pdf?sfvrsn=0.

VI. THE CITY FAILED TO ANALYZE AND RESPOND SUBSTANTIVELY TO WESTERN CARPENTERS' PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED COMMENTS.

The City failed to analyze and respond substantively to Western Carpenters' previously submitted comments, and instead offered baseless and conclusory statements:

The City Council also reviewed and considered all correspondence and comments concerning potential air quality impacts, including the letters submitted by Mitchell Tsai, SWAPE, and Bruce Bauer. The City Council finds that these comments lack merit and fail to provide any substantial evidence of any new or more severe significant adverse air quality effects, beyond what is described above and in the Draft EIR, or of any inaccuracies in the Draft EIR or technical studies. In particular, the City Council rejects the assertion that it has failed to properly evaluate air quality effects and/or adopt all feasible mitigation measures prior to making the findings set forth above. The City Council finds that all potential air quality effects of the project have been properly evaluated in the Final EIR and technical appendices, and that the project design features evaluated in that analysis have properly been made enforceable by the City through the project Development Agreement and conditions of approval.

(See City Council Agenda Packet, pp. 210-211.)

VII. CONCLUSION

Western Carpenters requests that the City revise and recirculate the Project's FEIR to address the aforementioned concerns. If the City has any questions or concerns, it should free to contact this office.

Sincerely,

Mitchell M. Tsai

Attorneys for Western States

Regional Council of Carpenters

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Attached:

March 8, 2021, SWAPE Letter to Mitchell M. Tsai re Local Hire Requirements and Considerations for Greenhouse Gas Modeling (Exhibit A);

Air Quality and GHG Expert Paul Rosenfeld CV (Exhibit B); and

Air Quality and GHG Expert Matt Hagemann CV (Exhibit C).

April 6, 2022, Letter from Hagemann and Rosenfeld to Mitchel M. Tsai re Comments on the Environmental Impact Reports for the Coral Mountain Resort Project, with Exhibits (Exhibit D).



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> Paul E. Rosenfeld, PhD (310) 795-2335 prosenfeld@swape.com

March 8, 2021

Mitchell M. Tsai 155 South El Molino, Suite 104 Pasadena, CA 91101

Subject: Local Hire Requirements and Considerations for Greenhouse Gas Modeling

Dear Mr. Tsai.

Soil Water Air Protection Enterprise ("SWAPE") is pleased to provide the following draft technical report explaining the significance of worker trips required for construction of land use development projects with respect to the estimation of greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions. The report will also discuss the potential for local hire requirements to reduce the length of worker trips, and consequently, reduced or mitigate the potential GHG impacts.

Worker Trips and Greenhouse Gas Calculations

The California Emissions Estimator Model ("CalEEMod") is a "statewide land use emissions computer model designed to provide a uniform platform for government agencies, land use planners, and environmental professionals to quantify potential criteria pollutant and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions associated with both construction and operations from a variety of land use projects." CalEEMod quantifies construction-related emissions associated with land use projects resulting from off-road construction equipment; on-road mobile equipment associated with workers, vendors, and hauling; fugitive dust associated with grading, demolition, truck loading, and on-road vehicles traveling along paved and unpaved roads; and architectural coating activities; and paving.²

The number, length, and vehicle class of worker trips are utilized by CalEEMod to calculate emissions associated with the on-road vehicle trips required to transport workers to and from the Project site during construction.³

¹ "California Emissions Estimator Model." CAPCOA, 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/caleemod/home.

² "California Emissions Estimator Model." CAPCOA, 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/caleemod/home.

³ "CalEEMod User's Guide." CAPCOA, November 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/01_user-39-s-guide2016-3-2_15november2017.pdf?sfvrsn=4, p. 34.

Specifically, the number and length of vehicle trips is utilized to estimate the vehicle miles travelled ("VMT") associated with construction. Then, utilizing vehicle-class specific EMFAC 2014 emission factors, CalEEMod calculates the vehicle exhaust, evaporative, and dust emissions resulting from construction-related VMT, including personal vehicles for worker commuting.⁴

Specifically, in order to calculate VMT, CalEEMod multiplies the average daily trip rate by the average overall trip length (see excerpt below):

```
"VMT<sub>d</sub> = \Sigma(Average Daily Trip Rate _i * Average Overall Trip Length _i) _n Where:
```

n = Number of land uses being modeled."5

Furthermore, to calculate the on-road emissions associated with worker trips, CalEEMod utilizes the following equation (see excerpt below):

```
"Emissions<sub>pollutant</sub> = VMT * EF<sub>running,pollutant</sub>

Where:

Emissions<sub>pollutant</sub> = emissions from vehicle running for each pollutant

VMT = vehicle miles traveled

EF_{running,pollutant} = emission factor for running emissions."
```

Thus, there is a direct relationship between trip length and VMT, as well as a direct relationship between VMT and vehicle running emissions. In other words, when the trip length is increased, the VMT and vehicle running emissions increase as a result. Thus, vehicle running emissions can be reduced by decreasing the average overall trip length, by way of a local hire requirement or otherwise.

Default Worker Trip Parameters and Potential Local Hire Requirements

As previously discussed, the number, length, and vehicle class of worker trips are utilized by CalEEMod to calculate emissions associated with the on-road vehicle trips required to transport workers to and from the Project site during construction.⁷ In order to understand how local hire requirements and associated worker trip length reductions impact GHG emissions calculations, it is important to consider the CalEEMod default worker trip parameters. CalEEMod provides recommended default values based on site-specific information, such as land use type, meteorological data, total lot acreage, project type and typical equipment associated with project type. If more specific project information is known, the user can change the default values and input project-specific values, but the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") requires that such changes be justified by substantial evidence.⁸ The default number of construction-related worker trips is calculated by multiplying the

⁴ "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 14-15.

⁵ "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 23.

⁶ "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 15.

⁷ "CalEEMod User's Guide." CAPCOA, November 2017, *available at*: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/01 user-39-s-guide2016-3-2 15november2017.pdf?sfvrsn=4, p. 34.

⁸ CalEEMod User Guide, available at: http://www.caleemod.com/, p. 1, 9.

number of pieces of equipment for all phases by 1.25, with the exception of worker trips required for the building construction and architectural coating phases.⁹ Furthermore, the worker trip vehicle class is a 50/25/25 percent mix of light duty autos, light duty truck class 1 and light duty truck class 2, respectively."¹⁰ Finally, the default worker trip length is consistent with the length of the operational home-to-work vehicle trip lengths are:

"[B]ased on the <u>location</u> and <u>urbanization</u> selected on the project characteristic screen. These values were <u>supplied by the air districts or use a default average for the state</u>. Each district (or county) also assigns trip lengths for urban and rural settings" (emphasis added). ¹²

Thus, the default worker trip length is based on the location and urbanization level selected by the User when modeling emissions. The below table shows the CalEEMod default rural and urban worker trip lengths by air basin (see excerpt below and Attachment A).¹³

Worker Trip Length by Air Basin									
Air Basin	Rural (miles)	Urban (miles)							
Great Basin Valleys	16.8	10.8							
Lake County	16.8	10.8							
Lake Tahoe	16.8	10.8							
Mojave Desert	16.8	10.8							
Mountain Counties	16.8	10.8							
North Central Coast	17.1	12.3							
North Coast	16.8	10.8							
Northeast Plateau	16.8	10.8							
Sacramento Valley	16.8	10.8							
Salton Sea	14.6	11							
San Diego	16.8	10.8							
San Francisco Bay Area	10.8	10.8							
San Joaquin Valley	16.8	10.8							
South Central Coast	16.8	10.8							
South Coast	19.8	14.7							
Average	16.47	11.17							
Minimum	10.80	10.80							
Maximum	19.80	14.70							
Range	9.00	3.90							

⁹ "CalEEMod User's Guide." CAPCOA, November 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/01 user-39-s-guide2016-3-2 15november2017.pdf?sfvrsn=4, p. 34.

¹⁰ "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.agmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 15.

¹¹ "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 14.

¹² "Appendix A Calculation Details for CalEEMod." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.agmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/02 appendix-a2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=6, p. 21.

¹³ "Appendix D Default Data Tables." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/05_appendix-d2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=4, p. D-84 – D-86.

As demonstrated above, default rural worker trip lengths for air basins in California vary from 10.8- to 19.8-miles, with an average of 16.47 miles. Furthermore, default urban worker trip lengths vary from 10.8- to 14.7-miles, with an average of 11.17 miles. Thus, while default worker trip lengths vary by location, default urban worker trip lengths tend to be shorter in length. Based on these trends evident in the CalEEMod default worker trip lengths, we can reasonably assume that the efficacy of a local hire requirement is especially dependent upon the urbanization of the project site, as well as the project location.

Practical Application of a Local Hire Requirement and Associated Impact

To provide an example of the potential impact of a local hire provision on construction-related GHG emissions, we estimated the significance of a local hire provision for the Village South Specific Plan ("Project") located in the City of Claremont ("City"). The Project proposed to construct 1,000 residential units, 100,000-SF of retail space, 45,000-SF of office space, as well as a 50-room hotel, on the 24-acre site. The Project location is classified as Urban and lies within the Los Angeles-South Coast County. As a result, the Project has a default worker trip length of 14.7 miles. ¹⁴ In an effort to evaluate the potential for a local hire provision to reduce the Project's construction-related GHG emissions, we prepared an updated model, reducing all worker trip lengths to 10 miles (see Attachment B). Our analysis estimates that if a local hire provision with a 10-mile radius were to be implemented, the GHG emissions associated with Project construction would decrease by approximately 17% (see table below and Attachment C).

Local Hire Provision Net Change	
Without Local Hire Provision	
Total Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO₂e)	3,623
Amortized Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO₂e/year)	120.77
With Local Hire Provision	
Total Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO2e)	3,024
Amortized Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO₂e/year)	100.80
% Decrease in Construction-related GHG Emissions	<i>17%</i>

As demonstrated above, by implementing a local hire provision requiring 10 mile worker trip lengths, the Project could reduce potential GHG emissions associated with construction worker trips. More broadly, any local hire requirement that results in a decreased worker trip length from the default value has the potential to result in a reduction of construction-related GHG emissions, though the significance of the reduction would vary based on the location and urbanization level of the project site.

This serves as an example of the potential impacts of local hire requirements on estimated project-level GHG emissions, though it does not indicate that local hire requirements would result in reduced construction-related GHG emission for all projects. As previously described, the significance of a local hire requirement depends on the worker trip length enforced and the default worker trip length for the project's urbanization level and location.

4

¹⁴ "Appendix D Default Data Tables." CAPCOA, October 2017, available at: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/caleemod/05_appendix-d2016-3-2.pdf?sfvrsn=4, p. D-85.

Disclaimer

SWAPE has received limited discovery. Additional information may become available in the future; thus, we retain the right to revise or amend this report when additional information becomes available. Our professional services have been performed using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised, under similar circumstances, by reputable environmental consultants practicing in this or similar localities at the time of service. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the scope of work, work methodologies and protocols, site conditions, analytical testing results, and findings presented. This report reflects efforts which were limited to information that was reasonably accessible at the time of the work, and may contain informational gaps, inconsistencies, or otherwise be incomplete due to the unavailability or uncertainty of information obtained or provided by third parties.

Sincerely,

Matt Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg.

Paul Rosufeld

m Homen

Paul E. Rosenfeld, Ph.D.

Attachment A

Location Type	Location Name	Rural H-W (miles)	Urban H-W (miles)
Air Basin	Great Basin	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Lake County	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Lake Tahoe	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Mojave Desert	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Mountain	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	North Central	17.1	12.3
Air Basin	North Coast	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Northeast	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Sacramento	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	Salton Sea	14.6	11
Air Basin	San Diego	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	San Francisco	10.8	10.8
Air Basin	San Joaquin	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	South Central	16.8	10.8
Air Basin	South Coast	19.8	14.7
Air District	Amador County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Antelope Valley	16.8	10.8
Air District	Bay Area AQMD	10.8	10.8
Air District	Butte County	12.54	12.54
Air District	Calaveras	16.8	10.8
Air District	Colusa County	16.8	10.8
Air District	El Dorado	16.8	10.8
Air District	Feather River	16.8	10.8
Air District	Glenn County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Great Basin	16.8	10.8
Air District	Imperial County	10.2	7.3
Air District	Kern County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Lake County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Lassen County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Mariposa	16.8	10.8
Air District	Mendocino	16.8	10.8
Air District	Modoc County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Mojave Desert	16.8	10.8
Air District	Monterey Bay	16.8	10.8
Air District	North Coast	16.8	10.8
Air District	Northern Sierra	16.8	10.8
Air District	Northern	16.8	10.8
Air District	Placer County	16.8	10.8
Air District	Sacramento	15	10

Air District	San Diego	16.8	10.8	
Air District	San Joaquin	16.8	10.8	
Air District	San Luis Obispo	13	13	
Air District	Santa Barbara	8.3	8.3	
Air District	Shasta County	16.8	10.8	
Air District	Siskiyou County	16.8	10.8	
Air District	South Coast	19.8	14.7	
Air District	Tehama County	16.8	10.8	
Air District	Tuolumne	16.8	10.8	
Air District	Ventura County	16.8	10.8	
Air District	Yolo/Solano	15	10.6	
County	Alameda	10.8	10.8	
County	Alpine	16.8	10.8	
County	Amador	16.8	10.8	
County	Butte	12.54	12.54	
County	Calaveras	16.8	10.8	
County	Colusa	16.8	10.8	
County	Contra Costa	10.8	10.8	
County	Del Norte	16.8	10.8	
County	El Dorado-Lake	16.8	10.8	
County	El Dorado-	16.8	10.8	
County	Fresno	16.8	10.8	
County	Glenn	16.8	10.8	
County	Humboldt	16.8	10.8	
County	Imperial	10.2	7.3	
County	Inyo	16.8	10.8	
County	Kern-Mojave	16.8	10.8	
County	Kern-San	16.8	10.8	
County	Kings	16.8	10.8	
County	Lake	16.8	10.8	
County	Lassen	16.8	10.8	
County	Los Angeles-	16.8	10.8	
County	Los Angeles-	19.8	14.7	
County	Madera	16.8	10.8	
County	Marin	10.8	10.8	
County	Mariposa	16.8	10.8	
County	Mendocino-	16.8	10.8	
County	Mendocino-	16.8	10.8	
County	Mendocino-	16.8	10.8	
County	Mendocino-	16.8	10.8	
County	Merced	16.8	10.8	
County	Modoc	16.8	10.8	
County	Mono	16.8	10.8	
County	Monterey	16.8	10.8	
County	, Napa	10.8	10.8	
•	•			

County	Nevada	16.8	10.8	
County	Orange	19.8	14.7	
County	Placer-Lake	16.8	10.8	
County	Placer-Mountain	16.8	10.8	
County	Placer-	16.8	10.8	
County	Plumas	16.8	10.8	
County	Riverside-	16.8	10.8	
County	Riverside-	19.8	14.7	
County	Riverside-Salton	14.6	11	
County	Riverside-South	19.8	14.7	
County	Sacramento	15	10	
County	San Benito	16.8	10.8	
County	San Bernardino-	16.8	10.8	
County	San Bernardino-	19.8	14.7	
County	San Diego	16.8	10.8	
County	San Francisco	10.8	10.8	
County	San Joaquin	16.8	10.8	
County	San Luis Obispo	13	13	
County	San Mateo	10.8	10.8	
County	Santa Barbara-	8.3	8.3	
County	Santa Barbara-	8.3	8.3	
County	Santa Clara	10.8	10.8	
County	Santa Cruz	16.8	10.8	
County	Shasta	16.8	10.8	
County	Sierra	16.8	10.8	
County	Siskiyou	16.8	10.8	
County	Solano-	15	10.0	
County	Solano-San	16.8	10.8	
County	Sonoma-North	16.8	10.8	
County	Sonoma-San	10.8	10.8	
•	Stanislaus	16.8	10.8	
County				
County	Sutter	16.8	10.8	
County	Tehama	16.8	10.8	
County	Trinity	16.8	10.8	
County	Tulare 	16.8	10.8	
County	Tuolumne	16.8	10.8	
County	Ventura	16.8	10.8	
County	Yolo	15	10	
County	Yuba	16.8	10.8	
Statewide	Statewide	16.8	10.8	

Worker Trip Length by Air Basin									
Air Basin	Rural (miles)	Urban (miles)							
Great Basin Valleys	16.8	10.8							
Lake County	16.8	10.8							
Lake Tahoe	16.8	10.8							
Mojave Desert	16.8	10.8							
Mountain Counties	16.8	10.8							
North Central Coast	17.1	12.3							
North Coast	16.8	10.8							
Northeast Plateau	16.8	10.8							
Sacramento Valley	16.8	10.8							
Salton Sea	14.6	11							
San Diego	16.8	10.8							
San Francisco Bay Area	10.8	10.8							
San Joaquin Valley	16.8	10.8							
South Central Coast	16.8	10.8							
South Coast	19.8	14.7							
Average	16.47	11.17							
Mininum	10.80	10.80							
Maximum	19.80	14.70							
Range	9.00	3.90							

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise 975.00		Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

 Urbanization
 Urban
 Wind Speed (m/s)
 2.2
 Precipitation Freq (Days)
 33

Climate Zone 9 Operational Year 2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

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Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value		
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00		
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00		
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00		
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99		
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27		

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tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65		
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64		
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43		
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00		
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00		

2.0 Emissions Summary

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2.1 Overall Construction <u>Unmitigated Construction</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr												МТ	/yr		
2021	0.1713	1.8242	1.1662	2.4000e- 003	0.4169	0.0817	0.4986	0.1795	0.0754	0.2549	0.0000	213.1969	213.1969	0.0601	0.0000	214.6993
2022	0.6904	4.1142	6.1625	0.0189	1.3058	0.1201	1.4259	0.3460	0.1128	0.4588	0.0000	1,721.682 6	1,721.682 6	0.1294	0.0000	1,724.918 7
2023	0.6148	3.3649	5.6747	0.0178	1.1963	0.0996	1.2959	0.3203	0.0935	0.4138	0.0000	1,627.529 5	1,627.529 5	0.1185	0.0000	1,630.492 5
2024	4.1619	0.1335	0.2810	5.9000e- 004	0.0325	6.4700e- 003	0.0390	8.6300e- 003	6.0400e- 003	0.0147	0.0000	52.9078	52.9078	8.0200e- 003	0.0000	53.1082
Maximum	4.1619	4.1142	6.1625	0.0189	1.3058	0.1201	1.4259	0.3460	0.1128	0.4588	0.0000	1,721.682 6	1,721.682 6	0.1294	0.0000	1,724.918 7

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

2.1 Overall Construction

Mitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	Year tons/yr											M	Г/уг			
2021	0.1713	1.8242	1.1662	2.4000e- 003	0.4169	0.0817	0.4986	0.1795	0.0754	0.2549	0.0000	213.1967	213.1967	0.0601	0.0000	214.6991
2022	0.6904	4.1142	6.1625	0.0189	1.3058	0.1201	1.4259	0.3460	0.1128	0.4588	0.0000	1,721.682 3	1,721.682 3	0.1294	0.0000	1,724.918 3
2023	0.6148	3.3648	5.6747	0.0178	1.1963	0.0996	1.2959	0.3203	0.0935	0.4138	0.0000	1,627.529 1	1,627.529 1	0.1185	0.0000	1,630.492 1
2024	4.1619	0.1335	0.2810	5.9000e- 004	0.0325	6.4700e- 003	0.0390	8.6300e- 003	6.0400e- 003	0.0147	0.0000	52.9077	52.9077	8.0200e- 003	0.0000	53.1082
Maximum	4.1619	4.1142	6.1625	0.0189	1.3058	0.1201	1.4259	0.3460	0.1128	0.4588	0.0000	1,721.682 3	1,721.682 3	0.1294	0.0000	1,724.918 3
	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum Unmitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
1	9-1-2021	11-30-2021	1.4103	1.4103
2	12-1-2021	2-28-2022	1.3613	1.3613
3	3-1-2022	5-31-2022	1.1985	1.1985
4	6-1-2022	8-31-2022	1.1921	1.1921
5	9-1-2022	11-30-2022	1.1918	1.1918
6	12-1-2022	2-28-2023	1.0774	1.0774
7	3-1-2023	5-31-2023	1.0320	1.0320
8	6-1-2023	8-31-2023	1.0260	1.0260

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9	9-1-2023	11-30-2023	1.0265	1.0265
10	12-1-2023	2-29-2024	2.8857	2.8857
11	3-1-2024	5-31-2024	1.6207	1.6207
		Highest	2.8857	2.8857

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	-/yr		
Area	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835
Energy	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	3,896.073 2	3,896.073 2	0.1303	0.0468	3,913.283 3
Mobile	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	207.8079	0.0000	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	29.1632	556.6420	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567
Total	6.8692	9.5223	30.3407	0.0914	7.7979	0.2260	8.0240	2.0895	0.2219	2.3114	236.9712	12,294.18 07	12,531.15 19	15.7904	0.1260	12,963.47 51

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2.2 Overall Operational

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Area	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835
Energy	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	3,896.073 2	3,896.073 2	0.1303	0.0468	3,913.283 3
Mobile	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	207.8079	0.0000	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	29.1632	556.6420	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567
Total	6.8692	9.5223	30.3407	0.0914	7.7979	0.2260	8.0240	2.0895	0.2219	2.3114	236.9712	12,294.18 07	12,531.15 19	15.7904	0.1260	12,963.47 51

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

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Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust			i i i		0.0496	0.0000	0.0496	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004		0.0233	0.0233] 	0.0216	0.0216	0.0000	51.0012	51.0012	0.0144	0.0000	51.3601
Total	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004	0.0496	0.0233	0.0729	7.5100e- 003	0.0216	0.0291	0.0000	51.0012	51.0012	0.0144	0.0000	51.3601

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3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	1.9300e- 003	0.0634	0.0148	1.8000e- 004	3.9400e- 003	1.9000e- 004	4.1300e- 003	1.0800e- 003	1.8000e- 004	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	17.4566	17.4566	1.2100e- 003	0.0000	17.4869
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	9.7000e- 004	7.5000e- 004	8.5100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.4700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.4900e- 003	6.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	6.7000e- 004	0.0000	2.2251	2.2251	7.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.2267
Total	2.9000e- 003	0.0641	0.0233	2.0000e- 004	6.4100e- 003	2.1000e- 004	6.6200e- 003	1.7300e- 003	2.0000e- 004	1.9300e- 003	0.0000	19.6816	19.6816	1.2800e- 003	0.0000	19.7136

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust	 				0.0496	0.0000	0.0496	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004		0.0233	0.0233		0.0216	0.0216	0.0000	51.0011	51.0011	0.0144	0.0000	51.3600
Total	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004	0.0496	0.0233	0.0729	7.5100e- 003	0.0216	0.0291	0.0000	51.0011	51.0011	0.0144	0.0000	51.3600

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3.2 Demolition - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	1.9300e- 003	0.0634	0.0148	1.8000e- 004	3.9400e- 003	1.9000e- 004	4.1300e- 003	1.0800e- 003	1.8000e- 004	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	17.4566	17.4566	1.2100e- 003	0.0000	17.4869
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	9.7000e- 004	7.5000e- 004	8.5100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.4700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.4900e- 003	6.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	6.7000e- 004	0.0000	2.2251	2.2251	7.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.2267
Total	2.9000e- 003	0.0641	0.0233	2.0000e- 004	6.4100e- 003	2.1000e- 004	6.6200e- 003	1.7300e- 003	2.0000e- 004	1.9300e- 003	0.0000	19.6816	19.6816	1.2800e- 003	0.0000	19.7136

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.1807	0.0000	0.1807	0.0993	0.0000	0.0993	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004		0.0204	0.0204		0.0188	0.0188	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7061
Total	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004	0.1807	0.0204	0.2011	0.0993	0.0188	0.1181	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7061

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.7000e- 004	6.0000e- 004	6.8100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9900e- 003	5.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.7801	1.7801	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.7814
Total	7.7000e- 004	6.0000e- 004	6.8100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9900e- 003	5.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.7801	1.7801	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.7814

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.1807	0.0000	0.1807	0.0993	0.0000	0.0993	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004		0.0204	0.0204	 	0.0188	0.0188	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7060
Total	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004	0.1807	0.0204	0.2011	0.0993	0.0188	0.1181	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7060

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.7000e- 004	6.0000e- 004	6.8100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9900e- 003	5.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.7801	1.7801	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.7814
Total	7.7000e- 004	6.0000e- 004	6.8100e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9700e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.9900e- 003	5.2000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	5.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.7801	1.7801	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.7814

3.4 Grading - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust	ii ii		i i i		0.1741	0.0000	0.1741	0.0693	0.0000	0.0693	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377	 	0.0347	0.0347	0.0000	103.5405	103.5405	0.0335	0.0000	104.3776
Total	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003	0.1741	0.0377	0.2118	0.0693	0.0347	0.1040	0.0000	103.5405	103.5405	0.0335	0.0000	104.3776

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3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	1.6400e- 003	1.2700e- 003	0.0144	4.0000e- 005	4.1600e- 003	3.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 003	1.1100e- 003	3.0000e- 005	1.1400e- 003	0.0000	3.7579	3.7579	1.1000e- 004	0.0000	3.7607
Total	1.6400e- 003	1.2700e- 003	0.0144	4.0000e- 005	4.1600e- 003	3.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 003	1.1100e- 003	3.0000e- 005	1.1400e- 003	0.0000	3.7579	3.7579	1.1000e- 004	0.0000	3.7607

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.1741	0.0000	0.1741	0.0693	0.0000	0.0693	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0347	0.0347	0.0000	103.5403	103.5403	0.0335	0.0000	104.3775
Total	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003	0.1741	0.0377	0.2118	0.0693	0.0347	0.1040	0.0000	103.5403	103.5403	0.0335	0.0000	104.3775

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3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	1.6400e- 003	1.2700e- 003	0.0144	4.0000e- 005	4.1600e- 003	3.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 003	1.1100e- 003	3.0000e- 005	1.1400e- 003	0.0000	3.7579	3.7579	1.1000e- 004	0.0000	3.7607
Total	1.6400e- 003	1.2700e- 003	0.0144	4.0000e- 005	4.1600e- 003	3.0000e- 005	4.2000e- 003	1.1100e- 003	3.0000e- 005	1.1400e- 003	0.0000	3.7579	3.7579	1.1000e- 004	0.0000	3.7607

3.4 Grading - 2022

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	⁻/yr		
Fugitive Dust	ii ii				0.0807	0.0000	0.0807	0.0180	0.0000	0.0180	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004		5.7200e- 003	5.7200e- 003		5.2600e- 003	5.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414
Total	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004	0.0807	5.7200e- 003	0.0865	0.0180	5.2600e- 003	0.0233	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414

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3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.8000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	2.4400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	2.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.1000e- 004	0.0000	0.6679	0.6679	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6684
Total	2.8000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	2.4400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	2.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.1000e- 004	0.0000	0.6679	0.6679	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6684

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	⁻ /yr		
Fugitive Dust	 				0.0807	0.0000	0.0807	0.0180	0.0000	0.0180	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004		5.7200e- 003	5.7200e- 003		5.2600e- 003	5.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414
Total	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004	0.0807	5.7200e- 003	0.0865	0.0180	5.2600e- 003	0.0233	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414

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3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.8000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	2.4400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	2.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.1000e- 004	0.0000	0.6679	0.6679	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6684
Total	2.8000e- 004	2.1000e- 004	2.4400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.7000e- 004	2.0000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.1000e- 004	0.0000	0.6679	0.6679	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6684

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1324	293.1324	0.0702	0.0000	294.8881
Total	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1324	293.1324	0.0702	0.0000	294.8881

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e			
Category	tons/yr											MT/yr							
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Vendor	0.0527	1.6961	0.4580	4.5500e- 003	0.1140	3.1800e- 003	0.1171	0.0329	3.0400e- 003	0.0359	0.0000	441.9835	441.9835	0.0264	0.0000	442.6435			
Worker	0.4088	0.3066	3.5305	0.0107	1.1103	8.8700e- 003	1.1192	0.2949	8.1700e- 003	0.3031	0.0000	966.8117	966.8117	0.0266	0.0000	967.4773			
Total	0.4616	2.0027	3.9885	0.0152	1.2243	0.0121	1.2363	0.3278	0.0112	0.3390	0.0000	1,408.795 2	1,408.795 2	0.0530	0.0000	1,410.120 8			

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1321	293.1321	0.0702	0.0000	294.8877
Total	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1321	293.1321	0.0702	0.0000	294.8877

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e			
Category	tons/yr											MT/yr							
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Vendor	0.0527	1.6961	0.4580	4.5500e- 003	0.1140	3.1800e- 003	0.1171	0.0329	3.0400e- 003	0.0359	0.0000	441.9835	441.9835	0.0264	0.0000	442.6435			
Worker	0.4088	0.3066	3.5305	0.0107	1.1103	8.8700e- 003	1.1192	0.2949	8.1700e- 003	0.3031	0.0000	966.8117	966.8117	0.0266	0.0000	967.4773			
Total	0.4616	2.0027	3.9885	0.0152	1.2243	0.0121	1.2363	0.3278	0.0112	0.3390	0.0000	1,408.795 2	1,408.795 2	0.0530	0.0000	1,410.120 8			

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2789	286.2789	0.0681	0.0000	287.9814
Total	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2789	286.2789	0.0681	0.0000	287.9814

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e			
Category	tons/yr											MT/yr							
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000			
Vendor	0.0382	1.2511	0.4011	4.3000e- 003	0.1113	1.4600e- 003	0.1127	0.0321	1.4000e- 003	0.0335	0.0000	417.9930	417.9930	0.0228	0.0000	418.5624			
Worker	0.3753	0.2708	3.1696	0.0101	1.0840	8.4100e- 003	1.0924	0.2879	7.7400e- 003	0.2957	0.0000	909.3439	909.3439	0.0234	0.0000	909.9291			
Total	0.4135	1.5218	3.5707	0.0144	1.1953	9.8700e- 003	1.2051	0.3200	9.1400e- 003	0.3292	0.0000	1,327.336 9	1,327.336 9	0.0462	0.0000	1,328.491 6			

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Off-Road	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2785	286.2785	0.0681	0.0000	287.9811
Total	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2785	286.2785	0.0681	0.0000	287.9811

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0382	1.2511	0.4011	4.3000e- 003	0.1113	1.4600e- 003	0.1127	0.0321	1.4000e- 003	0.0335	0.0000	417.9930	417.9930	0.0228	0.0000	418.5624
Worker	0.3753	0.2708	3.1696	0.0101	1.0840	8.4100e- 003	1.0924	0.2879	7.7400e- 003	0.2957	0.0000	909.3439	909.3439	0.0234	0.0000	909.9291
Total	0.4135	1.5218	3.5707	0.0144	1.1953	9.8700e- 003	1.2051	0.3200	9.1400e- 003	0.3292	0.0000	1,327.336 9	1,327.336 9	0.0462	0.0000	1,328.491 6

3.6 Paving - 2023

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	⁻ /yr		
	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227
	0.0000		 			0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227

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3.6 Paving - 2023
<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004	3.1200e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0800e- 003	2.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.9000e- 004	0.0000	0.8963	0.8963	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.8968
Total	3.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004	3.1200e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0800e- 003	2.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.9000e- 004	0.0000	0.8963	0.8963	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.8968

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227
Paving	0.0000	 	 		 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227

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3.6 Paving - 2023

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	3.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004	3.1200e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0800e- 003	2.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.9000e- 004	0.0000	0.8963	0.8963	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.8968
Total	3.7000e- 004	2.7000e- 004	3.1200e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.0800e- 003	2.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.9000e- 004	0.0000	0.8963	0.8963	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.8968

3.6 Paving - 2024

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	Γ/yr		
Off-Road	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073
l aving	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073

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3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.9000e- 004	4.1000e- 004	4.9200e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.8100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.8200e- 003	4.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.4697	1.4697	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.4706
Total	5.9000e- 004	4.1000e- 004	4.9200e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.8100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.8200e- 003	4.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.4697	1.4697	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.4706

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073
Paving	0.0000	 				0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073

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3.6 Paving - 2024

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.9000e- 004	4.1000e- 004	4.9200e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.8100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.8200e- 003	4.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.4697	1.4697	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.4706
Total	5.9000e- 004	4.1000e- 004	4.9200e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.8100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.8200e- 003	4.8000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.9000e- 004	0.0000	1.4697	1.4697	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.4706

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Archit. Coating	4.1372					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	3.1600e- 003	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	1 1 1	1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745
Total	4.1404	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0101	6.9900e- 003	0.0835	2.8000e- 004	0.0307	2.3000e- 004	0.0309	8.1500e- 003	2.2000e- 004	8.3700e- 003	0.0000	24.9407	24.9407	6.1000e- 004	0.0000	24.9558
Total	0.0101	6.9900e- 003	0.0835	2.8000e- 004	0.0307	2.3000e- 004	0.0309	8.1500e- 003	2.2000e- 004	8.3700e- 003	0.0000	24.9407	24.9407	6.1000e- 004	0.0000	24.9558

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Archit. Coating	4.1372					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	3.1600e- 003	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745
Total	4.1404	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	0.0101	6.9900e- 003	0.0835	2.8000e- 004	0.0307	2.3000e- 004	0.0309	8.1500e- 003	2.2000e- 004	8.3700e- 003	0.0000	24.9407	24.9407	6.1000e- 004	0.0000	24.9558
Total	0.0101	6.9900e- 003	0.0835	2.8000e- 004	0.0307	2.3000e- 004	0.0309	8.1500e- 003	2.2000e- 004	8.3700e- 003	0.0000	24.9407	24.9407	6.1000e- 004	0.0000	24.9558

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2
Unmitigated	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	rage Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	se %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	МН
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

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	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Electricity Mitigated						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	2,512.646 5	2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6
Electricity Unmitigated						0.0000	0.0000	, ! ! !	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	2,512.646 5	2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966	, ! ! !	0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 7	1,383.426 7	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8
NaturalGas Unmitigated	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 7	1,383.426 7	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					ton	s/yr							MT	/уг		
Apartments Low Rise	408494	2.2000e- 003	0.0188	8.0100e- 003	1.2000e- 004		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003	0.0000	21.7988	21.7988	4.2000e- 004	4.0000e- 004	21.9284
Apartments Mid Rise	1.30613e +007	0.0704	0.6018	0.2561	3.8400e- 003		0.0487	0.0487		0.0487	0.0487	0.0000	696.9989	696.9989	0.0134	0.0128	701.1408
General Office Building	468450	2.5300e- 003	0.0230	0.0193	1.4000e- 004		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003	0.0000	24.9983	24.9983	4.8000e- 004	4.6000e- 004	25.1468
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.0448	0.4072	0.3421	2.4400e- 003		0.0310	0.0310		0.0310	0.0310	0.0000	443.3124	443.3124	8.5000e- 003	8.1300e- 003	445.9468
Hotel	1.74095e +006	9.3900e- 003	0.0853	0.0717	5.1000e- 004		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003	0.0000	92.9036	92.9036	1.7800e- 003	1.7000e- 003	93.4557
Quality Restaurant	1.84608e +006	9.9500e- 003	0.0905	0.0760	5.4000e- 004		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003	0.0000	98.5139	98.5139	1.8900e- 003	1.8100e- 003	99.0993
Regional Shopping Center	91840	5.0000e- 004	4.5000e- 003	3.7800e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	4.9009	4.9009	9.0000e- 005	9.0000e- 005	4.9301
Total		0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 8	1,383.426 8	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr		tons/yr 0e- i 0.0188 i 8.0100e- i 1.2000e- i 1.5200e- i											MT	/уг		
Apartments Low Rise	408494	2.2000e- 003	0.0188	8.0100e- 003	1.2000e- 004		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003	0.0000	21.7988	21.7988	4.2000e- 004	4.0000e- 004	21.9284
Apartments Mid Rise	1.30613e +007	0.0704	0.6018	0.2561	3.8400e- 003		0.0487	0.0487		0.0487	0.0487	0.0000	696.9989	696.9989	0.0134	0.0128	701.1408
General Office Building	468450	2.5300e- 003	0.0230	0.0193	1.4000e- 004		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003	0.0000	24.9983	24.9983	4.8000e- 004	4.6000e- 004	25.1468
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.0448	0.4072	0.3421	2.4400e- 003		0.0310	0.0310		0.0310	0.0310	0.0000	443.3124	443.3124	8.5000e- 003	8.1300e- 003	445.9468
Hotel	1.74095e +006	9.3900e- 003	0.0853	0.0717	5.1000e- 004		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003	0.0000	92.9036	92.9036	1.7800e- 003	1.7000e- 003	93.4557
Quality Restaurant	1.84608e +006	9.9500e- 003	0.0905	0.0760	5.4000e- 004		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003	0.0000	98.5139	98.5139	1.8900e- 003	1.8100e- 003	99.0993
Regional Shopping Center	91840	5.0000e- 004	4.5000e- 003	3.7800e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004	 	3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	4.9009	4.9009	9.0000e- 005	9.0000e- 005	4.9301
Total		0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 8	1,383.426 8	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		MT	/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	106010	33.7770	1.3900e- 003	2.9000e- 004	33.8978
Apartments Mid Rise	3.94697e +006	1,257.587 9	0.0519	0.0107	1,262.086 9
General Office Building	584550	186.2502	7.6900e- 003	1.5900e- 003	186.9165
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		506.3022	0.0209	4.3200e- 003	508.1135
Hotel	550308	175.3399	7.2400e- 003	1.5000e- 003	175.9672
Quality Restaurant	353120	112.5116	4.6500e- 003	9.6000e- 004	112.9141
Regional Shopping Center	756000	240.8778	9.9400e- 003	2.0600e- 003	241.7395
Total		2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6

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5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Mitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		МТ	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	106010	33.7770	1.3900e- 003	2.9000e- 004	33.8978
Apartments Mid Rise	3.94697e +006	1,257.587 9	0.0519	0.0107	1,262.086 9
General Office Building	584550	186.2502	7.6900e- 003	1.5900e- 003	186.9165
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		506.3022	0.0209	4.3200e- 003	508.1135
Hotel	550308	175.3399	7.2400e- 003	1.5000e- 003	175.9672
Quality Restaurant	353120	112.5116	4.6500e- 003	9.6000e- 004	112.9141
Regional Shopping Center	756000	240.8778	9.9400e- 003	2.0600e- 003	241.7395
Total		2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835
Unmitigated	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Architectural Coating	0.4137					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	4.3998		,			0.0000	0.0000	, 	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hearth	0.0206	0.1763	0.0750	1.1200e- 003		0.0143	0.0143	1 	0.0143	0.0143	0.0000	204.1166	204.1166	3.9100e- 003	3.7400e- 003	205.3295
Landscaping	0.3096	0.1187	10.3054	5.4000e- 004		0.0572	0.0572	1 1 1 1 1	0.0572	0.0572	0.0000	16.8504	16.8504	0.0161	0.0000	17.2540
Total	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6600e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

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6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Mitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Architectural Coating	0.4137		 	 		0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	4.3998		 	 		0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hearth	0.0206	0.1763	0.0750	1.1200e- 003		0.0143	0.0143	·	0.0143	0.0143	0.0000	204.1166	204.1166	3.9100e- 003	3.7400e- 003	205.3295
Landscaping	0.3096	0.1187	10.3054	5.4000e- 004		0.0572	0.0572	i i	0.0572	0.0572	0.0000	16.8504	16.8504	0.0161	0.0000	17.2540
Total	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6600e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category		МТ	√yr	
"	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567
	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

7.2 Water by Land Use <u>Unmitigated</u>

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		МТ	√yr	
Apartments Low Rise	1.62885 / 1.02688	10.9095	0.0535	1.3400e- 003	12.6471
Apartments Mid Rise	63.5252 / 40.0485	425.4719	2.0867	0.0523	493.2363
General Office Building	7.99802 / 4.90201	53.0719	0.2627	6.5900e- 003	61.6019
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	10.9272 / 0.697482	51.2702	0.3580	8.8200e- 003	62.8482
Hotel	1.26834 / 0.140927	6.1633	0.0416	1.0300e- 003	7.5079
	2.42827 / 0.154996	11.3934	0.0796	1.9600e- 003	13.9663
Regional Shopping Center	4.14806 / 2.54236	27.5250	0.1363	3.4200e- 003	31.9490
Total		585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

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7.2 Water by Land Use

Mitigated

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		MT	√yr	
Apartments Low Rise	1.62885 / 1.02688	10.9095	0.0535	1.3400e- 003	12.6471
Apartments Mid Rise	63.5252 / 40.0485	425.4719	2.0867	0.0523	493.2363
General Office Building	7.99802 / 4.90201	53.0719	0.2627	6.5900e- 003	61.6019
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)			0.3580	8.8200e- 003	62.8482
Hotel	1.26834 / 0.140927	6.1633	0.0416	1.0300e- 003	7.5079
-,,	2.42827 / 0.154996		0.0796	1.9600e- 003	13.9663
Regional Shopping Center	4.14806 / 2.54236	27.5250	0.1363	3.4200e- 003	31.9490
Total		585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

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Category/Year

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
		МТ	7/yr	
"	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354
	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

8.2 Waste by Land Use Unmitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		МТ	/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	11.5	2.3344	0.1380	0.0000	5.7834
Apartments Mid Rise	448.5	91.0415	5.3804	0.0000	225.5513
General Office Building	41.85	8.4952	0.5021	0.0000	21.0464
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		86.9613	5.1393	0.0000	215.4430
Hotel	27.38	5.5579	0.3285	0.0000	13.7694
Quality Restaurant	7.3	1.4818	0.0876	0.0000	3.6712
Regional Shopping Center	58.8	11.9359	0.7054	0.0000	29.5706
Total		207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

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8.2 Waste by Land Use

Mitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		МТ	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	11.5	2.3344	0.1380	0.0000	5.7834
Apartments Mid Rise	448.5	91.0415	5.3804	0.0000	225.5513
General Office Building	41.85	8.4952	0.5021	0.0000	21.0464
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		86.9613	5.1393	0.0000	215.4430
Hotel	27.38	5.5579	0.3285	0.0000	13.7694
Quality Restaurant	7.3	1.4818	0.0876	0.0000	3.6712
Regional Shopping Center	58.8	11.9359	0.7054	0.0000	29.5706
Total		207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

9.0 Operational Offroad

ı	Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

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Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
----------------	--------

11.0 Vegetation

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise	975.00	Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

UrbanizationUrbanWind Speed (m/s)2.2Precipitation Freq (Days)33Climate Zone9Operational Year2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
2021	4.2769	46.4588	31.6840	0.0643	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	6,234.797 4	6,234.797 4	1.9495	0.0000	6,283.535 2
2022	5.3304	38.8967	49.5629	0.1517	9.8688	1.6366	10.7727	3.6558	1.5057	5.1615	0.0000	15,251.56 74	15,251.56 74	1.9503	0.0000	15,278.52 88
2023	4.8957	26.3317	46.7567	0.1472	9.8688	0.7794	10.6482	2.6381	0.7322	3.3702	0.0000	14,807.52 69	14,807.52 69	1.0250	0.0000	14,833.15 21
2024	237.1630	9.5575	15.1043	0.0244	1.7884	0.4698	1.8628	0.4743	0.4322	0.5476	0.0000	2,361.398 9	2,361.398 9	0.7177	0.0000	2,379.342 1
Maximum	237.1630	46.4588	49.5629	0.1517	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	15,251.56 74	15,251.56 74	1.9503	0.0000	15,278.52 88

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Mitigated Construction

0.00

Percent Reduction 0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year					lb/	day							lb/	day		
2021	4.2769	46.4588	31.6840	0.0643	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	6,234.797 4	6,234.797 4	1.9495	0.0000	6,283.535 2
2022	5.3304	38.8967	49.5629	0.1517	9.8688	1.6366	10.7727	3.6558	1.5057	5.1615	0.0000	15,251.56 74	15,251.56 74	1.9503	0.0000	15,278.52 88
2023	4.8957	26.3317	46.7567	0.1472	9.8688	0.7794	10.6482	2.6381	0.7322	3.3702	0.0000	14,807.52 69	14,807.52 69	1.0250	0.0000	14,833.15 20
2024	237.1630	9.5575	15.1043	0.0244	1.7884	0.4698	1.8628	0.4743	0.4322	0.5476	0.0000	2,361.398 9	2,361.398 9	0.7177	0.0000	2,379.342 1
Maximum	237.1630	46.4588	49.5629	0.1517	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	15,251.56 74	15,251.56 74	1.9503	0.0000	15,278.52 88
	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e

0.00

0.00

0.00

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.2 Overall Operational Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807		50,361.12 08
Total	41.1168	67.2262	207.5497	0.6278	45.9592	2.4626	48.4217	12.2950	2.4385	14.7336	0.0000	76,811.18 16	76,811.18 16	2.8282	0.4832	77,025.87 86

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807	 	50,361.12 08
Total	41.1168	67.2262	207.5497	0.6278	45.9592	2.4626	48.4217	12.2950	2.4385	14.7336	0.0000	76,811.18 16	76,811.18 16	2.8282	0.4832	77,025.87 86

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped

Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513		1.4411	1.4411		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.1273	4.0952	0.9602	0.0119	0.2669	0.0126	0.2795	0.0732	0.0120	0.0852		1,292.241 3	1,292.241 3	0.0877		1,294.433 7
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0643	0.0442	0.6042	1.7100e- 003	0.1677	1.3500e- 003	0.1690	0.0445	1.2500e- 003	0.0457		170.8155	170.8155	5.0300e- 003	 	170.9413
Total	0.1916	4.1394	1.5644	0.0136	0.4346	0.0139	0.4485	0.1176	0.0133	0.1309		1,463.056 8	1,463.056 8	0.0927		1,465.375 0

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513	1 1 1	1.4411	1.4411	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	lb/day										
Hauling	0.1273	4.0952	0.9602	0.0119	0.2669	0.0126	0.2795	0.0732	0.0120	0.0852		1,292.241 3	1,292.241 3	0.0877		1,294.433 7
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0643	0.0442	0.6042	1.7100e- 003	0.1677	1.3500e- 003	0.1690	0.0445	1.2500e- 003	0.0457		170.8155	170.8155	5.0300e- 003	 	170.9413
Total	0.1916	4.1394	1.5644	0.0136	0.4346	0.0139	0.4485	0.1176	0.0133	0.1309		1,463.056 8	1,463.056 8	0.0927		1,465.375 0

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	lb/day										
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0772	0.0530	0.7250	2.0600e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		204.9786	204.9786	6.0400e- 003		205.1296
Total	0.0772	0.0530	0.7250	2.0600e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		204.9786	204.9786	6.0400e- 003		205.1296

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	lb/day										
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	lb/day										
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0772	0.0530	0.7250	2.0600e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		204.9786	204.9786	6.0400e- 003		205.1296
Total	0.0772	0.0530	0.7250	2.0600e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		204.9786	204.9786	6.0400e- 003		205.1296

3.4 Grading - 2021

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	 	1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0857	0.0589	0.8056	2.2900e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		227.7540	227.7540	6.7100e- 003		227.9217
Total	0.0857	0.0589	0.8056	2.2900e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		227.7540	227.7540	6.7100e- 003		227.9217

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust	 				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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3.4 Grading - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0857	0.0589	0.8056	2.2900e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		227.7540	227.7540	6.7100e- 003		227.9217
Total	0.0857	0.0589	0.8056	2.2900e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		227.7540	227.7540	6.7100e- 003		227.9217

3.4 Grading - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust	0; 0; 0; 0;				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965		! !	0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	 	1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0803	0.0532	0.7432	2.2100e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		219.7425	219.7425	6.0600e- 003	 	219.8941
Total	0.0803	0.0532	0.7432	2.2100e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		219.7425	219.7425	6.0600e- 003		219.8941

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust) 				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0803	0.0532	0.7432	2.2100e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		219.7425	219.7425	6.0600e- 003		219.8941
Total	0.0803	0.0532	0.7432	2.2100e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		219.7425	219.7425	6.0600e- 003		219.8941

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
0	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4079	13.2032	3.4341	0.0364	0.9155	0.0248	0.9404	0.2636	0.0237	0.2873		3,896.548 2	3,896.548 2	0.2236	 	3,902.138 4
Worker	3.2162	2.1318	29.7654	0.0883	8.9533	0.0701	9.0234	2.3745	0.0646	2.4390		8,800.685 7	8,800.685 7	0.2429	 	8,806.758 2
Total	3.6242	15.3350	33.1995	0.1247	9.8688	0.0949	9.9637	2.6381	0.0883	2.7263		12,697.23 39	12,697.23 39	0.4665		12,708.89 66

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4079	13.2032	3.4341	0.0364	0.9155	0.0248	0.9404	0.2636	0.0237	0.2873		3,896.548 2	3,896.548 2	0.2236	 	3,902.138 4
Worker	3.2162	2.1318	29.7654	0.0883	8.9533	0.0701	9.0234	2.3745	0.0646	2.4390		8,800.685 7	8,800.685 7	0.2429	 	8,806.758 2
Total	3.6242	15.3350	33.1995	0.1247	9.8688	0.0949	9.9637	2.6381	0.0883	2.7263		12,697.23 39	12,697.23 39	0.4665		12,708.89 66

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/e	day							lb/c	lay		
	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/o	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3027	10.0181	3.1014	0.0352	0.9156	0.0116	0.9271	0.2636	0.0111	0.2747		3,773.876 2	3,773.876 2	0.1982	 	3,778.830 0
Worker	3.0203	1.9287	27.4113	0.0851	8.9533	0.0681	9.0214	2.3745	0.0627	2.4372		8,478.440 8	8,478.440 8	0.2190	 	8,483.916 0
Total	3.3229	11.9468	30.5127	0.1203	9.8688	0.0797	9.9485	2.6381	0.0738	2.7118		12,252.31 70	12,252.31 70	0.4172		12,262.74 60

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3027	10.0181	3.1014	0.0352	0.9156	0.0116	0.9271	0.2636	0.0111	0.2747		3,773.876 2	3,773.876 2	0.1982		3,778.830 0
Worker	3.0203	1.9287	27.4113	0.0851	8.9533	0.0681	9.0214	2.3745	0.0627	2.4372		8,478.440 8	8,478.440 8	0.2190		8,483.916 0
Total	3.3229	11.9468	30.5127	0.1203	9.8688	0.0797	9.9485	2.6381	0.0738	2.7118		12,252.31 70	12,252.31 70	0.4172		12,262.74 60

3.6 Paving - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 				0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2023
<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0566	0.0361	0.5133	1.5900e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		158.7723	158.7723	4.1000e- 003		158.8748
Total	0.0566	0.0361	0.5133	1.5900e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		158.7723	158.7723	4.1000e- 003		158.8748

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228	! !	0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000]			0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2023

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0566	0.0361	0.5133	1.5900e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		158.7723	158.7723	4.1000e- 003		158.8748
Total	0.0566	0.0361	0.5133	1.5900e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		158.7723	158.7723	4.1000e- 003		158.8748

3.6 Paving - 2024

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000		1 1 1		 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0535	0.0329	0.4785	1.5400e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		153.8517	153.8517	3.7600e- 003	 	153.9458
Total	0.0535	0.0329	0.4785	1.5400e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		153.8517	153.8517	3.7600e- 003		153.9458

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000		1 1 1		 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0535	0.0329	0.4785	1.5400e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		153.8517	153.8517	3.7600e- 003		153.9458
Total	0.0535	0.0329	0.4785	1.5400e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		153.8517	153.8517	3.7600e- 003		153.9458

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	 	0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	,	0.0000
Worker	0.5707	0.3513	5.1044	0.0165	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,641.085 2	1,641.085 2	0.0401	,	1,642.088 6
Total	0.5707	0.3513	5.1044	0.0165	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,641.085 2	1,641.085 2	0.0401		1,642.088 6

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	 	0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.5707	0.3513	5.1044	0.0165	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,641.085 2	1,641.085 2	0.0401		1,642.088 6
Total	0.5707	0.3513	5.1044	0.0165	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,641.085 2	1,641.085 2	0.0401		1,642.088 6

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Mitigated	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807		50,361.12 08
Unmitigated	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807		50,361.12 08

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	rage Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	se %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	МН
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
NaturalGas Unmitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Apartments Low Rise	1119.16	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003	-	131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35784.3	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666	#	4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1283.42	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003	#	150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696	#	2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4769.72	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355	#	561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5057.75	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377	#	595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003	±	29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr										lb/d	day					
Apartments Low Rise	1.11916	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35.7843	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1.28342	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696		2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4.76972	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355		561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5.05775	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377		595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center	0.251616	2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/e	day							lb/d	lay		
Mitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Unmitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		,	0.0000		,	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400		1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574		0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424	,	152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day		lb/day								
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085	 		 		0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400	i i	1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574	i i	0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424	 	152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
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11.0 Vegetation

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise	975.00	Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

UrbanizationUrbanWind Speed (m/s)2.2Precipitation Freq (Days)33Climate Zone9Operational Year2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

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tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e			
Year		lb/day											lb/day						
2021	4.2865	46.4651	31.6150	0.0642	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	6,221.493 7	6,221.493 7	1.9491	0.0000	6,270.221 4			
2022	5.7218	38.9024	47.3319	0.1455	9.8688	1.6366	10.7736	3.6558	1.5057	5.1615	0.0000	14,630.30 99	14,630.30 99	1.9499	0.0000	14,657.26 63			
2023	5.2705	26.4914	44.5936	0.1413	9.8688	0.7800	10.6488	2.6381	0.7328	3.3708	0.0000	14,210.34 24	14,210.34 24	1.0230	0.0000	14,235.91 60			
2024	237.2328	9.5610	15.0611	0.0243	1.7884	0.4698	1.8628	0.4743	0.4322	0.5476	0.0000	2,352.417 8	2,352.417 8	0.7175	0.0000	2,370.355 0			
Maximum	237.2328	46.4651	47.3319	0.1455	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	14,630.30 99	14,630.30 99	1.9499	0.0000	14,657.26 63			

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Mitigated Construction

Percent

Reduction

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e			
Year		lb/day											lb/day						
2021	4.2865	46.4651	31.6150	0.0642	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	6,221.493 7	6,221.493 7	1.9491	0.0000	6,270.221			
2022	5.7218	38.9024	47.3319	0.1455	9.8688	1.6366	10.7736	3.6558	1.5057	5.1615	0.0000	14,630.30 99	14,630.30 99	1.9499	0.0000	14,657.26 63			
2023	5.2705	26.4914	44.5936	0.1413	9.8688	0.7800	10.6488	2.6381	0.7328	3.3708	0.0000	14,210.34 24	14,210.34 24	1.0230	0.0000	14,235.91 60			
2024	237.2328	9.5610	15.0611	0.0243	1.7884	0.4698	1.8628	0.4743	0.4322	0.5476	0.0000	2,352.417 8	2,352.417 8	0.7175	0.0000	2,370.355 0			
Maximum	237.2328	46.4651	47.3319	0.1455	18.2675	2.0461	20.3135	9.9840	1.8824	11.8664	0.0000	14,630.30 99	14,630.30 99	1.9499	0.0000	14,657.26 63			
	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e			

0.00

0.00

0.00

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0.00

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.2 Overall Operational Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category		lb/day lb/day														
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39
Total	40.7912	67.7872	202.7424	0.6043	45.9592	2.4640	48.4231	12.2950	2.4399	14.7349	0.0000	74,422.37 87	74,422.37 87	2.8429	0.4832	74,637.44 17

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day		lb/day								
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953	 	47,972.68 39
Total	40.7912	67.7872	202.7424	0.6043	45.9592	2.4640	48.4231	12.2950	2.4399	14.7349	0.0000	74,422.37 87	74,422.37 87	2.8429	0.4832	74,637.44 17

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped

Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	14.70	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513		1.4411	1.4411		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.1304	4.1454	1.0182	0.0117	0.2669	0.0128	0.2797	0.0732	0.0122	0.0854		1,269.855 5	1,269.855 5	0.0908		1,272.125 2
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0715	0.0489	0.5524	1.6100e- 003	0.1677	1.3500e- 003	0.1690	0.0445	1.2500e- 003	0.0457		160.8377	160.8377	4.7300e- 003	 	160.9560
Total	0.2019	4.1943	1.5706	0.0133	0.4346	0.0141	0.4487	0.1176	0.0135	0.1311		1,430.693 2	1,430.693 2	0.0955		1,433.081 2

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513	i i	1.4411	1.4411	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.1304	4.1454	1.0182	0.0117	0.2669	0.0128	0.2797	0.0732	0.0122	0.0854		1,269.855 5	1,269.855 5	0.0908		1,272.125 2
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0715	0.0489	0.5524	1.6100e- 003	0.1677	1.3500e- 003	0.1690	0.0445	1.2500e- 003	0.0457		160.8377	160.8377	4.7300e- 003	 	160.9560
Total	0.2019	4.1943	1.5706	0.0133	0.4346	0.0141	0.4487	0.1176	0.0135	0.1311		1,430.693 2	1,430.693 2	0.0955		1,433.081 2

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0858	0.0587	0.6629	1.9400e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		193.0052	193.0052	5.6800e- 003		193.1472
Total	0.0858	0.0587	0.6629	1.9400e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		193.0052	193.0052	5.6800e- 003		193.1472

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920	 	3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0858	0.0587	0.6629	1.9400e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		193.0052	193.0052	5.6800e- 003		193.1472
Total	0.0858	0.0587	0.6629	1.9400e- 003	0.2012	1.6300e- 003	0.2028	0.0534	1.5000e- 003	0.0549		193.0052	193.0052	5.6800e- 003		193.1472

3.4 Grading - 2021

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	lb/day									lb/day						
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	 	1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	
Category	lb/day										lb/day						
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	
Worker	0.0954	0.0652	0.7365	2.1500e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		214.4502	214.4502	6.3100e- 003		214.6080	
Total	0.0954	0.0652	0.7365	2.1500e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		214.4502	214.4502	6.3100e- 003		214.6080	

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	
Category	lb/day										lb/day						
Fugitive Dust	 				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000	
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4	
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4	

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3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0954	0.0652	0.7365	2.1500e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		214.4502	214.4502	6.3100e- 003		214.6080
Total	0.0954	0.0652	0.7365	2.1500e- 003	0.2236	1.8100e- 003	0.2254	0.0593	1.6600e- 003	0.0610		214.4502	214.4502	6.3100e- 003		214.6080

3.4 Grading - 2022

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	 	1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442	 	6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0896	0.0589	0.6784	2.0800e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		206.9139	206.9139	5.7000e- 003		207.0563
Total	0.0896	0.0589	0.6784	2.0800e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		206.9139	206.9139	5.7000e- 003		207.0563

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Fugitive Dust	 				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349	 	1.5041	1.5041	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0896	0.0589	0.6784	2.0800e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		206.9139	206.9139	5.7000e- 003		207.0563
Total	0.0896	0.0589	0.6784	2.0800e- 003	0.2236	1.7500e- 003	0.2253	0.0593	1.6100e- 003	0.0609		206.9139	206.9139	5.7000e- 003		207.0563

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4284	13.1673	3.8005	0.0354	0.9155	0.0256	0.9412	0.2636	0.0245	0.2881		3,789.075 0	3,789.075 0	0.2381		3,795.028 3
Worker	3.5872	2.3593	27.1680	0.0832	8.9533	0.0701	9.0234	2.3745	0.0646	2.4390		8,286.901 3	8,286.901 3	0.2282		8,292.605 8
Total	4.0156	15.5266	30.9685	0.1186	9.8688	0.0957	9.9645	2.6381	0.0891	2.7271		12,075.97 63	12,075.97 63	0.4663		12,087.63 41

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4284	13.1673	3.8005	0.0354	0.9155	0.0256	0.9412	0.2636	0.0245	0.2881		3,789.075 0	3,789.075 0	0.2381	 	3,795.028 3
Worker	3.5872	2.3593	27.1680	0.0832	8.9533	0.0701	9.0234	2.3745	0.0646	2.4390		8,286.901 3	8,286.901 3	0.2282	 	8,292.605 8
Total	4.0156	15.5266	30.9685	0.1186	9.8688	0.0957	9.9645	2.6381	0.0891	2.7271		12,075.97 63	12,075.97 63	0.4663		12,087.63 41

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3183	9.9726	3.3771	0.0343	0.9156	0.0122	0.9277	0.2636	0.0116	0.2752		3,671.400 7	3,671.400 7	0.2096		3,676.641 7
Worker	3.3795	2.1338	24.9725	0.0801	8.9533	0.0681	9.0214	2.3745	0.0627	2.4372		7,983.731 8	7,983.731 8	0.2055		7,988.868 3
Total	3.6978	12.1065	28.3496	0.1144	9.8688	0.0803	9.9491	2.6381	0.0743	2.7124		11,655.13 25	11,655.13 25	0.4151		11,665.50 99

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3183	9.9726	3.3771	0.0343	0.9156	0.0122	0.9277	0.2636	0.0116	0.2752		3,671.400 7	3,671.400 7	0.2096		3,676.641 7
Worker	3.3795	2.1338	24.9725	0.0801	8.9533	0.0681	9.0214	2.3745	0.0627	2.4372		7,983.731 8	7,983.731 8	0.2055		7,988.868 3
Total	3.6978	12.1065	28.3496	0.1144	9.8688	0.0803	9.9491	2.6381	0.0743	2.7124		11,655.13 25	11,655.13 25	0.4151		11,665.50 99

3.6 Paving - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2023

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0633	0.0400	0.4677	1.5000e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		149.5081	149.5081	3.8500e- 003		149.6043
Total	0.0633	0.0400	0.4677	1.5000e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		149.5081	149.5081	3.8500e- 003		149.6043

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000	1 1 1	0.0000	0.0000		 	0.0000		: :	0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2023

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0633	0.0400	0.4677	1.5000e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		149.5081	149.5081	3.8500e- 003		149.6043
Total	0.0633	0.0400	0.4677	1.5000e- 003	0.1677	1.2800e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1700e- 003	0.0456		149.5081	149.5081	3.8500e- 003		149.6043

3.6 Paving - 2024

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000		1		 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0601	0.0364	0.4354	1.4500e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		144.8706	144.8706	3.5300e- 003		144.9587
Total	0.0601	0.0364	0.4354	1.4500e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		144.8706	144.8706	3.5300e- 003		144.9587

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228	! !	0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2024

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0601	0.0364	0.4354	1.4500e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		144.8706	144.8706	3.5300e- 003		144.9587
Total	0.0601	0.0364	0.4354	1.4500e- 003	0.1677	1.2600e- 003	0.1689	0.0445	1.1600e- 003	0.0456		144.8706	144.8706	3.5300e- 003		144.9587

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	 	0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.6406	0.3886	4.6439	0.0155	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,545.286 0	1,545.286 0	0.0376	 	1,546.226 2
Total	0.6406	0.3886	4.6439	0.0155	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,545.286 0	1,545.286 0	0.0376		1,546.226 2

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	1	0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.6406	0.3886	4.6439	0.0155	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,545.286 0	1,545.286 0	0.0376	,	1,546.226 2
Total	0.6406	0.3886	4.6439	0.0155	1.7884	0.0134	1.8018	0.4743	0.0123	0.4866		1,545.286 0	1,545.286 0	0.0376		1,546.226 2

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Mitigated	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39
Unmitigated	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	rage Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	se %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	МН
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	lay							lb/c	lay		
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
NaturalGas Unmitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Apartments Low Rise	1119.16	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35784.3	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1283.42	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696		2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4769.72	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355	#	561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5057.75	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377		595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center	251.616	2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Apartments Low Rise	1.11916	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003	1 1 1	131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35.7843	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1.28342	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696	#	2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4.76972	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355	#	561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5.05775	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377	#	595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/e	day							lb/d	lay		
Mitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Unmitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		,	0.0000		,	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400		1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574		0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424	,	152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085		i			0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400		1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574	i i	0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424		152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
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11.0 Vegetation

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise	975.00	Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

UrbanizationUrbanWind Speed (m/s)2.2Precipitation Freq (Days)33

Climate Zone 9 Operational Year 2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

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Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Trips and VMT - Local hire provision

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82

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tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75
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tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

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2.1 Overall Construction <u>Unmitigated Construction</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year	tons/yr										MT/yr					
2021	0.1704	1.8234	1.1577	2.3800e- 003	0.4141	0.0817	0.4958	0.1788	0.0754	0.2542	0.0000	210.7654	210.7654	0.0600	0.0000	212.2661
2022	0.5865	4.0240	5.1546	0.0155	0.9509	0.1175	1.0683	0.2518	0.1103	0.3621	0.0000	1,418.655 4	1,418.655 4	0.1215	0.0000	1,421.692 5
2023	0.5190	3.2850	4.7678	0.0147	0.8497	0.0971	0.9468	0.2283	0.0912	0.3195	0.0000	1,342.441 2	1,342.441 2	0.1115	0.0000	1,345.229 1
2024	4.1592	0.1313	0.2557	5.0000e- 004	0.0221	6.3900e- 003	0.0285	5.8700e- 003	5.9700e- 003	0.0118	0.0000	44.6355	44.6355	7.8300e- 003	0.0000	44.8311
Maximum	4.1592	4.0240	5.1546	0.0155	0.9509	0.1175	1.0683	0.2518	0.1103	0.3621	0.0000	1,418.655 4	1,418.655 4	0.1215	0.0000	1,421.692 5

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2.1 Overall Construction

Mitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year		tons/yr										MT/yr				
2021	0.1704	1.8234	1.1577	2.3800e- 003	0.4141	0.0817	0.4958	0.1788	0.0754	0.2542	0.0000	210.7651	210.7651	0.0600	0.0000	212.2658
2022	0.5865	4.0240	5.1546	0.0155	0.9509	0.1175	1.0683	0.2518	0.1103	0.3621	0.0000	1,418.655 0	1,418.655 0	0.1215	0.0000	1,421.692 1
2023	0.5190	3.2850	4.7678	0.0147	0.8497	0.0971	0.9468	0.2283	0.0912	0.3195	0.0000	1,342.440 9	1,342.440 9	0.1115	0.0000	1,345.228 7
2024	4.1592	0.1313	0.2557	5.0000e- 004	0.0221	6.3900e- 003	0.0285	5.8700e- 003	5.9700e- 003	0.0118	0.0000	44.6354	44.6354	7.8300e- 003	0.0000	44.8311
Maximum	4.1592	4.0240	5.1546	0.0155	0.9509	0.1175	1.0683	0.2518	0.1103	0.3621	0.0000	1,418.655 0	1,418.655 0	0.1215	0.0000	1,421.692 1
	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Quarter	Start Date	End Date	Maximum Unmitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)	Maximum Mitigated ROG + NOX (tons/quarter)
1	9-1-2021	11-30-2021	1.4091	1.4091
2	12-1-2021	2-28-2022	1.3329	1.3329
3	3-1-2022	5-31-2022	1.1499	1.1499
4	6-1-2022	8-31-2022	1.1457	1.1457
5	9-1-2022	11-30-2022	1.1415	1.1415
6	12-1-2022	2-28-2023	1.0278	1.0278
7	3-1-2023	5-31-2023	0.9868	0.9868
8	6-1-2023	8-31-2023	0.9831	0.9831

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9	9-1-2023	11-30-2023	0.9798	0.9798
10	12-1-2023	2-29-2024	2.8757	2.8757
11	3-1-2024	5-31-2024	1.6188	1.6188
		Highest	2.8757	2.8757

2.2 Overall Operational

Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	
Category	tons/yr											MT/yr					
Area	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835	
Energy	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	3,896.073 2	3,896.073 2	0.1303	0.0468	3,913.283 3	
Mobile	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2	
Waste						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	207.8079	0.0000	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354	
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	29.1632	556.6420	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567	
Total	6.8692	9.5223	30.3407	0.0914	7.7979	0.2260	8.0240	2.0895	0.2219	2.3114	236.9712	12,294.18 07	12,531.15 19	15.7904	0.1260	12,963.47 51	

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2.2 Overall Operational

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e				
Category	tons/yr												MT	/yr						
Area	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835				
Energy	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	3,896.073 2	3,896.073 2	0.1303	0.0468	3,913.283 3				
Mobile	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2				
Waste			i			0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	207.8079	0.0000	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354				
Water						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	29.1632	556.6420	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567				
Total	6.8692	9.5223	30.3407	0.0914	7.7979	0.2260	8.0240	2.0895	0.2219	2.3114	236.9712	12,294.18 07	12,531.15 19	15.7904	0.1260	12,963.47 51				

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

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Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating – sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust			i i i		0.0496	0.0000	0.0496	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004		0.0233	0.0233] 	0.0216	0.0216	0.0000	51.0012	51.0012	0.0144	0.0000	51.3601
Total	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004	0.0496	0.0233	0.0729	7.5100e- 003	0.0216	0.0291	0.0000	51.0012	51.0012	0.0144	0.0000	51.3601

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3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	1.9300e- 003	0.0634	0.0148	1.8000e- 004	3.9400e- 003	1.9000e- 004	4.1300e- 003	1.0800e- 003	1.8000e- 004	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	17.4566	17.4566	1.2100e- 003	0.0000	17.4869
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.2000e- 004	5.3000e- 004	6.0900e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.6800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.6900e- 003	4.5000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.6000e- 004	0.0000	1.5281	1.5281	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.5293
Total	2.6500e- 003	0.0639	0.0209	2.0000e- 004	5.6200e- 003	2.0000e- 004	5.8200e- 003	1.5300e- 003	1.9000e- 004	1.7200e- 003	0.0000	18.9847	18.9847	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0161

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	⁻/yr		
Fugitive Dust	 				0.0496	0.0000	0.0496	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	7.5100e- 003	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004		0.0233	0.0233	 	0.0216	0.0216	0.0000	51.0011	51.0011	0.0144	0.0000	51.3600
Total	0.0475	0.4716	0.3235	5.8000e- 004	0.0496	0.0233	0.0729	7.5100e- 003	0.0216	0.0291	0.0000	51.0011	51.0011	0.0144	0.0000	51.3600

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3.2 Demolition - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	1.9300e- 003	0.0634	0.0148	1.8000e- 004	3.9400e- 003	1.9000e- 004	4.1300e- 003	1.0800e- 003	1.8000e- 004	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	17.4566	17.4566	1.2100e- 003	0.0000	17.4869
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.2000e- 004	5.3000e- 004	6.0900e- 003	2.0000e- 005	1.6800e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.6900e- 003	4.5000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	4.6000e- 004	0.0000	1.5281	1.5281	5.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.5293
Total	2.6500e- 003	0.0639	0.0209	2.0000e- 004	5.6200e- 003	2.0000e- 004	5.8200e- 003	1.5300e- 003	1.9000e- 004	1.7200e- 003	0.0000	18.9847	18.9847	1.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0161

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.1807	0.0000	0.1807	0.0993	0.0000	0.0993	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004		0.0204	0.0204		0.0188	0.0188	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7061
Total	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004	0.1807	0.0204	0.2011	0.0993	0.0188	0.1181	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7061

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.8000e- 004	4.3000e- 004	4.8700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3500e- 003	3.6000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.0000	1.2225	1.2225	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.2234
Total	5.8000e- 004	4.3000e- 004	4.8700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3500e- 003	3.6000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.0000	1.2225	1.2225	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.2234

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust) 				0.1807	0.0000	0.1807	0.0993	0.0000	0.0993	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004		0.0204	0.0204		0.0188	0.0188	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7060
Total	0.0389	0.4050	0.2115	3.8000e- 004	0.1807	0.0204	0.2011	0.0993	0.0188	0.1181	0.0000	33.4357	33.4357	0.0108	0.0000	33.7060

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	5.8000e- 004	4.3000e- 004	4.8700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3500e- 003	3.6000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.0000	1.2225	1.2225	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.2234
Total	5.8000e- 004	4.3000e- 004	4.8700e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.3500e- 003	3.6000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.7000e- 004	0.0000	1.2225	1.2225	4.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.2234

3.4 Grading - 2021

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr									MT/yr						
Fugitive Dust					0.1741	0.0000	0.1741	0.0693	0.0000	0.0693	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0347	0.0347	0.0000	103.5405	103.5405	0.0335	0.0000	104.3776
Total	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003	0.1741	0.0377	0.2118	0.0693	0.0347	0.1040	0.0000	103.5405	103.5405	0.0335	0.0000	104.3776

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3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	
Category	tons/yr										MT/yr						
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Worker	1.2200e- 003	9.0000e- 004	0.0103	3.0000e- 005	2.8300e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.8600e- 003	7.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	7.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.5808	2.5808	8.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.5828	
Total	1.2200e- 003	9.0000e- 004	0.0103	3.0000e- 005	2.8300e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.8600e- 003	7.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	7.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.5808	2.5808	8.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.5828	

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	tons/yr									MT/yr						
Fugitive Dust					0.1741	0.0000	0.1741	0.0693	0.0000	0.0693	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377	1 1 1	0.0347	0.0347	0.0000	103.5403	103.5403	0.0335	0.0000	104.3775
Total	0.0796	0.8816	0.5867	1.1800e- 003	0.1741	0.0377	0.2118	0.0693	0.0347	0.1040	0.0000	103.5403	103.5403	0.0335	0.0000	104.3775

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3.4 Grading - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/уг		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	1.2200e- 003	9.0000e- 004	0.0103	3.0000e- 005	2.8300e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.8600e- 003	7.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	7.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.5808	2.5808	8.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.5828
Total	1.2200e- 003	9.0000e- 004	0.0103	3.0000e- 005	2.8300e- 003	2.0000e- 005	2.8600e- 003	7.5000e- 004	2.0000e- 005	7.8000e- 004	0.0000	2.5808	2.5808	8.0000e- 005	0.0000	2.5828

3.4 Grading - 2022

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	⁻/yr		
Fugitive Dust	ii ii				0.0807	0.0000	0.0807	0.0180	0.0000	0.0180	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004		5.7200e- 003	5.7200e- 003		5.2600e- 003	5.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414
Total	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004	0.0807	5.7200e- 003	0.0865	0.0180	5.2600e- 003	0.0233	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414

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3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.1000e- 004	1.5000e- 004	1.7400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	5.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.3000e- 004	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	0.4587	0.4587	1.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.4590
Total	2.1000e- 004	1.5000e- 004	1.7400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	5.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.3000e- 004	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	0.4587	0.4587	1.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.4590

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Fugitive Dust					0.0807	0.0000	0.0807	0.0180	0.0000	0.0180	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004		5.7200e- 003	5.7200e- 003		5.2600e- 003	5.2600e- 003	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414
Total	0.0127	0.1360	0.1017	2.2000e- 004	0.0807	5.7200e- 003	0.0865	0.0180	5.2600e- 003	0.0233	0.0000	19.0871	19.0871	6.1700e- 003	0.0000	19.2414

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3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.1000e- 004	1.5000e- 004	1.7400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	5.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.3000e- 004	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	0.4587	0.4587	1.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.4590
Total	2.1000e- 004	1.5000e- 004	1.7400e- 003	1.0000e- 005	5.2000e- 004	0.0000	5.3000e- 004	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.4000e- 004	0.0000	0.4587	0.4587	1.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.4590

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023	 	0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1324	293.1324	0.0702	0.0000	294.8881
Total	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1324	293.1324	0.0702	0.0000	294.8881

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0527	1.6961	0.4580	4.5500e- 003	0.1140	3.1800e- 003	0.1171	0.0329	3.0400e- 003	0.0359	0.0000	441.9835	441.9835	0.0264	0.0000	442.6435
Worker	0.3051	0.2164	2.5233	7.3500e- 003	0.7557	6.2300e- 003	0.7619	0.2007	5.7400e- 003	0.2065	0.0000	663.9936	663.9936	0.0187	0.0000	664.4604
Total	0.3578	1.9125	2.9812	0.0119	0.8696	9.4100e- 003	0.8790	0.2336	8.7800e- 003	0.2424	0.0000	1,105.977 1	1,105.977 1	0.0451	0.0000	1,107.103 9

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1321	293.1321	0.0702	0.0000	294.8877
Total	0.2158	1.9754	2.0700	3.4100e- 003		0.1023	0.1023		0.0963	0.0963	0.0000	293.1321	293.1321	0.0702	0.0000	294.8877

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0527	1.6961	0.4580	4.5500e- 003	0.1140	3.1800e- 003	0.1171	0.0329	3.0400e- 003	0.0359	0.0000	441.9835	441.9835	0.0264	0.0000	442.6435
Worker	0.3051	0.2164	2.5233	7.3500e- 003	0.7557	6.2300e- 003	0.7619	0.2007	5.7400e- 003	0.2065	0.0000	663.9936	663.9936	0.0187	0.0000	664.4604
Total	0.3578	1.9125	2.9812	0.0119	0.8696	9.4100e- 003	0.8790	0.2336	8.7800e- 003	0.2424	0.0000	1,105.977 1	1,105.977 1	0.0451	0.0000	1,107.103 9

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2789	286.2789	0.0681	0.0000	287.9814
Total	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2789	286.2789	0.0681	0.0000	287.9814

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0382	1.2511	0.4011	4.3000e- 003	0.1113	1.4600e- 003	0.1127	0.0321	1.4000e- 003	0.0335	0.0000	417.9930	417.9930	0.0228	0.0000	418.5624
Worker	0.2795	0.1910	2.2635	6.9100e- 003	0.7377	5.9100e- 003	0.7436	0.1960	5.4500e- 003	0.2014	0.0000	624.5363	624.5363	0.0164	0.0000	624.9466
Total	0.3177	1.4420	2.6646	0.0112	0.8490	7.3700e- 003	0.8564	0.2281	6.8500e- 003	0.2349	0.0000	1,042.529 4	1,042.529 4	0.0392	0.0000	1,043.509 0

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864	 	0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2785	286.2785	0.0681	0.0000	287.9811
Total	0.1942	1.7765	2.0061	3.3300e- 003		0.0864	0.0864		0.0813	0.0813	0.0000	286.2785	286.2785	0.0681	0.0000	287.9811

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0382	1.2511	0.4011	4.3000e- 003	0.1113	1.4600e- 003	0.1127	0.0321	1.4000e- 003	0.0335	0.0000	417.9930	417.9930	0.0228	0.0000	418.5624
Worker	0.2795	0.1910	2.2635	6.9100e- 003	0.7377	5.9100e- 003	0.7436	0.1960	5.4500e- 003	0.2014	0.0000	624.5363	624.5363	0.0164	0.0000	624.9466
Total	0.3177	1.4420	2.6646	0.0112	0.8490	7.3700e- 003	0.8564	0.2281	6.8500e- 003	0.2349	0.0000	1,042.529 4	1,042.529 4	0.0392	0.0000	1,043.509 0

3.6 Paving - 2023

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	⁻ /yr		
	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227
	0.0000		 			0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227

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3.6 Paving - 2023
<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.8000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	2.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.6156	0.6156	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6160
Total	2.8000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	2.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.6156	0.6156	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6160

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227
	0.0000		 		 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	6.7100e- 003	0.0663	0.0948	1.5000e- 004		3.3200e- 003	3.3200e- 003		3.0500e- 003	3.0500e- 003	0.0000	13.0175	13.0175	4.2100e- 003	0.0000	13.1227

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3.6 Paving - 2023

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	2.8000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	2.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.6156	0.6156	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6160
Total	2.8000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	2.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	7.3000e- 004	1.9000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	2.0000e- 004	0.0000	0.6156	0.6156	2.0000e- 005	0.0000	0.6160

3.6 Paving - 2024

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073
Paving	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000	1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073

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3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							МТ	/уг		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	4.4000e- 004	2.9000e- 004	3.5100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2400e- 003	3.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.0094	1.0094	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.0100
Total	4.4000e- 004	2.9000e- 004	3.5100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2400e- 003	3.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.0094	1.0094	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.0100

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Off-Road	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073
Paving	0.0000	I I I				0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Total	0.0109	0.1048	0.1609	2.5000e- 004		5.1500e- 003	5.1500e- 003		4.7400e- 003	4.7400e- 003	0.0000	22.0292	22.0292	7.1200e- 003	0.0000	22.2073

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3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	4.4000e- 004	2.9000e- 004	3.5100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2400e- 003	3.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.0094	1.0094	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.0100
Total	4.4000e- 004	2.9000e- 004	3.5100e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2300e- 003	1.0000e- 005	1.2400e- 003	3.3000e- 004	1.0000e- 005	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	1.0094	1.0094	3.0000e- 005	0.0000	1.0100

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

Unmitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Archit. Coating	4.1372					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	3.1600e- 003	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	 	1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745
Total	4.1404	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.4800e- 003	4.9300e- 003	0.0596	1.9000e- 004	0.0209	1.6000e- 004	0.0211	5.5500e- 003	1.5000e- 004	5.7000e- 003	0.0000	17.1287	17.1287	4.3000e- 004	0.0000	17.1394
Total	7.4800e- 003	4.9300e- 003	0.0596	1.9000e- 004	0.0209	1.6000e- 004	0.0211	5.5500e- 003	1.5000e- 004	5.7000e- 003	0.0000	17.1287	17.1287	4.3000e- 004	0.0000	17.1394

Mitigated Construction On-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Archit. Coating	4.1372					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Off-Road	3.1600e- 003	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745
Total	4.1404	0.0213	0.0317	5.0000e- 005		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003		1.0700e- 003	1.0700e- 003	0.0000	4.4682	4.4682	2.5000e- 004	0.0000	4.4745

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3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Worker	7.4800e- 003	4.9300e- 003	0.0596	1.9000e- 004	0.0209	1.6000e- 004	0.0211	5.5500e- 003	1.5000e- 004	5.7000e- 003	0.0000	17.1287	17.1287	4.3000e- 004	0.0000	17.1394
Total	7.4800e- 003	4.9300e- 003	0.0596	1.9000e- 004	0.0209	1.6000e- 004	0.0211	5.5500e- 003	1.5000e- 004	5.7000e- 003	0.0000	17.1287	17.1287	4.3000e- 004	0.0000	17.1394

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2
Unmitigated	1.5857	7.9962	19.1834	0.0821	7.7979	0.0580	7.8559	2.0895	0.0539	2.1434	0.0000	7,620.498 6	7,620.498 6	0.3407	0.0000	7,629.016 2

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Avei	age Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	e %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

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	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Electricity Mitigated						0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	2,512.646 5	2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6
Electricity Unmitigated						0.0000	0.0000	, ! ! !	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	2,512.646 5	2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966	, ! ! !	0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 7	1,383.426 7	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8
NaturalGas Unmitigated	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966	, , ,	0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 7	1,383.426 7	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					ton	s/yr							MT	/уг		
Apartments Low Rise	408494	2.2000e- 003	0.0188	8.0100e- 003	1.2000e- 004		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003	0.0000	21.7988	21.7988	4.2000e- 004	4.0000e- 004	21.9284
Apartments Mid Rise	1.30613e +007	0.0704	0.6018	0.2561	3.8400e- 003		0.0487	0.0487		0.0487	0.0487	0.0000	696.9989	696.9989	0.0134	0.0128	701.1408
General Office Building	468450	2.5300e- 003	0.0230	0.0193	1.4000e- 004		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003	0.0000	24.9983	24.9983	4.8000e- 004	4.6000e- 004	25.1468
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.0448	0.4072	0.3421	2.4400e- 003		0.0310	0.0310		0.0310	0.0310	0.0000	443.3124	443.3124	8.5000e- 003	8.1300e- 003	445.9468
Hotel	1.74095e +006	9.3900e- 003	0.0853	0.0717	5.1000e- 004		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003	0.0000	92.9036	92.9036	1.7800e- 003	1.7000e- 003	93.4557
Quality Restaurant	1.84608e +006	9.9500e- 003	0.0905	0.0760	5.4000e- 004		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003	0.0000	98.5139	98.5139	1.8900e- 003	1.8100e- 003	99.0993
Regional Shopping Center	91840	5.0000e- 004	4.5000e- 003	3.7800e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	4.9009	4.9009	9.0000e- 005	9.0000e- 005	4.9301
Total		0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 8	1,383.426 8	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

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5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					ton	s/yr							МТ	/уг		
Apartments Low Rise	408494	2.2000e- 003	0.0188	8.0100e- 003	1.2000e- 004		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003		1.5200e- 003	1.5200e- 003	0.0000	21.7988	21.7988	4.2000e- 004	4.0000e- 004	21.9284
Apartments Mid Rise	1.30613e +007	0.0704	0.6018	0.2561	3.8400e- 003		0.0487	0.0487		0.0487	0.0487	0.0000	696.9989	696.9989	0.0134	0.0128	701.1408
General Office Building	468450	2.5300e- 003	0.0230	0.0193	1.4000e- 004		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003		1.7500e- 003	1.7500e- 003	0.0000	24.9983	24.9983	4.8000e- 004	4.6000e- 004	25.1468
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.0448	0.4072	0.3421	2.4400e- 003		0.0310	0.0310		0.0310	0.0310	0.0000	443.3124	443.3124	8.5000e- 003	8.1300e- 003	445.9468
Hotel	1.74095e +006	9.3900e- 003	0.0853	0.0717	5.1000e- 004		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003		6.4900e- 003	6.4900e- 003	0.0000	92.9036	92.9036	1.7800e- 003	1.7000e- 003	93.4557
Quality Restaurant	1.84608e +006	9.9500e- 003	0.0905	0.0760	5.4000e- 004		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003		6.8800e- 003	6.8800e- 003	0.0000	98.5139	98.5139	1.8900e- 003	1.8100e- 003	99.0993
Regional Shopping Center	91840	5.0000e- 004	4.5000e- 003	3.7800e- 003	3.0000e- 005		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004		3.4000e- 004	3.4000e- 004	0.0000	4.9009	4.9009	9.0000e- 005	9.0000e- 005	4.9301
Total	_	0.1398	1.2312	0.7770	7.6200e- 003		0.0966	0.0966		0.0966	0.0966	0.0000	1,383.426 8	1,383.426 8	0.0265	0.0254	1,391.647 8

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5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Unmitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		MT	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	106010	33.7770	1.3900e- 003	2.9000e- 004	33.8978
Apartments Mid Rise	3.94697e +006	1,257.587 9	0.0519	0.0107	1,262.086 9
General Office Building	584550	186.2502	7.6900e- 003	1.5900e- 003	186.9165
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		506.3022	0.0209	4.3200e- 003	508.1135
Hotel	550308	175.3399	7.2400e- 003	1.5000e- 003	175.9672
Quality Restaurant	353120	112.5116	4.6500e- 003	9.6000e- 004	112.9141
Regional Shopping Center	756000	240.8778	9.9400e- 003	2.0600e- 003	241.7395
Total		2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6

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5.3 Energy by Land Use - Electricity Mitigated

	Electricity Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kWh/yr		МТ	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	106010	33.7770	1.3900e- 003	2.9000e- 004	33.8978
Apartments Mid Rise	3.94697e +006	1,257.587 9	0.0519	0.0107	1,262.086 9
General Office Building	584550	186.2502	7.6900e- 003	1.5900e- 003	186.9165
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		506.3022	0.0209	4.3200e- 003	508.1135
Hotel	550308	175.3399	7.2400e- 003	1.5000e- 003	175.9672
Quality Restaurant	353120	112.5116	4.6500e- 003	9.6000e- 004	112.9141
Regional Shopping Center	756000	240.8778	9.9400e- 003	2.0600e- 003	241.7395
Total		2,512.646 5	0.1037	0.0215	2,521.635 6

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Mitigated	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835
Unmitigated	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6700e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

6.2 Area by SubCategory Unmitigated

ROG NOx CO SO2 Fugitive Exhaust PM10 Fugitive Exhaust PM2.5 Bio- CO2 NBio- CO2 Total CO2 PM10 PM10 Total PM2.5 PM2.5 Total

					PM10	PINITO	Total	PIVIZ.5	PIVIZ.5	lotai						
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							МТ	Γ/yr		
Architectural Coating	0.4137		: :			0.0000	0.0000	i i i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	4.3998	 	i i	 		0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hearth	0.0206	0.1763	0.0750	1.1200e- 003		0.0143	0.0143	i i	0.0143	0.0143	0.0000	204.1166	204.1166	3.9100e- 003	3.7400e- 003	205.3295
Landscaping	0.3096	0.1187	10.3054	5.4000e- 004		0.0572	0.0572	i i	0.0572	0.0572	0.0000	16.8504	16.8504	0.0161	0.0000	17.2540
Total	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6600e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

CH4

N2O

CO2e

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6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					ton	s/yr							MT	/yr		
Architectural Coating	0.4137		 	 		0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Consumer Products	4.3998		 	 		0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Hearth	0.0206	0.1763	0.0750	1.1200e- 003		0.0143	0.0143	·	0.0143	0.0143	0.0000	204.1166	204.1166	3.9100e- 003	3.7400e- 003	205.3295
Landscaping	0.3096	0.1187	10.3054	5.4000e- 004		0.0572	0.0572	i i	0.0572	0.0572	0.0000	16.8504	16.8504	0.0161	0.0000	17.2540
Total	5.1437	0.2950	10.3804	1.6600e- 003		0.0714	0.0714		0.0714	0.0714	0.0000	220.9670	220.9670	0.0201	3.7400e- 003	222.5835

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

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	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category		MT	-/yr	
ı	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567
	585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

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7.2 Water by Land Use <u>Unmitigated</u>

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		МТ	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	1.62885 / 1.02688	10.9095	0.0535	1.3400e- 003	12.6471
Apartments Mid Rise	63.5252 / 40.0485	425.4719	2.0867	0.0523	493.2363
General Office Building	7.99802 / 4.90201	53.0719	0.2627	6.5900e- 003	61.6019
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	10.9272 / 0.697482	51.2702	0.3580	8.8200e- 003	62.8482
Hotel	1.26834 / 0.140927	6.1633	0.0416	1.0300e- 003	7.5079
	2.42827 / 0.154996		0.0796	1.9600e- 003	13.9663
Regional Shopping Center	4.14806 / 2.54236	27.5250	0.1363	3.4200e- 003	31.9490
Total		585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

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7.2 Water by Land Use

Mitigated

	Indoor/Out door Use	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	Mgal		MT	√yr	
Apartments Low Rise	1.62885 / 1.02688	10.9095	0.0535	1.3400e- 003	12.6471
Apartments Mid Rise	63.5252 / 40.0485	425.4719	2.0867	0.0523	493.2363
General Office Building	7.99802 / 4.90201	53.0719	0.2627	6.5900e- 003	61.6019
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)			0.3580	8.8200e- 003	62.8482
Hotel	1.26834 / 0.140927	6.1633	0.0416	1.0300e- 003	7.5079
-,,	2.42827 / 0.154996		0.0796	1.9600e- 003	13.9663
Regional Shopping Center	4.14806 / 2.54236	27.5250	0.1363	3.4200e- 003	31.9490
Total		585.8052	3.0183	0.0755	683.7567

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

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Category/Year

	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
		MT	-/yr	
	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354
	207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

8.2 Waste by Land Use <u>Unmitigated</u>

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		МТ	/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	11.5	2.3344	0.1380	0.0000	5.7834
Apartments Mid Rise	448.5	91.0415	5.3804	0.0000	225.5513
General Office Building	41.85	8.4952	0.5021	0.0000	21.0464
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		86.9613	5.1393	0.0000	215.4430
Hotel	27.38	5.5579	0.3285	0.0000	13.7694
Quality Restaurant	7.3	1.4818	0.0876	0.0000	3.6712
Regional Shopping Center	58.8	11.9359	0.7054	0.0000	29.5706
Total		207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

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8.2 Waste by Land Use

Mitigated

	Waste Disposed	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	tons		МТ	-/yr	
Apartments Low Rise	11.5	2.3344	0.1380	0.0000	5.7834
Apartments Mid Rise	448.5	91.0415	5.3804	0.0000	225.5513
General Office Building	41.85	8.4952	0.5021	0.0000	21.0464
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		86.9613	5.1393	0.0000	215.4430
Hotel	27.38	5.5579	0.3285	0.0000	13.7694
Quality Restaurant	7.3	1.4818	0.0876	0.0000	3.6712
Regional Shopping Center	58.8	11.9359	0.7054	0.0000	29.5706
Total		207.8079	12.2811	0.0000	514.8354

9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
-----------------------	-----------	-----------	-------------	-------------	-----------

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Annual

Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
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11.0 Vegetation

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise	975.00	Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

UrbanizationUrbanWind Speed (m/s)2.2Precipitation Freq (Days)33Climate Zone9Operational Year2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Trips and VMT - Local hire provision

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
2021	4.2561	46.4415	31.4494	0.0636	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	6,163.416 6	6,163.416 6	1.9475	0.0000	6,212.103 9
2022	4.5441	38.8811	40.8776	0.1240	8.8255	1.6361	10.4616	3.6369	1.5052	5.1421	0.0000	12,493.44 03	12,493.44 03	1.9485	0.0000	12,518.57 07
2023	4.1534	25.7658	38.7457	0.1206	7.0088	0.7592	7.7679	1.8799	0.7136	2.5935	0.0000	12,150.48 90	12,150.48 90	0.9589	0.0000	12,174.46 15
2024	237.0219	9.5478	14.9642	0.0239	1.2171	0.4694	1.2875	0.3229	0.4319	0.4621	0.0000	2,313.180 8	2,313.180 8	0.7166	0.0000	2,331.095 6
Maximum	237.0219	46.4415	40.8776	0.1240	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	12,493.44 03	12,493.44 03	1.9485	0.0000	12,518.57 07

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Mitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year					lb/	day						•	lb/	day	,	,
2021	4.2561	46.4415	31.4494	0.0636	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	6,163.416 6	6,163.416 6	1.9475	0.0000	6,212.103 9
2022	4.5441	38.8811	40.8776	0.1240	8.8255	1.6361	10.4616	3.6369	1.5052	5.1421	0.0000	12,493.44 03	12,493.44 03	1.9485	0.0000	12,518.57 07
2023	4.1534	25.7658	38.7457	0.1206	7.0088	0.7592	7.7679	1.8799	0.7136	2.5935	0.0000	12,150.48 90	12,150.48 90	0.9589	0.0000	12,174.46 15
2024	237.0219	9.5478	14.9642	0.0239	1.2171	0.4694	1.2875	0.3229	0.4319	0.4621	0.0000	2,313.180 8	2,313.180 8	0.7166	0.0000	2,331.095 5
Maximum	237.0219	46.4415	40.8776	0.1240	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	12,493.44 03	12,493.44 03	1.9485	0.0000	12,518.57 07
	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

2.2 Overall Operational Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category	lb/day									lb/day						
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807		50,361.12 08
Total	41.1168	67.2262	207.5497	0.6278	45.9592	2.4626	48.4217	12.2950	2.4385	14.7336	0.0000	76,811.18 16	76,811.18 16	2.8282	0.4832	77,025.87 86

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807	 	50,361.12 08
Total	41.1168	67.2262	207.5497	0.6278	45.9592	2.4626	48.4217	12.2950	2.4385	14.7336	0.0000	76,811.18 16	76,811.18 16	2.8282	0.4832	77,025.87 86

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped

Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

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Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust	11 11 11				3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513		1.4411	1.4411		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549	 	3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.1273	4.0952	0.9602	0.0119	0.2669	0.0126	0.2795	0.0732	0.0120	0.0852		1,292.241 3	1,292.241 3	0.0877		1,294.433 7
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0487	0.0313	0.4282	1.1800e- 003	0.1141	9.5000e- 004	0.1151	0.0303	8.8000e- 004	0.0311		117.2799	117.2799	3.5200e- 003	 	117.3678
Total	0.1760	4.1265	1.3884	0.0131	0.3810	0.0135	0.3946	0.1034	0.0129	0.1163		1,409.521 2	1,409.521 2	0.0912		1,411.801 5

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust	 	i i	i i		3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513	 	1.4411	1.4411	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.1273	4.0952	0.9602	0.0119	0.2669	0.0126	0.2795	0.0732	0.0120	0.0852		1,292.241 3	1,292.241 3	0.0877		1,294.433 7
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0487	0.0313	0.4282	1.1800e- 003	0.1141	9.5000e- 004	0.1151	0.0303	8.8000e- 004	0.0311		117.2799	117.2799	3.5200e- 003		117.3678
Total	0.1760	4.1265	1.3884	0.0131	0.3810	0.0135	0.3946	0.1034	0.0129	0.1163		1,409.521 2	1,409.521 2	0.0912		1,411.801 5

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust	0; 0; 0; 0; 0;				18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920	 	3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0584	0.0375	0.5139	1.4100e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		140.7359	140.7359	4.2200e- 003		140.8414
Total	0.0584	0.0375	0.5139	1.4100e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		140.7359	140.7359	4.2200e- 003		140.8414

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920	 	3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0584	0.0375	0.5139	1.4100e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		140.7359	140.7359	4.2200e- 003		140.8414
Total	0.0584	0.0375	0.5139	1.4100e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		140.7359	140.7359	4.2200e- 003		140.8414

3.4 Grading - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230		6,007.043 4	6,007.043	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0649	0.0417	0.5710	1.5700e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		156.3732	156.3732	4.6900e- 003	 	156.4904
Total	0.0649	0.0417	0.5710	1.5700e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		156.3732	156.3732	4.6900e- 003		156.4904

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust	11 11				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000		i i	0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2021

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0649	0.0417	0.5710	1.5700e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		156.3732	156.3732	4.6900e- 003		156.4904
Total	0.0649	0.0417	0.5710	1.5700e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		156.3732	156.3732	4.6900e- 003		156.4904

3.4 Grading - 2022

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442	 	6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0607	0.0376	0.5263	1.5100e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		150.8754	150.8754	4.2400e- 003		150.9813
Total	0.0607	0.0376	0.5263	1.5100e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		150.8754	150.8754	4.2400e- 003		150.9813

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442	 	6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0607	0.0376	0.5263	1.5100e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		150.8754	150.8754	4.2400e- 003	 	150.9813
Total	0.0607	0.0376	0.5263	1.5100e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		150.8754	150.8754	4.2400e- 003		150.9813

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/o	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4079	13.2032	3.4341	0.0364	0.9155	0.0248	0.9404	0.2636	0.0237	0.2873		3,896.548 2	3,896.548 2	0.2236	 	3,902.138 4
Worker	2.4299	1.5074	21.0801	0.0607	6.0932	0.0493	6.1425	1.6163	0.0454	1.6617		6,042.558 5	6,042.558 5	0.1697	 	6,046.800 0
Total	2.8378	14.7106	24.5142	0.0971	7.0087	0.0741	7.0828	1.8799	0.0691	1.9490		9,939.106 7	9,939.106 7	0.3933		9,948.938 4

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4079	13.2032	3.4341	0.0364	0.9155	0.0248	0.9404	0.2636	0.0237	0.2873		3,896.548 2	3,896.548 2	0.2236	 	3,902.138 4
Worker	2.4299	1.5074	21.0801	0.0607	6.0932	0.0493	6.1425	1.6163	0.0454	1.6617		6,042.558 5	6,042.558 5	0.1697	 	6,046.800 0
Total	2.8378	14.7106	24.5142	0.0971	7.0087	0.0741	7.0828	1.8799	0.0691	1.9490		9,939.106 7	9,939.106 7	0.3933		9,948.938 4

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3027	10.0181	3.1014	0.0352	0.9156	0.0116	0.9271	0.2636	0.0111	0.2747		3,773.876 2	3,773.876 2	0.1982		3,778.830 0
Worker	2.2780	1.3628	19.4002	0.0584	6.0932	0.0479	6.1411	1.6163	0.0441	1.6604		5,821.402 8	5,821.402 8	0.1529		5,825.225 4
Total	2.5807	11.3809	22.5017	0.0936	7.0088	0.0595	7.0682	1.8799	0.0552	1.9350		9,595.279 0	9,595.279 0	0.3511		9,604.055 4

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3027	10.0181	3.1014	0.0352	0.9156	0.0116	0.9271	0.2636	0.0111	0.2747		3,773.876 2	3,773.876 2	0.1982	, 	3,778.830 0
Worker	2.2780	1.3628	19.4002	0.0584	6.0932	0.0479	6.1411	1.6163	0.0441	1.6604		5,821.402 8	5,821.402 8	0.1529	, ! ! !	5,825.225 4
Total	2.5807	11.3809	22.5017	0.0936	7.0088	0.0595	7.0682	1.8799	0.0552	1.9350		9,595.279 0	9,595.279 0	0.3511		9,604.055 4

3.6 Paving - 2023

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		 	0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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3.6 Paving - 2023

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.0427	0.0255	0.3633	1.0900e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		109.0150	109.0150	2.8600e- 003	 	109.0866
Total	0.0427	0.0255	0.3633	1.0900e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		109.0150	109.0150	2.8600e- 003		109.0866

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228	! !	0.5102	0.5102	 	0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 				0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2023

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0427	0.0255	0.3633	1.0900e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		109.0150	109.0150	2.8600e- 003		109.0866
Total	0.0427	0.0255	0.3633	1.0900e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		109.0150	109.0150	2.8600e- 003		109.0866

3.6 Paving - 2024

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000					0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000		 	0.0000			0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0403	0.0233	0.3384	1.0600e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		105.6336	105.6336	2.6300e- 003		105.6992
Total	0.0403	0.0233	0.3384	1.0600e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		105.6336	105.6336	2.6300e- 003		105.6992

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228	! !	0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000				 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.6 Paving - 2024

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0403	0.0233	0.3384	1.0600e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		105.6336	105.6336	2.6300e- 003		105.6992
Total	0.0403	0.0233	0.3384	1.0600e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		105.6336	105.6336	2.6300e- 003		105.6992

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.4296	0.2481	3.6098	0.0113	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,126.758 3	1,126.758 3	0.0280	 	1,127.458 3
Total	0.4296	0.2481	3.6098	0.0113	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,126.758 3	1,126.758 3	0.0280		1,127.458 3

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.4296	0.2481	3.6098	0.0113	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,126.758 3	1,126.758 3	0.0280	 	1,127.458 3
Total	0.4296	0.2481	3.6098	0.0113	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,126.758 3	1,126.758 3	0.0280		1,127.458 3

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Mitigated	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807		50,361.12 08
Unmitigated	9.8489	45.4304	114.8495	0.4917	45.9592	0.3360	46.2951	12.2950	0.3119	12.6070		50,306.60 34	50,306.60 34	2.1807	 	50,361.12 08

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	rage Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	e %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	МН
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Unmitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Apartments Low Rise	1119.16	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35784.3	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1283.42	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696		2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4769.72	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355	#	561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5057.75	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377	#	595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Apartments Low Rise	1.11916	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35.7843	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1.28342	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696	,	0.1696	0.1696		2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4.76972	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355	,	0.0355	0.0355		561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5.05775	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377	,	0.0377	0.0377		595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003	,	1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Mitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Unmitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000		,	0.0000		,	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400		1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574		0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424	,	152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085		i			0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000		 	0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400		1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574	i i	0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424		152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Summer

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
		1.00.0, 2.0,	1,00,00			

Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
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11.0 Vegetation

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed)

Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

1.0 Project Characteristics

1.1 Land Usage

Land Uses	Size	Metric	Lot Acreage	Floor Surface Area	Population
General Office Building	45.00	1000sqft	1.03	45,000.00	0
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	36.00	1000sqft	0.83	36,000.00	0
Hotel	50.00	Room	1.67	72,600.00	0
Quality Restaurant	8.00	1000sqft	0.18	8,000.00	0
Apartments Low Rise	25.00	Dwelling Unit	1.56	25,000.00	72
Apartments Mid Rise	975.00	Dwelling Unit	25.66	975,000.00	2789
Regional Shopping Center	56.00	1000sqft	1.29	56,000.00	0

1.2 Other Project Characteristics

UrbanizationUrbanWind Speed (m/s)2.2Precipitation Freq (Days)33Climate Zone9Operational Year2028

Utility Company Southern California Edison

 CO2 Intensity
 702.44
 CH4 Intensity
 0.029
 N20 Intensity
 0.006

 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)
 (lb/MWhr)

1.3 User Entered Comments & Non-Default Data

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

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Project Characteristics - Consistent with the DEIR's model.

Land Use - See SWAPE comment regarding residential and retail land uses.

Construction Phase - See SWAPE comment regarding individual construction phase lengths.

Demolition - Consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding demolition.

Vehicle Trips - Saturday trips consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding weekday and Sunday trips.

Woodstoves - Woodstoves and wood-burning fireplaces consistent with the DEIR's model. See SWAPE comment regarding gas fireplaces.

Energy Use -

Construction Off-road Equipment Mitigation - See SWAPE comment on construction-related mitigation.

Area Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Water Mitigation - See SWAPE comment regarding operational mitigation measures.

Trips and VMT - Local hire provision

Table Name	Column Name	Default Value	New Value
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	FireplaceWoodMass	1,019.20	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	1.25	0.00
tblFireplaces	NumberWood	48.75	0.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblTripsAndVMT	WorkerTripLength	14.70	10.00
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	7.16	6.17
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	6.39	3.87
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	2.46	1.39
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	158.37	79.82

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

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tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	8.19	3.75
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	94.36	63.99
tblVehicleTrips	ST_TR	49.97	10.74
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	6.07	6.16
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.86	4.18
.			
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	1.05	0.69
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	131.84	78.27
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	5.95	3.20
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	72.16	57.65
tblVehicleTrips	SU_TR	25.24	6.39
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.59	5.83
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	6.65	4.13
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	11.03	6.41
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	127.15	65.80
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	8.17	3.84
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	89.95	62.64
tblVehicleTrips	WD_TR	42.70	9.43
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberCatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	1.25	0.00
tblWoodstoves	NumberNoncatalytic	48.75	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveDayYear	25.00	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00
tblWoodstoves	WoodstoveWoodMass	999.60	0.00

2.0 Emissions Summary

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Unmitigated Construction

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Year					lb/d		lb/day									
2021	4.2621	46.4460	31.4068	0.0635	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	6,154.337 7	6,154.337 7	1.9472	0.0000	6,203.018 6
2022	4.7966	38.8851	39.6338	0.1195	8.8255	1.6361	10.4616	3.6369	1.5052	5.1421	0.0000	12,035.34 40	12,035.34 40	1.9482	0.0000	12,060.60 13
2023	4.3939	25.8648	37.5031	0.1162	7.0088	0.7598	7.7685	1.8799	0.7142	2.5940	0.0000	11,710.40 80	11,710.40 80	0.9617	0.0000	11,734.44 97
2024	237.0656	9.5503	14.9372	0.0238	1.2171	0.4694	1.2875	0.3229	0.4319	0.4621	0.0000	2,307.051 7	2,307.051 7	0.7164	0.0000	2,324.962 7
Maximum	237.0656	46.4460	39.6338	0.1195	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	12,035.34 40	12,035.34 40	1.9482	0.0000	12,060.60 13

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.1 Overall Construction (Maximum Daily Emission)

Mitigated Construction

Percent

Reduction

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

0.00

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e	
Year					lb/	'day					lb/day						
2021	4.2621	46.4460	31.4068	0.0635	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	6,154.337 7	6,154.337 7	1.9472	0.0000	6,203.018 6	
2022	4.7966	38.8851	39.6338	0.1195	8.8255	1.6361	10.4616	3.6369	1.5052	5.1421	0.0000	12,035.34 40	12,035.34 40	1.9482	0.0000	12,060.60 13	
2023	4.3939	25.8648	37.5031	0.1162	7.0088	0.7598	7.7685	1.8799	0.7142	2.5940	0.0000	11,710.40 80	11,710.40 80	0.9617	0.0000	11,734.44 97	
2024	237.0656	9.5503	14.9372	0.0238	1.2171	0.4694	1.2875	0.3229	0.4319	0.4621	0.0000	2,307.051 7	2,307.051 7	0.7164	0.0000	2,324.962 7	
Maximum	237.0656	46.4460	39.6338	0.1195	18.2032	2.0456	20.2488	9.9670	1.8820	11.8490	0.0000	12,035.34 40	12,035.34 40	1.9482	0.0000	12,060.60 13	
	ROG	NOx	со	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e	

0.00

0.00

0.00

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0.00

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0.00

0.00

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

2.2 Overall Operational Unmitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d											
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39
Total	40.7912	67.7872	202.7424	0.6043	45.9592	2.4640	48.4231	12.2950	2.4399	14.7349	0.0000	74,422.37 87	74,422.37 87	2.8429	0.4832	74,637.44 17

Mitigated Operational

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d		lb/day									
Area	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Energy	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
Mobile	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953	 	47,972.68 39
Total	40.7912	67.7872	202.7424	0.6043	45.9592	2.4640	48.4231	12.2950	2.4399	14.7349	0.0000	74,422.37 87	74,422.37 87	2.8429	0.4832	74,637.44 17

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio-CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N20	CO2e
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

3.0 Construction Detail

Construction Phase

Phase Number	Phase Name	Phase Type	Start Date	End Date	Num Days Week	Num Days	Phase Description
1	Demolition	Demolition	9/1/2021	10/12/2021	5	30	
2	Site Preparation	Site Preparation	10/13/2021	11/9/2021	5	20	
3	Grading	Grading	11/10/2021	1/11/2022	5	45	
4	Building Construction	Building Construction	1/12/2022	12/12/2023	5	500	
5	Paving	Paving	12/13/2023	1/30/2024	5	35	
6	Architectural Coating	Architectural Coating	1/31/2024	3/19/2024	5	35	

Acres of Grading (Site Preparation Phase): 0

Acres of Grading (Grading Phase): 112.5

Acres of Paving: 0

Residential Indoor: 2,025,000; Residential Outdoor: 675,000; Non-Residential Indoor: 326,400; Non-Residential Outdoor: 108,800; Striped

Parking Area: 0 (Architectural Coating - sqft)

OffRoad Equipment

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Type	Amount	Usage Hours	Horse Power	Load Factor
Demolition	Concrete/Industrial Saws	1	8.00	81	0.73
Demolition	Excavators	3	8.00	158	0.38
Demolition	Rubber Tired Dozers	2	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Rubber Tired Dozers	3	8.00	247	0.40
Site Preparation	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	4	8.00	97	0.37
Grading	Excavators	2	8.00	158	0.38
Grading	Graders	1	8.00	187	0.41
Grading	Rubber Tired Dozers	1	8.00	247	0.40
Grading	Scrapers	2	8.00	367	0.48
Grading	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	8.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Cranes	1	7.00	231	0.29
Building Construction	Forklifts	3	8.00	89	0.20
Building Construction	Generator Sets	1	8.00	84	0.74
Building Construction	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	3	7.00	97	0.37
Building Construction	Welders	1	8.00	46	0.45
Paving	Pavers	2	8.00	130	0.42
Paving	Paving Equipment	2	8.00	132	0.36
Paving	Rollers	2	8.00	80	0.38
Architectural Coating	Air Compressors	1	6.00	78	0.48

Trips and VMT

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Phase Name	Offroad Equipment Count	Worker Trip Number	Vendor Trip Number	Hauling Trip Number	Worker Trip Length	Vendor Trip Length	Hauling Trip Length	Worker Vehicle Class	Vendor Vehicle Class	Hauling Vehicle Class
Demolition	6	15.00	0.00	458.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Site Preparation	7	18.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Grading	8	20.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Building Construction	9	801.00	143.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Paving	6	15.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT
Architectural Coating	1	160.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	6.90	20.00	LD_Mix	HDT_Mix	HHDT

3.1 Mitigation Measures Construction

3.2 Demolition - 2021

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513		1.4411	1.4411		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549	 	3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419		3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/e	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.1304	4.1454	1.0182	0.0117	0.2669	0.0128	0.2797	0.0732	0.0122	0.0854		1,269.855 5	1,269.855 5	0.0908		1,272.125 2
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0532	0.0346	0.3963	1.1100e- 003	0.1141	9.5000e- 004	0.1151	0.0303	8.8000e- 004	0.0311		110.4707	110.4707	3.3300e- 003	 	110.5539
Total	0.1835	4.1800	1.4144	0.0128	0.3810	0.0137	0.3948	0.1034	0.0131	0.1165		1,380.326 2	1,380.326 2	0.0941		1,382.679 1

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust	 	i i	i i		3.3074	0.0000	3.3074	0.5008	0.0000	0.5008			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388		1.5513	1.5513	 	1.4411	1.4411	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4
Total	3.1651	31.4407	21.5650	0.0388	3.3074	1.5513	4.8588	0.5008	1.4411	1.9419	0.0000	3,747.944 9	3,747.944 9	1.0549		3,774.317 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.2 Demolition - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.1304	4.1454	1.0182	0.0117	0.2669	0.0128	0.2797	0.0732	0.0122	0.0854		1,269.855 5	1,269.855 5	0.0908		1,272.125 2
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0532	0.0346	0.3963	1.1100e- 003	0.1141	9.5000e- 004	0.1151	0.0303	8.8000e- 004	0.0311		110.4707	110.4707	3.3300e- 003		110.5539
Total	0.1835	4.1800	1.4144	0.0128	0.3810	0.0137	0.3948	0.1034	0.0131	0.1165		1,380.326 2	1,380.326 2	0.0941		1,382.679 1

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920	 	3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116		3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.3 Site Preparation - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0638	0.0415	0.4755	1.3300e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		132.5649	132.5649	3.9900e- 003		132.6646
Total	0.0638	0.0415	0.4755	1.3300e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		132.5649	132.5649	3.9900e- 003		132.6646

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust	11 11 11				18.0663	0.0000	18.0663	9.9307	0.0000	9.9307			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380		2.0445	2.0445		1.8809	1.8809	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3
Total	3.8882	40.4971	21.1543	0.0380	18.0663	2.0445	20.1107	9.9307	1.8809	11.8116	0.0000	3,685.656 9	3,685.656 9	1.1920		3,715.457 3

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3.3 Site Preparation - 2021 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0638	0.0415	0.4755	1.3300e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		132.5649	132.5649	3.9900e- 003		132.6646
Total	0.0638	0.0415	0.4755	1.3300e- 003	0.1369	1.1400e- 003	0.1381	0.0363	1.0500e- 003	0.0374		132.5649	132.5649	3.9900e- 003		132.6646

3.4 Grading - 2021

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230		6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0709	0.0462	0.5284	1.4800e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		147.2943	147.2943	4.4300e- 003		147.4051
Total	0.0709	0.0462	0.5284	1.4800e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		147.2943	147.2943	4.4300e- 003		147.4051

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Fugitive Dust	11 11				8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000		i i	0.0000
Off-Road	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620		1.9853	1.9853		1.8265	1.8265	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428	 	6,055.613 4
Total	4.1912	46.3998	30.8785	0.0620	8.6733	1.9853	10.6587	3.5965	1.8265	5.4230	0.0000	6,007.043 4	6,007.043 4	1.9428		6,055.613 4

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2021

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0709	0.0462	0.5284	1.4800e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		147.2943	147.2943	4.4300e- 003		147.4051
Total	0.0709	0.0462	0.5284	1.4800e- 003	0.1521	1.2700e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1700e- 003	0.0415		147.2943	147.2943	4.4300e- 003		147.4051

3.4 Grading - 2022

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Fugitive Dust					8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442	 	6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006		6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2022

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0665	0.0416	0.4861	1.4300e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		142.1207	142.1207	4.0000e- 003		142.2207
Total	0.0665	0.0416	0.4861	1.4300e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		142.1207	142.1207	4.0000e- 003		142.2207

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Fugitive Dust		i i			8.6733	0.0000	8.6733	3.5965	0.0000	3.5965			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621		1.6349	1.6349		1.5041	1.5041	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8
Total	3.6248	38.8435	29.0415	0.0621	8.6733	1.6349	10.3082	3.5965	1.5041	5.1006	0.0000	6,011.410 5	6,011.410 5	1.9442		6,060.015 8

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.4 Grading - 2022

Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0665	0.0416	0.4861	1.4300e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		142.1207	142.1207	4.0000e- 003		142.2207
Total	0.0665	0.0416	0.4861	1.4300e- 003	0.1521	1.2300e- 003	0.1534	0.0404	1.1300e- 003	0.0415		142.1207	142.1207	4.0000e- 003		142.2207

3.5 Building Construction - 2022

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612		2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4284	13.1673	3.8005	0.0354	0.9155	0.0256	0.9412	0.2636	0.0245	0.2881		3,789.075 0	3,789.075 0	0.2381	 	3,795.028 3
Worker	2.6620	1.6677	19.4699	0.0571	6.0932	0.0493	6.1425	1.6163	0.0454	1.6617		5,691.935 4	5,691.935 4	0.1602	 	5,695.940 8
Total	3.0904	14.8350	23.2704	0.0926	7.0087	0.0749	7.0836	1.8799	0.0699	1.9498		9,481.010 4	9,481.010 4	0.3984		9,490.969 1

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2
Total	1.7062	15.6156	16.3634	0.0269		0.8090	0.8090		0.7612	0.7612	0.0000	2,554.333 6	2,554.333 6	0.6120		2,569.632 2

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2022 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.4284	13.1673	3.8005	0.0354	0.9155	0.0256	0.9412	0.2636	0.0245	0.2881		3,789.075 0	3,789.075 0	0.2381	 	3,795.028 3
Worker	2.6620	1.6677	19.4699	0.0571	6.0932	0.0493	6.1425	1.6163	0.0454	1.6617		5,691.935 4	5,691.935 4	0.1602	 	5,695.940 8
Total	3.0904	14.8350	23.2704	0.0926	7.0087	0.0749	7.0836	1.8799	0.0699	1.9498		9,481.010 4	9,481.010 4	0.3984		9,490.969 1

3.5 Building Construction - 2023

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584		2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Unmitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/o	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3183	9.9726	3.3771	0.0343	0.9156	0.0122	0.9277	0.2636	0.0116	0.2752		3,671.400 7	3,671.400 7	0.2096	 	3,676.641 7
Worker	2.5029	1.5073	17.8820	0.0550	6.0932	0.0479	6.1411	1.6163	0.0441	1.6604		5,483.797 4	5,483.797 4	0.1442	 	5,487.402 0
Total	2.8211	11.4799	21.2591	0.0893	7.0088	0.0601	7.0688	1.8799	0.0557	1.9356		9,155.198 1	9,155.198 1	0.3538		9,164.043 7

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1
Total	1.5728	14.3849	16.2440	0.0269		0.6997	0.6997		0.6584	0.6584	0.0000	2,555.209 9	2,555.209 9	0.6079		2,570.406 1

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.5 Building Construction - 2023 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/	day							lb/d	lay		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1 1 1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.3183	9.9726	3.3771	0.0343	0.9156	0.0122	0.9277	0.2636	0.0116	0.2752		3,671.400 7	3,671.400 7	0.2096	; ; ;	3,676.641 7
Worker	2.5029	1.5073	17.8820	0.0550	6.0932	0.0479	6.1411	1.6163	0.0441	1.6604		5,483.797 4	5,483.797 4	0.1442	; ; ;	5,487.402 0
Total	2.8211	11.4799	21.2591	0.0893	7.0088	0.0601	7.0688	1.8799	0.0557	1.9356		9,155.198 1	9,155.198 1	0.3538		9,164.043 7

3.6 Paving - 2023

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694		2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2023

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0469	0.0282	0.3349	1.0300e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		102.6928	102.6928	2.7000e- 003		102.7603
Total	0.0469	0.0282	0.3349	1.0300e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		102.6928	102.6928	2.7000e- 003		102.7603

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228	! !	0.5102	0.5102	 	0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6
Paving	0.0000	 				0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	1.0327	10.1917	14.5842	0.0228		0.5102	0.5102		0.4694	0.4694	0.0000	2,207.584 1	2,207.584 1	0.7140		2,225.433 6

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2023

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0469	0.0282	0.3349	1.0300e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		102.6928	102.6928	2.7000e- 003		102.7603
Total	0.0469	0.0282	0.3349	1.0300e- 003	0.1141	9.0000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.3000e- 004	0.0311		102.6928	102.6928	2.7000e- 003		102.7603

3.6 Paving - 2024

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000		1		 	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000	0.0000		 	0.0000		 	0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310		2,207.547 2	2,207.547	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0444	0.0257	0.3114	1.0000e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		99.5045	99.5045	2.4700e- 003		99.5663
Total	0.0444	0.0257	0.3114	1.0000e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		99.5045	99.5045	2.4700e- 003		99.5663

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Off-Road	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228	! !	0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3
Paving	0.0000	 			 	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Total	0.9882	9.5246	14.6258	0.0228		0.4685	0.4685		0.4310	0.4310	0.0000	2,207.547 2	2,207.547 2	0.7140		2,225.396 3

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.6 Paving - 2024

<u>Mitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Worker	0.0444	0.0257	0.3114	1.0000e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		99.5045	99.5045	2.4700e- 003		99.5663
Total	0.0444	0.0257	0.3114	1.0000e- 003	0.1141	8.8000e- 004	0.1150	0.0303	8.1000e- 004	0.0311		99.5045	99.5045	2.4700e- 003		99.5663

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	1	0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609		281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 <u>Unmitigated Construction Off-Site</u>

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	, 	0.0000
Worker	0.4734	0.2743	3.3220	0.0107	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,061.381 8	1,061.381 8	0.0264		1,062.041 0
Total	0.4734	0.2743	3.3220	0.0107	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,061.381 8	1,061.381 8	0.0264		1,062.041 0

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Archit. Coating	236.4115					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Off-Road	0.1808	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609	 	0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159	 	281.8443
Total	236.5923	1.2188	1.8101	2.9700e- 003		0.0609	0.0609		0.0609	0.0609	0.0000	281.4481	281.4481	0.0159		281.8443

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

3.7 Architectural Coating - 2024 Mitigated Construction Off-Site

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Hauling	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000
Vendor	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	 	0.0000
Worker	0.4734	0.2743	3.3220	0.0107	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,061.381 8	1,061.381 8	0.0264	 	1,062.041 0
Total	0.4734	0.2743	3.3220	0.0107	1.2171	9.4300e- 003	1.2266	0.3229	8.6800e- 003	0.3315		1,061.381 8	1,061.381 8	0.0264		1,062.041 0

4.0 Operational Detail - Mobile

4.1 Mitigation Measures Mobile

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Mitigated	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39
Unmitigated	9.5233	45.9914	110.0422	0.4681	45.9592	0.3373	46.2965	12.2950	0.3132	12.6083		47,917.80 05	47,917.80 05	2.1953		47,972.68 39

4.2 Trip Summary Information

	Ave	rage Daily Trip Ra	ate	Unmitigated	Mitigated
Land Use	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Annual VMT	Annual VMT
Apartments Low Rise	145.75	154.25	154.00	506,227	506,227
Apartments Mid Rise	4,026.75	3,773.25	4075.50	13,660,065	13,660,065
General Office Building	288.45	62.55	31.05	706,812	706,812
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	2,368.80	2,873.52	2817.72	3,413,937	3,413,937
Hotel	192.00	187.50	160.00	445,703	445,703
Quality Restaurant	501.12	511.92	461.20	707,488	707,488
Regional Shopping Center	528.08	601.44	357.84	1,112,221	1,112,221
Total	8,050.95	8,164.43	8,057.31	20,552,452	20,552,452

4.3 Trip Type Information

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

		Miles			Trip %			Trip Purpos	se %
Land Use	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	H-W or C-W	H-S or C-C	H-O or C-NW	Primary	Diverted	Pass-by
Apartments Low Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
Apartments Mid Rise	14.70	5.90	8.70	40.20	19.20	40.60	86	11	3
General Office Building	16.60	8.40	6.90	33.00	48.00	19.00	77	19	4
High Turnover (Sit Down	16.60	8.40	6.90	8.50	72.50	19.00	37	20	43
Hotel	16.60	8.40	6.90	19.40	61.60	19.00	58	38	4
Quality Restaurant	16.60	8.40	6.90	12.00	69.00	19.00	38	18	44
Regional Shopping Center	16.60	8.40	6.90	16.30	64.70	19.00	54	35	11

4.4 Fleet Mix

Land Use	LDA	LDT1	LDT2	MDV	LHD1	LHD2	MHD	HHD	OBUS	UBUS	MCY	SBUS	MH
Apartments Low Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Apartments Mid Rise	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
General Office Building	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Hotel	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Quality Restaurant	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821
Regional Shopping Center	0.543088	0.044216	0.209971	0.116369	0.014033	0.006332	0.021166	0.033577	0.002613	0.001817	0.005285	0.000712	0.000821

5.0 Energy Detail

Historical Energy Use: N

5.1 Mitigation Measures Energy

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
NaturalGas Mitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7
NaturalGas Unmitigated	0.7660	6.7462	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas <u>Unmitigated</u>

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/	day							lb/d	day		
Apartments Low Rise	1119.16	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35784.3	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1283.42	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696		0.1696	0.1696	#	2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4769.72	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003		0.0355	0.0355		0.0355	0.0355	#	561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5057.75	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003		0.0377	0.0377		0.0377	0.0377	#	595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003	#	29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

5.2 Energy by Land Use - NaturalGas

Mitigated

	NaturalGa s Use	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Land Use	kBTU/yr					lb/d	day							lb/c	lay		
Apartments Low Rise	1.11916	0.0121	0.1031	0.0439	6.6000e- 004		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		8.3400e- 003	8.3400e- 003		131.6662	131.6662	2.5200e- 003	2.4100e- 003	132.4486
Apartments Mid Rise	35.7843	0.3859	3.2978	1.4033	0.0211		0.2666	0.2666		0.2666	0.2666		4,209.916 4	4,209.916 4	0.0807	0.0772	4,234.933 9
General Office Building	1.28342	0.0138	0.1258	0.1057	7.5000e- 004		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		9.5600e- 003	9.5600e- 003		150.9911	150.9911	2.8900e- 003	2.7700e- 003	151.8884
High Turnover (Sit Down Restaurant)		0.2455	2.2314	1.8743	0.0134		0.1696	0.1696	,	0.1696	0.1696		2,677.634 2	2,677.634 2	0.0513	0.0491	2,693.546 0
Hotel	4.76972	0.0514	0.4676	0.3928	2.8100e- 003	 	0.0355	0.0355	,	0.0355	0.0355		561.1436	561.1436	0.0108	0.0103	564.4782
Quality Restaurant	5.05775	0.0545	0.4959	0.4165	2.9800e- 003	 	0.0377	0.0377	,	0.0377	0.0377		595.0298	595.0298	0.0114	0.0109	598.5658
Regional Shopping Center		2.7100e- 003	0.0247	0.0207	1.5000e- 004		1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003	, : : : :	1.8700e- 003	1.8700e- 003		29.6019	29.6019	5.7000e- 004	5.4000e- 004	29.7778
Total		0.7660	6.7463	4.2573	0.0418		0.5292	0.5292		0.5292	0.5292		8,355.983 2	8,355.983 2	0.1602	0.1532	8,405.638 7

6.0 Area Detail

6.1 Mitigation Measures Area

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

	ROG	NOx	СО	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
Category					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Mitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92
Unmitigated	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

6.2 Area by SubCategory

<u>Unmitigated</u>

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	lay		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000	! !	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085					0.0000	0.0000	i i	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400	 	1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574	i i	0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424		152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

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Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

6.2 Area by SubCategory

Mitigated

	ROG	NOx	CO	SO2	Fugitive PM10	Exhaust PM10	PM10 Total	Fugitive PM2.5	Exhaust PM2.5	PM2.5 Total	Bio- CO2	NBio- CO2	Total CO2	CH4	N2O	CO2e
SubCategory					lb/d	day							lb/d	day		
Architectural Coating	2.2670					0.0000	0.0000		0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Consumer Products	24.1085		1 			0.0000	0.0000	1 	0.0000	0.0000			0.0000			0.0000
Hearth	1.6500	14.1000	6.0000	0.0900		1.1400	1.1400	1 	1.1400	1.1400	0.0000	18,000.00 00	18,000.00 00	0.3450	0.3300	18,106.96 50
Landscaping	2.4766	0.9496	82.4430	4.3600e- 003		0.4574	0.4574	1 	0.4574	0.4574		148.5950	148.5950	0.1424		152.1542
Total	30.5020	15.0496	88.4430	0.0944		1.5974	1.5974		1.5974	1.5974	0.0000	18,148.59 50	18,148.59 50	0.4874	0.3300	18,259.11 92

7.0 Water Detail

7.1 Mitigation Measures Water

8.0 Waste Detail

8.1 Mitigation Measures Waste

9.0 Operational Offroad

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Days/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type

10.0 Stationary Equipment

Village South Specific Plan (Proposed) - Los Angeles-South Coast County, Winter

Fire Pumps and Emergency Generators

Equipment Type	Number	Hours/Day	Hours/Year	Horse Power	Load Factor	Fuel Type
= 4			112313/1041			, po

Boilers

Equipment Type	Number	Heat Input/Day	Heat Input/Year	Boiler Rating	Fuel Type

User Defined Equipment

Equipment Type	Number
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11.0 Vegetation

Attachment C

Local Hire Provision Net Change					
Without Local Hire Provision					
Total Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO2e)	3,623				
Amortized (MT CO2e/year)	120.77				
With Local Hire Provision					
Total Construction GHG Emissions (MT CO2e)	3,024				
Amortized (MT CO2e/year)	100.80				
% Decrease in Construction-related GHG Emissions	17%				



SOIL WATER AIR PROTECTION ENTERPRISE

2656 29th Street, Suite 201 Santa Monica, California 90405 Attn: Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. Mobil: (310) 795-2335 Office: (310) 452-5555

Fax: (310) 452-5550
Email: prosenfeld@swape.com

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.

Chemical Fate and Transport & Air Dispersion Modeling

Principal Environmental Chemist

Risk Assessment & Remediation Specialist

Education

Ph.D. Soil Chemistry, University of Washington, 1999. Dissertation on volatile organic compound filtration.

M.S. Environmental Science, U.C. Berkeley, 1995. Thesis on organic waste economics.

B.A. Environmental Studies, U.C. Santa Barbara, 1991. Thesis on wastewater treatment.

Professional Experience

Dr. Rosenfeld has over 25 years' experience conducting environmental investigations and risk assessments for evaluating impacts to human health, property, and ecological receptors. His expertise focuses on the fate and transport of environmental contaminants, human health risk, exposure assessment, and ecological restoration. Dr. Rosenfeld has evaluated and modeled emissions from unconventional oil drilling operations, oil spills, landfills, boilers and incinerators, process stacks, storage tanks, confined animal feeding operations, and many other industrial and agricultural sources. His project experience ranges from monitoring and modeling of pollution sources to evaluating impacts of pollution on workers at industrial facilities and residents in surrounding communities.

Dr. Rosenfeld has investigated and designed remediation programs and risk assessments for contaminated sites containing lead, heavy metals, mold, bacteria, particulate matter, petroleum hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvents, pesticides, radioactive waste, dioxins and furans, semi- and volatile organic compounds, PCBs, PAHs, perchlorate, asbestos, per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFOA/PFOS), unusual polymers, fuel oxygenates (MTBE), among other pollutants. Dr. Rosenfeld also has experience evaluating greenhouse gas emissions from various projects and is an expert on the assessment of odors from industrial and agricultural sites, as well as the evaluation of odor nuisance impacts and technologies for abatement of odorous emissions. As a principal scientist at SWAPE, Dr. Rosenfeld directs air dispersion modeling and exposure assessments. He has served as an expert witness and testified about pollution sources causing nuisance and/or personal injury at dozens of sites and has testified as an expert witness on more than ten cases involving exposure to air contaminants from industrial sources.

Professional History:

Soil Water Air Protection Enterprise (SWAPE); 2003 to present; Principal and Founding Partner

UCLA School of Public Health; 2007 to 2011; Lecturer (Assistant Researcher)

UCLA School of Public Health; 2003 to 2006; Adjunct Professor

UCLA Environmental Science and Engineering Program; 2002-2004; Doctoral Intern Coordinator

UCLA Institute of the Environment, 2001-2002; Research Associate

Komex H₂O Science, 2001 to 2003; Senior Remediation Scientist

National Groundwater Association, 2002-2004; Lecturer

San Diego State University, 1999-2001; Adjunct Professor

Anteon Corp., San Diego, 2000-2001; Remediation Project Manager

Ogden (now Amec), San Diego, 2000-2000; Remediation Project Manager

Bechtel, San Diego, California, 1999 – 2000; Risk Assessor

King County, Seattle, 1996 – 1999; Scientist

James River Corp., Washington, 1995-96; Scientist

Big Creek Lumber, Davenport, California, 1995; Scientist

Plumas Corp., California and USFS, Tahoe 1993-1995; Scientist

Peace Corps and World Wildlife Fund, St. Kitts, West Indies, 1991-1993; Scientist

Publications:

Remy, L.L., Clay T., Byers, V., **Rosenfeld P. E.** (2019) Hospital, Health, and Community Burden After Oil Refinery Fires, Richmond, California 2007 and 2012. *Environmental Health*. 18:48

Simons, R.A., Seo, Y. **Rosenfeld, P.**, (2015) Modeling the Effect of Refinery Emission On Residential Property Value. Journal of Real Estate Research. 27(3):321-342

Chen, J. A, Zapata A. R., Sutherland A. J., Molmen, D.R., Chow, B. S., Wu, L. E., **Rosenfeld, P. E.,** Hesse, R. C., (2012) Sulfur Dioxide and Volatile Organic Compound Exposure To A Community In Texas City Texas Evaluated Using Aermod and Empirical Data. *American Journal of Environmental Science*, 8(6), 622-632.

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Cheremisinoff, N.P., & Rosenfeld, P.E. (2011). Handbook of Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production: Best Practices in the Agrochemical Industry, Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing.

Gonzalez, J., Feng, L., Sutherland, A., Waller, C., Sok, H., Hesse, R., **Rosenfeld, P.** (2010). PCBs and Dioxins/Furans in Attic Dust Collected Near Former PCB Production and Secondary Copper Facilities in Sauget, IL. *Procedia Environmental Sciences*. 113–125.

Feng, L., Wu, C., Tam, L., Sutherland, A.J., Clark, J.J., **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2010). Dioxin and Furan Blood Lipid and Attic Dust Concentrations in Populations Living Near Four Wood Treatment Facilities in the United States. *Journal of Environmental Health*. 73(6), 34-46.

Cheremisinoff, N.P., & Rosenfeld, P.E. (2010). *Handbook of Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production: Best Practices in the Wood and Paper Industries.* Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing.

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Wu, C., Tam, L., Clark, J., Rosenfeld, P. (2009). Dioxin and furan blood lipid concentrations in populations living near four wood treatment facilities in the United States. WIT Transactions on Ecology and the Environment, Air Pollution, 123 (17), 319-327.

- Tam L. K..., Wu C. D., Clark J. J. and **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2008). A Statistical Analysis Of Attic Dust And Blood Lipid Concentrations Of Tetrachloro-p-Dibenzodioxin (TCDD) Toxicity Equivalency Quotients (TEQ) In Two Populations Near Wood Treatment Facilities. *Organohalogen Compounds*, 70, 002252-002255.
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- Hensley, A.R. A. Scott, J. J. J. Clark, **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2007). Attic Dust and Human Blood Samples Collected near a Former Wood Treatment Facility. *Environmental Research*. 105, 194-197.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** J. J. J. Clark, A. R. Hensley, M. Suffet. (2007). The Use of an Odor Wheel Classification for Evaluation of Human Health Risk Criteria for Compost Facilities. *Water Science & Technology* 55(5), 345-357.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.,** M. Suffet. (2007). The Anatomy Of Odour Wheels For Odours Of Drinking Water, Wastewater, Compost And The Urban Environment. *Water Science & Technology* 55(5), 335-344.
- Sullivan, P. J. Clark, J.J.J., Agardy, F. J., Rosenfeld, P.E. (2007). *Toxic Legacy, Synthetic Toxins in the Food, Water, and Air in American Cities*. Boston Massachusetts: Elsevier Publishing
- **Rosenfeld**, **P.E.**, and Suffet I.H. (2004). Control of Compost Odor Using High Carbon Wood Ash. *Water Science and Technology*. 49(9),171-178.
- **Rosenfeld P. E.,** J.J. Clark, I.H. (Mel) Suffet (2004). The Value of An Odor-Quality-Wheel Classification Scheme For The Urban Environment. *Water Environment Federation's Technical Exhibition and Conference (WEFTEC)* 2004. New Orleans, October 2-6, 2004.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Suffet, I.H. (2004). Understanding Odorants Associated With Compost, Biomass Facilities, and the Land Application of Biosolids. *Water Science and Technology*. 49(9), 193-199.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., and Suffet I.H. (2004). Control of Compost Odor Using High Carbon Wood Ash, *Water Science and Technology*, 49(9), 171-178.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.**, Grey, M. A., Sellew, P. (2004). Measurement of Biosolids Odor and Odorant Emissions from Windrows, Static Pile and Biofilter. *Water Environment Research*. 76(4), 310-315.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** Grey, M and Suffet, M. (2002). Compost Demonstration Project, Sacramento California Using High-Carbon Wood Ash to Control Odor at a Green Materials Composting Facility. *Integrated Waste Management Board Public Affairs Office*, Publications Clearinghouse (MS–6), Sacramento, CA Publication #442-02-008.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, and C.L. Henry. (2001). Characterization of odor emissions from three different biosolids. *Water Soil and Air Pollution*. 127(1-4), 173-191.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Henry C. L., (2000). Wood ash control of odor emissions from biosolids application. *Journal of Environmental Quality*. 29, 1662-1668.
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- Rosenfeld, P.E., and C.L. Henry. (2001). Activated Carbon and Wood Ash Sorption of Wastewater, Compost, and Biosolids Odorants. *Water Environment Research*, 73, 388-393.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Henry C. L., (2001). High carbon wood ash effect on biosolids microbial activity and odor. *Water Environment Research*. 131(1-4), 247-262.

- Chollack, T. and **P. Rosenfeld.** (1998). Compost Amendment Handbook For Landscaping. Prepared for and distributed by the City of Redmond, Washington State.
- Rosenfeld, P. E. (1992). The Mount Liamuiga Crater Trail. Heritage Magazine of St. Kitts, 3(2).
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1993). High School Biogas Project to Prevent Deforestation On St. Kitts. *Biomass Users Network*, 7(1).
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1998). Characterization, Quantification, and Control of Odor Emissions From Biosolids Application To Forest Soil. Doctoral Thesis. University of Washington College of Forest Resources.
- Rosenfeld, P. E. (1994). Potential Utilization of Small Diameter Trees on Sierra County Public Land. Masters thesis reprinted by the Sierra County Economic Council. Sierra County, California.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1991). How to Build a Small Rural Anaerobic Digester & Uses Of Biogas In The First And Third World. Bachelors Thesis. University of California.

Presentations:

- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** Sutherland, A; Hesse, R.; Zapata, A. (October 3-6, 2013). Air dispersion modeling of volatile organic emissions from multiple natural gas wells in Decatur, TX. 44th Western Regional Meeting, American Chemical Society. Lecture conducted from Santa Clara, CA.
- Sok, H.L.; Waller, C.C.; Feng, L.; Gonzalez, J.; Sutherland, A.J.; Wisdom-Stack, T.; Sahai, R.K.; Hesse, R.C.; **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (June 20-23, 2010). Atrazine: A Persistent Pesticide in Urban Drinking Water. *Urban Environmental Pollution*. Lecture conducted from Boston, MA.
- Feng, L.; Gonzalez, J.; Sok, H.L.; Sutherland, A.J.; Waller, C.C.; Wisdom-Stack, T.; Sahai, R.K.; La, M.; Hesse, R.C.; **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (June 20-23, 2010). Bringing Environmental Justice to East St. Louis, Illinois. *Urban Environmental Pollution*. Lecture conducted from Boston, MA.
- **Rosenfeld**, **P.E**. (April 19-23, 2009). Perfluoroctanoic Acid (PFOA) and Perfluoroactane Sulfonate (PFOS) Contamination in Drinking Water From the Use of Aqueous Film Forming Foams (AFFF) at Airports in the United States. 2009 Ground Water Summit and 2009 Ground Water Protection Council Spring Meeting, Lecture conducted from Tuscon, AZ.
- Rosenfeld, P.E. (April 19-23, 2009). Cost to Filter Atrazine Contamination from Drinking Water in the United States" Contamination in Drinking Water From the Use of Aqueous Film Forming Foams (AFFF) at Airports in the United States. 2009 Ground Water Summit and 2009 Ground Water Protection Council Spring Meeting. Lecture conducted from Tuscon, AZ.
- Wu, C., Tam, L., Clark, J., Rosenfeld, P. (20-22 July, 2009). Dioxin and furan blood lipid concentrations in populations living near four wood treatment facilities in the United States. Brebbia, C.A. and Popov, V., eds., Air Pollution XVII: Proceedings of the Seventeenth International Conference on Modeling, Monitoring and Management of Air Pollution. Lecture conducted from Tallinn, Estonia.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (October 15-18, 2007). Moss Point Community Exposure To Contaminants From A Releasing Facility. *The 23rd Annual International Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water*. Platform lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (October 15-18, 2007). The Repeated Trespass of Tritium-Contaminated Water Into A Surrounding Community Form Repeated Waste Spills From A Nuclear Power Plant. *The 23rd Annual International Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water*. Platform lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.

Rosenfeld, P. E. (October 15-18, 2007). Somerville Community Exposure To Contaminants From Wood Treatment Facility Emissions. The 23rd Annual International Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water. Lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.

Rosenfeld P. E. (March 2007). Production, Chemical Properties, Toxicology, & Treatment Case Studies of 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP). *The Association for Environmental Health and Sciences (AEHS) Annual Meeting*. Lecture conducted from San Diego, CA.

Rosenfeld P. E. (March 2007). Blood and Attic Sampling for Dioxin/Furan, PAH, and Metal Exposure in Florala, Alabama. *The AEHS Annual Meeting*. Lecture conducted from San Diego, CA.

Hensley A.R., Scott, A., **Rosenfeld P.E.**, Clark, J.J.J. (August 21 – 25, 2006). Dioxin Containing Attic Dust And Human Blood Samples Collected Near A Former Wood Treatment Facility. *The 26th International Symposium on Halogenated Persistent Organic Pollutants – DIOXIN2006*. Lecture conducted from Radisson SAS Scandinavia Hotel in Oslo Norway.

Hensley A.R., Scott, A., Rosenfeld P.E., Clark, J.J.J. (November 4-8, 2006). Dioxin Containing Attic Dust And Human Blood Samples Collected Near A Former Wood Treatment Facility. *APHA 134 Annual Meeting & Exposition*. Lecture conducted from Boston Massachusetts.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (October 24-25, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PFOA and Related Chemicals. Mealey's C8/PFOA. *Science, Risk & Litigation Conference*. Lecture conducted from The Rittenhouse Hotel, Philadelphia, PA.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 19, 2005). Brominated Flame Retardants in Groundwater: Pathways to Human Ingestion, *Toxicology and Remediation PEMA Emerging Contaminant Conference*. Lecture conducted from Hilton Hotel, Irvine California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 19, 2005). Fate, Transport, Toxicity, And Persistence of 1,2,3-TCP. *PEMA Emerging Contaminant Conference*. Lecture conducted from Hilton Hotel in Irvine, California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 26-27, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PDBEs. *Mealey's Groundwater Conference*. Lecture conducted from Ritz Carlton Hotel, Marina Del Ray, California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (June 7-8, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PFOA and Related Chemicals. *International Society of Environmental Forensics: Focus On Emerging Contaminants*. Lecture conducted from Sheraton Oceanfront Hotel, Virginia Beach, Virginia.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (July 21-22, 2005). Fate Transport, Persistence and Toxicology of PFOA and Related Perfluorochemicals. 2005 National Groundwater Association Ground Water And Environmental Law Conference. Lecture conducted from Wyndham Baltimore Inner Harbor, Baltimore Maryland.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (July 21-22, 2005). Brominated Flame Retardants in Groundwater: Pathways to Human Ingestion, Toxicology and Remediation. 2005 National Groundwater Association Ground Water and Environmental Law Conference. Lecture conducted from Wyndham Baltimore Inner Harbor, Baltimore Maryland.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. and James Clark Ph.D. and Rob Hesse R.G. (May 5-6, 2004). Tert-butyl Alcohol Liability and Toxicology, A National Problem and Unquantified Liability. *National Groundwater Association. Environmental Law Conference*. Lecture conducted from Congress Plaza Hotel, Chicago Illinois.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. (March 2004). Perchlorate Toxicology. *Meeting of the American Groundwater Trust*. Lecture conducted from Phoenix Arizona.

Hagemann, M.F., **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** and Rob Hesse (2004). Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. *Meeting of tribal representatives*. Lecture conducted from Parker, AZ.

- **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** (April 7, 2004). A National Damage Assessment Model For PCE and Dry Cleaners. *Drycleaner Symposium. California Ground Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Radison Hotel, Sacramento, California.
- Rosenfeld, P. E., Grey, M., (June 2003) Two stage biofilter for biosolids composting odor control. Seventh International In Situ And On Site Bioremediation Symposium Battelle Conference Orlando, FL.
- **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** and James Clark Ph.D. (February 20-21, 2003) Understanding Historical Use, Chemical Properties, Toxicity and Regulatory Guidance of 1,4 Dioxane. *National Groundwater Association. Southwest Focus Conference. Water Supply and Emerging Contaminants.*. Lecture conducted from Hyatt Regency Phoenix Arizona.
- **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** (February 6-7, 2003). Underground Storage Tank Litigation and Remediation. *California CUPA Forum*. Lecture conducted from Marriott Hotel, Anaheim California.
- **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** (October 23, 2002) Underground Storage Tank Litigation and Remediation. *EPA Underground Storage Tank Roundtable*. Lecture conducted from Sacramento California.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** and Suffet, M. (October 7- 10, 2002). Understanding Odor from Compost, *Wastewater and Industrial Processes. Sixth Annual Symposium On Off Flavors in the Aquatic Environment. International Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Barcelona Spain.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** and Suffet, M. (October 7- 10, 2002). Using High Carbon Wood Ash to Control Compost Odor. *Sixth Annual Symposium On Off Flavors in the Aquatic Environment. International Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Barcelona Spain.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** and Grey, M. A. (September 22-24, 2002). Biocycle Composting For Coastal Sage Restoration. *Northwest Biosolids Management Association*. Lecture conducted from Vancouver Washington.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E**. and Grey, M. A. (November 11-14, 2002). Using High-Carbon Wood Ash to Control Odor at a Green Materials Composting Facility. *Soil Science Society Annual Conference*. Lecture conducted from Indianapolis, Maryland.
- **Rosenfeld. P.E.** (September 16, 2000). Two stage biofilter for biosolids composting odor control. *Water Environment Federation*. Lecture conducted from Anaheim California.
- **Rosenfeld. P.E.** (October 16, 2000). Wood ash and biofilter control of compost odor. *Biofest*. Lecture conducted from Ocean Shores, California.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2000). Bioremediation Using Organic Soil Amendments. *California Resource Recovery Association*. Lecture conducted from Sacramento California.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Oat and Grass Seed Germination and Nitrogen and Sulfur Emissions Following Biosolids Incorporation With High-Carbon Wood-Ash. *Water Environment Federation 12th Annual Residuals and Biosolids Management Conference Proceedings*. Lecture conducted from Bellevue Washington.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, and C.L. Henry. (1999). An evaluation of ash incorporation with biosolids for odor reduction. *Soil Science Society of America*. Lecture conducted from Salt Lake City Utah.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Comparison of Microbial Activity and Odor Emissions from Three Different Biosolids Applied to Forest Soil. *Brown and Caldwell*. Lecture conducted from Seattle Washington.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, C.L. Henry. (1998). Characterization, Quantification, and Control of Odor Emissions from Biosolids Application To Forest Soil. *Biofest*. Lecture conducted from Lake Chelan, Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E, C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Oat and Grass Seed Germination and Nitrogen and Sulfur Emissions Following Biosolids Incorporation With High-Carbon Wood-Ash. Water Environment Federation 12th Annual Residuals and Biosolids Management Conference Proceedings. Lecture conducted from Bellevue Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. B. Harrison, and R. Dills. (1997). Comparison of Odor Emissions From Three Different Biosolids Applied to Forest Soil. *Soil Science Society of America*. Lecture conducted from Anaheim California.

Teaching Experience:

UCLA Department of Environmental Health (Summer 2003 through 20010) Taught Environmental Health Science 100 to students, including undergrad, medical doctors, public health professionals and nurses. Course focused on the health effects of environmental contaminants.

National Ground Water Association, Successful Remediation Technologies. Custom Course in Sante Fe, New Mexico. May 21, 2002. Focused on fate and transport of fuel contaminants associated with underground storage tanks.

National Ground Water Association; Successful Remediation Technologies Course in Chicago Illinois. April 1, 2002. Focused on fate and transport of contaminants associated with Superfund and RCRA sites.

California Integrated Waste Management Board, April and May, 2001. Alternative Landfill Caps Seminar in San Diego, Ventura, and San Francisco. Focused on both prescriptive and innovative landfill cover design.

UCLA Department of Environmental Engineering, February 5, 2002. Seminar on Successful Remediation Technologies focusing on Groundwater Remediation.

University Of Washington, Soil Science Program, Teaching Assistant for several courses including: Soil Chemistry, Organic Soil Amendments, and Soil Stability.

U.C. Berkeley, Environmental Science Program Teaching Assistant for Environmental Science 10.

Academic Grants Awarded:

California Integrated Waste Management Board. \$41,000 grant awarded to UCLA Institute of the Environment. Goal: To investigate effect of high carbon wood ash on volatile organic emissions from compost. 2001.

Synagro Technologies, Corona California: \$10,000 grant awarded to San Diego State University. Goal: investigate effect of biosolids for restoration and remediation of degraded coastal sage soils. 2000.

King County, Department of Research and Technology, Washington State. \$100,000 grant awarded to University of Washington: Goal: To investigate odor emissions from biosolids application and the effect of polymers and ash on VOC emissions. 1998.

Northwest Biosolids Management Association, Washington State. \$20,000 grant awarded to investigate effect of polymers and ash on VOC emissions from biosolids. 1997.

James River Corporation, Oregon: \$10,000 grant was awarded to investigate the success of genetically engineered Poplar trees with resistance to round-up. 1996.

United State Forest Service, Tahoe National Forest: \$15,000 grant was awarded to investigating fire ecology of the Tahoe National Forest. 1995.

Kellogg Foundation, Washington D.C. \$500 grant was awarded to construct a large anaerobic digester on St. Kitts in West Indies. 1993

Deposition and/or Trial Testimony:

In the United States District Court For The District of New Jersey

Duarte et al, Plaintiffs, vs. United States Metals Refining Company et. al. Defendant.

Case No.: 2:17-cv-01624-ES-SCM Rosenfeld Deposition. 6-7-2019

In the United States District Court of Southern District of Texas Galveston Division

M/T Carla Maersk, *Plaintiffs*, vs. Conti 168., Schiffahrts-GMBH & Co. Bulker KG MS "Conti Perdido" *Defendant*.

Case No.: 3:15-CV-00106 consolidated with 3:15-CV-00237

Rosenfeld Deposition. 5-9-2019

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Los Angeles - Santa Monica

Carole-Taddeo-Bates et al., vs. Ifran Khan et al., Defendants

Case No.: No. BC615636

Rosenfeld Deposition, 1-26-2019

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Los Angeles - Santa Monica

The San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments et al. vs El Adobe Apts. Inc. et al., Defendants

Case No.: No. BC646857

Rosenfeld Deposition, 10-6-2018; Trial 3-7-19

In United States District Court For The District of Colorado

Bells et al. Plaintiff vs. The 3M Company et al., Defendants

Case: No 1:16-cv-02531-RBJ

Rosenfeld Deposition, 3-15-2018 and 4-3-2018

In The District Court Of Regan County, Texas, 112th Judicial District

Phillip Bales et al., Plaintiff vs. Dow Agrosciences, LLC, et al., Defendants

Cause No 1923

Rosenfeld Deposition, 11-17-2017

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Contra Costa

Simons et al., Plaintiffs vs. Chevron Corporation, et al., Defendants

Cause No C12-01481

Rosenfeld Deposition, 11-20-2017

In The Circuit Court Of The Twentieth Judicial Circuit, St Clair County, Illinois

Martha Custer et al., Plaintiff vs. Cerro Flow Products, Inc., Defendants

Case No.: No. 0i9-L-2295

Rosenfeld Deposition, 8-23-2017

In The Superior Court of the State of California, For The County of Los Angeles

Warrn Gilbert and Penny Gilber, Plaintiff vs. BMW of North America LLC

Case No.: LC102019 (c/w BC582154)

Rosenfeld Deposition, 8-16-2017, Trail 8-28-2018

In the Northern District Court of Mississippi, Greenville Division

Brenda J. Cooper, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Meritor Inc., et al., Defendants

Case Number: 4:16-cv-52-DMB-JVM

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2017

In The Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Snohomish

Michael Davis and Julie Davis et al., Plaintiff vs. Cedar Grove Composting Inc., Defendants

Case No.: No. 13-2-03987-5

Rosenfeld Deposition, February 2017

Trial, March 2017

In The Superior Court of the State of California, County of Alameda

Charles Spain., Plaintiff vs. Thermo Fisher Scientific, et al., Defendants

Case No.: RG14711115

Rosenfeld Deposition, September 2015

In The Iowa District Court In And For Poweshiek County

Russell D. Winburn, et al., Plaintiffs vs. Doug Hoksbergen, et al., Defendants

Case No.: LALA002187

Rosenfeld Deposition, August 2015

In The Iowa District Court For Wapello County

Jerry Dovico, et al., Plaintiffs vs. Valley View Sine LLC, et al., Defendants

Law No,: LALA105144 - Division A Rosenfeld Deposition, August 2015

In The Iowa District Court For Wapello County

Doug Pauls, et al., et al., Plaintiffs vs. Richard Warren, et al., Defendants

Law No,: LALA105144 - Division A Rosenfeld Deposition, August 2015

In The Circuit Court of Ohio County, West Virginia

Robert Andrews, et al. v. Antero, et al.

Civil Action No. 14-C-30000

Rosenfeld Deposition, June 2015

In The Third Judicial District County of Dona Ana, New Mexico

Betty Gonzalez, et al. Plaintiffs vs. Del Oro Dairy, Del Oro Real Estate LLC, Jerry Settles and Deward

DeRuyter, Defendants

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2015

In The Iowa District Court For Muscatine County

Laurie Freeman et. al. Plaintiffs vs. Grain Processing Corporation, Defendant

Case No 4980

Rosenfeld Deposition: May 2015

In the Circuit Court of the 17th Judicial Circuit, in and For Broward County, Florida

Walter Hinton, et. al. Plaintiff, vs. City of Fort Lauderdale, Florida, a Municipality, Defendant.

Case Number CACE07030358 (26) Rosenfeld Deposition: December 2014

In the United States District Court Western District of Oklahoma

Tommy McCarty, et al., Plaintiffs, v. Oklahoma City Landfill, LLC d/b/a Southeast Oklahoma City

Landfill, et al. Defendants. Case No. 5:12-cv-01152-C

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2014

In the County Court of Dallas County Texas

Lisa Parr et al, Plaintiff, vs. Aruba et al, Defendant.

Case Number cc-11-01650-E

Rosenfeld Deposition: March and September 2013

Rosenfeld Trial: April 2014

In the Court of Common Pleas of Tuscarawas County Ohio

John Michael Abicht, et al., *Plaintiffs*, vs. Republic Services, Inc., et al., *Defendants*

Case Number: 2008 CT 10 0741 (Cons. w/ 2009 CV 10 0987)

Rosenfeld Deposition: October 2012

In the United States District Court of Southern District of Texas Galveston Division

Kyle Cannon, Eugene Donovan, Genaro Ramirez, Carol Sassler, and Harvey Walton, each Individually and on behalf of those similarly situated, *Plaintiffs*, vs. BP Products North America, Inc., *Defendant*.

Case 3:10-cv-00622

Rosenfeld Deposition: February 2012

Rosenfeld Trial: April 2013

In the Circuit Court of Baltimore County Maryland

Philip E. Cvach, II et al., Plaintiffs vs. Two Farms, Inc. d/b/a Royal Farms, Defendants

Case Number: 03-C-12-012487 OT Rosenfeld Deposition: September 2013



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Matthew F. Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg., QSD, QSP

Geologic and Hydrogeologic Characterization Industrial Stormwater Compliance Investigation and Remediation Strategies Litigation Support and Testifying Expert CEOA Review

Education:

M.S. Degree, Geology, California State University Los Angeles, Los Angeles, CA, 1984. B.A. Degree, Geology, Humboldt State University, Arcata, CA, 1982.

Professional Certifications:

California Professional Geologist
California Certified Hydrogeologist
Qualified SWPPP Developer and Practitioner

Professional Experience:

Matt has 25 years of experience in environmental policy, assessment and remediation. He spent nine years with the U.S. EPA in the RCRA and Superfund programs and served as EPA's Senior Science Policy Advisor in the Western Regional Office where he identified emerging threats to groundwater from perchlorate and MTBE. While with EPA, Matt also served as a Senior Hydrogeologist in the oversight of the assessment of seven major military facilities undergoing base closure. He led numerous enforcement actions under provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) while also working with permit holders to improve hydrogeologic characterization and water quality monitoring.

Matt has worked closely with U.S. EPA legal counsel and the technical staff of several states in the application and enforcement of RCRA, Safe Drinking Water Act and Clean Water Act regulations. Matt has trained the technical staff in the States of California, Hawaii, Nevada, Arizona and the Territory of Guam in the conduct of investigations, groundwater fundamentals, and sampling techniques.

Positions Matt has held include:

- Founding Partner, Soil/Water/Air Protection Enterprise (SWAPE) (2003 present);
- Geology Instructor, Golden West College, 2010 2014;
- Senior Environmental Analyst, Komex H2O Science, Inc. (2000 -- 2003);

- Executive Director, Orange Coast Watch (2001 2004);
- Senior Science Policy Advisor and Hydrogeologist, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1989– 1998);
- Hydrogeologist, National Park Service, Water Resources Division (1998 2000);
- Adjunct Faculty Member, San Francisco State University, Department of Geosciences (1993 1998);
- Instructor, College of Marin, Department of Science (1990 1995);
- Geologist, U.S. Forest Service (1986 1998); and
- Geologist, Dames & Moore (1984 1986).

Senior Regulatory and Litigation Support Analyst:

With SWAPE, Matt's responsibilities have included:

- Lead analyst and testifying expert in the review of over 100 environmental impact reports since 2003 under CEQA that identify significant issues with regard to hazardous waste, water resources, water quality, air quality, Valley Fever, greenhouse gas emissions, and geologic hazards. Make recommendations for additional mitigation measures to lead agencies at the local and county level to include additional characterization of health risks and implementation of protective measures to reduce worker exposure to hazards from toxins and Valley Fever.
- Stormwater analysis, sampling and best management practice evaluation at industrial facilities.
- Manager of a project to provide technical assistance to a community adjacent to a former Naval shippard under a grant from the U.S. EPA.
- Technical assistance and litigation support for vapor intrusion concerns.
- Lead analyst and testifying expert in the review of environmental issues in license applications for large solar power plants before the California Energy Commission.
- Manager of a project to evaluate numerous formerly used military sites in the western U.S.
- Manager of a comprehensive evaluation of potential sources of perchlorate contamination in Southern California drinking water wells.
- Manager and designated expert for litigation support under provisions of Proposition 65 in the review of releases of gasoline to sources drinking water at major refineries and hundreds of gas stations throughout California.
- Expert witness on two cases involving MTBE litigation.
- Expert witness and litigation support on the impact of air toxins and hazards at a school.
- Expert witness in litigation at a former plywood plant.

With Komex H2O Science Inc., Matt's duties included the following:

- Senior author of a report on the extent of perchlorate contamination that was used in testimony by the former U.S. EPA Administrator and General Counsel.
- Senior researcher in the development of a comprehensive, electronically interactive chronology of MTBE use, research, and regulation.
- Senior researcher in the development of a comprehensive, electronically interactive chronology of perchlorate use, research, and regulation.
- Senior researcher in a study that estimates nationwide costs for MTBE remediation and drinking water treatment, results of which were published in newspapers nationwide and in testimony against provisions of an energy bill that would limit liability for oil companies.
- Research to support litigation to restore drinking water supplies that have been contaminated by MTBE in California and New York.

•	Expert witness testimony in a case of oil production-related contamination in Mississippi. Lead author for a multi-volume remedial investigation report for an operating school in Los Angeles that met strict regulatory requirements and rigorous deadlines.

• Development of strategic approaches for cleanup of contaminated sites in consultation with clients and regulators.

Executive Director:

As Executive Director with Orange Coast Watch, Matt led efforts to restore water quality at Orange County beaches from multiple sources of contamination including urban runoff and the discharge of wastewater. In reporting to a Board of Directors that included representatives from leading Orange County universities and businesses, Matt prepared issue papers in the areas of treatment and disinfection of wastewater and control of the discharge of grease to sewer systems. Matt actively participated in the development of countywide water quality permits for the control of urban runoff and permits for the discharge of wastewater. Matt worked with other nonprofits to protect and restore water quality, including Surfrider, Natural Resources Defense Council and Orange County CoastKeeper as well as with business institutions including the Orange County Business Council.

Hydrogeology:

As a Senior Hydrogeologist with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Matt led investigations to characterize and cleanup closing military bases, including Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Hunters Point Naval Shipyard, Treasure Island Naval Station, Alameda Naval Station, Moffett Field, Mather Army Airfield, and Sacramento Army Depot. Specific activities were as follows:

- Led efforts to model groundwater flow and contaminant transport, ensured adequacy of monitoring networks, and assessed cleanup alternatives for contaminated sediment, soil, and groundwater.
- Initiated a regional program for evaluation of groundwater sampling practices and laboratory analysis at military bases.
- Identified emerging issues, wrote technical guidance, and assisted in policy and regulation development through work on four national U.S. EPA workgroups, including the Superfund Groundwater Technical Forum and the Federal Facilities Forum.

At the request of the State of Hawaii, Matt developed a methodology to determine the vulnerability of groundwater to contamination on the islands of Maui and Oahu. He used analytical models and a GIS to show zones of vulnerability, and the results were adopted and published by the State of Hawaii and County of Maui.

As a hydrogeologist with the EPA Groundwater Protection Section, Matt worked with provisions of the Safe Drinking Water Act and NEPA to prevent drinking water contamination. Specific activities included the following:

- Received an EPA Bronze Medal for his contribution to the development of national guidance for the protection of drinking water.
- Managed the Sole Source Aquifer Program and protected the drinking water of two communities
 through designation under the Safe Drinking Water Act. He prepared geologic reports,
 conducted public hearings, and responded to public comments from residents who were very
 concerned about the impact of designation.

 Reviewed a number of Environmental Impact Statements for planned major developments, including large hazardous and solid waste disposal facilities, mine reclamation, and water transfer.

Matt served as a hydrogeologist with the RCRA Hazardous Waste program. Duties were as follows:

- Supervised the hydrogeologic investigation of hazardous waste sites to determine compliance with Subtitle C requirements.
- Reviewed and wrote "part B" permits for the disposal of hazardous waste.
- Conducted RCRA Corrective Action investigations of waste sites and led inspections that formed
 the basis for significant enforcement actions that were developed in close coordination with U.S.
 EPA legal counsel.
- Wrote contract specifications and supervised contractor's investigations of waste sites.

With the National Park Service, Matt directed service-wide investigations of contaminant sources to prevent degradation of water quality, including the following tasks:

- Applied pertinent laws and regulations including CERCLA, RCRA, NEPA, NRDA, and the Clean Water Act to control military, mining, and landfill contaminants.
- Conducted watershed-scale investigations of contaminants at parks, including Yellowstone and Olympic National Park.
- Identified high-levels of perchlorate in soil adjacent to a national park in New Mexico and advised park superintendent on appropriate response actions under CERCLA.
- Served as a Park Service representative on the Interagency Perchlorate Steering Committee, a national workgroup.
- Developed a program to conduct environmental compliance audits of all National Parks while serving on a national workgroup.
- Co-authored two papers on the potential for water contamination from the operation of personal watercraft and snowmobiles, these papers serving as the basis for the development of nation-wide policy on the use of these vehicles in National Parks.
- Contributed to the Federal Multi-Agency Source Water Agreement under the Clean Water Action Plan.

Policy:

Served senior management as the Senior Science Policy Advisor with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9. Activities included the following:

- Advised the Regional Administrator and senior management on emerging issues such as the
 potential for the gasoline additive MTBE and ammonium perchlorate to contaminate drinking
 water supplies.
- Shaped EPA's national response to these threats by serving on workgroups and by contributing to guidance, including the Office of Research and Development publication, Oxygenates in Water: Critical Information and Research Needs.
- Improved the technical training of EPA's scientific and engineering staff.
- Earned an EPA Bronze Medal for representing the region's 300 scientists and engineers in negotiations with the Administrator and senior management to better integrate scientific principles into the policy-making process.
- Established national protocol for the peer review of scientific documents.

Geology:

With the U.S. Forest Service, Matt led investigations to determine hillslope stability of areas proposed for timber harvest in the central Oregon Coast Range. Specific activities were as follows:

- Mapped geology in the field, and used aerial photographic interpretation and mathematical models to determine slope stability.
- Coordinated his research with community members who were concerned with natural resource protection.
- Characterized the geology of an aquifer that serves as the sole source of drinking water for the city of Medford, Oregon.

As a consultant with Dames and Moore, Matt led geologic investigations of two contaminated sites (later listed on the Superfund NPL) in the Portland, Oregon, area and a large hazardous waste site in eastern Oregon. Duties included the following:

- Supervised year-long effort for soil and groundwater sampling.
- Conducted aguifer tests.
- Investigated active faults beneath sites proposed for hazardous waste disposal.

Teaching:

From 1990 to 1998, Matt taught at least one course per semester at the community college and university levels:

- At San Francisco State University, held an adjunct faculty position and taught courses in environmental geology, oceanography (lab and lecture), hydrogeology, and groundwater contamination.
- Served as a committee member for graduate and undergraduate students.
- Taught courses in environmental geology and oceanography at the College of Marin.

Matt taught physical geology (lecture and lab and introductory geology at Golden West College in Huntington Beach, California from 2010 to 2014.

Invited Testimony, Reports, Papers and Presentations:

Hagemann, M.F., 2008. Disclosure of Hazardous Waste Issues under CEQA. Presentation to the Public Environmental Law Conference, Eugene, Oregon.

Hagemann, M.F., 2008. Disclosure of Hazardous Waste Issues under CEQA. Invited presentation to U.S. EPA Region 9, San Francisco, California.

Hagemann, M.F., 2005. Use of Electronic Databases in Environmental Regulation, Policy Making and Public Participation. Brownfields 2005, Denver, Coloradao.

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in Nevada and the Southwestern U.S. Presentation to a meeting of the American Groundwater Trust, Las Vegas, NV (served on conference organizing committee).

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Invited testimony to a California Senate committee hearing on air toxins at schools in Southern California, Los Angeles.

Brown, A., Farrow, J., Gray, A. and **Hagemann, M.**, 2004. An Estimate of Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Underground Storage Tanks and the Resulting Impact to Drinking Water Wells. Presentation to the Ground Water and Environmental Law Conference, National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in Arizona and the Southwestern U.S. Presentation to a meeting of the American Groundwater Trust, Phoenix, AZ (served on conference organizing committee).

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in the Southwestern U.S. Invited presentation to a special committee meeting of the National Academy of Sciences, Irvine, CA.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. Invited presentation to a tribal EPA meeting, Pechanga, CA.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. Invited presentation to a meeting of tribal repesentatives, Parker, AZ.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Impact of Perchlorate on the Colorado River and Associated Drinking Water Supplies. Invited presentation to the Inter-Tribal Meeting, Torres Martinez Tribe.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. The Emergence of Perchlorate as a Widespread Drinking Water Contaminant. Invited presentation to the U.S. EPA Region 9.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. A Deductive Approach to the Assessment of Perchlorate Contamination. Invited presentation to the California Assembly Natural Resources Committee.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate: A Cold War Legacy in Drinking Water. Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. From Tank to Tap: A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater. Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater and an Estimate of Costs to Address Impacts to Groundwater. Presentation to the annual meeting of the Society of Environmental Journalists.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. An Estimate of the Cost to Address MTBE Contamination in Groundwater (and Who Will Pay). Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. An Estimate of Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Underground Storage Tanks and the Resulting Impact to Drinking Water Wells. Presentation to a meeting of the U.S. EPA and State Underground Storage Tank Program managers.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. From Tank to Tap: A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. Estimated Cleanup Cost for MTBE in Groundwater Used as Drinking Water. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. Estimated Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Leaking Underground Storage Tanks. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., and VanMouwerik, M., 1999. Potential Water Quality Concerns Related to Snowmobile Usage. Water Resources Division, National Park Service, Technical Report.

VanMouwerik, M. and **Hagemann, M.F**. 1999, Water Quality Concerns Related to Personal Watercraft Usage. Water Resources Division, National Park Service, Technical Report.

Hagemann, M.F., 1999, Is Dilution the Solution to Pollution in National Parks? The George Wright Society Biannual Meeting, Asheville, North Carolina.

Hagemann, M.F., 1997, The Potential for MTBE to Contaminate Groundwater. U.S. EPA Superfund Groundwater Technical Forum Annual Meeting, Las Vegas, Nevada.

Hagemann, M.F., and Gill, M., 1996, Impediments to Intrinsic Remediation, Moffett Field Naval Air Station, Conference on Intrinsic Remediation of Chlorinated Hydrocarbons, Salt Lake City.

Hagemann, M.F., Fukunaga, G.L., 1996, The Vulnerability of Groundwater to Anthropogenic Contaminants on the Island of Maui, Hawaii Water Works Association Annual Meeting, Maui, October 1996.

Hagemann, M. F., Fukanaga, G. L., 1996, Ranking Groundwater Vulnerability in Central Oahu, Hawaii. Proceedings, Geographic Information Systems in Environmental Resources Management, Air and Waste Management Association Publication VIP-61.

Hagemann, M.F., 1994. Groundwater Characterization and Cleanup at Closing Military Bases in California. Proceedings, California Groundwater Resources Association Meeting.

Hagemann, M.F. and Sabol, M.A., 1993. Role of the U.S. EPA in the High Plains States Groundwater Recharge Demonstration Program. Proceedings, Sixth Biennial Symposium on the Artificial Recharge of Groundwater.

Hagemann, M.F., 1993. U.S. EPA Policy on the Technical Impracticability of the Cleanup of DNAPL-contaminated Groundwater. California Groundwater Resources Association Meeting.

Hagemann, M.F., 1992. Dense Nonaqueous Phase Liquid Contamination of Groundwater: An Ounce of Prevention... Proceedings, Association of Engineering Geologists Annual Meeting, v. 35.

Other Experience:

Selected as subject matter expert for the California Professional Geologist licensing examination, 2009-2011.



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April 6, 2022

Mitchell M. Tsai 155 South El Molino, Suite 104 Pasadena, CA 91101

Subject: Comments on the Coral Mountain Resort Project (SCH No. 2021020310)

Dear Mr. Tsai,

We have reviewed the February 2022 Final Environmental Impact Report ("FEIR") and the June 2021 Draft Environmental Impact Report ("DEIR") for the Coral Mountain Resort Project ("Project") located in the City of La Quinta ("City"). The Project proposes to construct a mixed-use development consisting of 600 residential dwelling units, 150 key-resort rooms, 57,000-square-feet ("SF") of resort-serving commercial and recreational space, a 16.62-acre artificial Wave Basin, 60,000-SF of commercial space, and 23.6-acres of open space recreation, on the 120.8-acre site.

Our review concludes that the FEIR fails to adequately evaluate the Project's air quality, health risk, and greenhouse gas impacts. As a result, emissions and health risk impacts associated with construction and operation of the proposed Project are underestimated and inadequately addressed. An updated EIR should be prepared to adequately assess and mitigate the potential health risk and greenhouse gas impacts that the project may have on the surrounding environment.

Air Quality

Failure to Include PDFs as Mitigation Measures

The DEIR concludes that the Project would have significant air quality impacts associated with Project construction, operation, and special events. Specifically, the DEIR estimates that the Project's Phase I construction-related NO_X emissions, Phase 3 operational VOC emissions, and special event VOC and NO_X emissions would exceed the applicable SCAQMD regional thresholds (p. 4.1-22, Table 4.2-5; p. 4.1-27, Table 4.2-7; p. 4.1-30, Table 4.2-9). However, after the implementation of Project Design Features ("PDFs") and mitigation, the DEIR concludes that Project emissions would have less-than-significant impacts (p. 4.1-23, Table 4.2-6; p. 4.1-29, Table 4.2-8; p. 4.1-31, Table 4.2-10).

The Project's air quality analysis is inadequate, as the DEIR and FEIR should have incorporated all PDFs, as described in the DEIR, as formal mitigation measures (p. 4.1-13 – 4.1-15). According to the Association of Environmental Professionals ("AEP") *CEQA Portal Topic Paper* on mitigation measures:

"While not "mitigation", a good practice is to include those project design feature(s) that address environmental impacts in the mitigation monitoring and reporting program (MMRP). Often the MMRP is all that accompanies building and construction plans through the permit process. If the design features are not listed as important to addressing an environmental impact, it is easy for someone not involved in the original environmental process to approve a change to the project that could eliminate one or more of the design features without understanding the resulting environmental impact."

As you can see in the excerpt above, PDFs that are not formally included as mitigation measures may be eliminated from the Project's design altogether. Thus, as the PDFs described in the DEIR are not formally included as mitigation measures, we cannot guarantee that they would be implemented, monitored, and enforced on the Project site. As a result, until the PDFs are included as mitigation measures, the DEIR's air quality analysis should not be relied upon to determine Project significance.

Failure to Identify a Potentially Significant Air Quality Impact

The DEIR indicates that Project "[b]uildout [is] anticipated to occur in three primary phases over approximately 4- to 6-years" (p. 82). Thus, by 2026, all three phases of construction would be operational together. As such, the DEIR should have summed the Project's operational emissions for Phase 1, Phase 2, and Phase 3 in order to estimate the Project's *total* operational air quality impact.

In order to correctly evaluate the Project's air quality impact, we summed the DEIR's operational air quality emissions from all three phases of Project buildout. We found that the Project's operational VOC and NO_X emissions exceed the applicable SCAQMD threshold of 55 pounds per day ("lbs/day") (see table below).²

¹ "CEQA Portal Topic Paper Mitigation Measures." AEP, February 2020, *available at:* https://ceqaportal.org/tp/CEQA%20Mitigation%202020.pdf, p. 6.

² "South Coast AQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds." SCAQMD, April 2019, *available at*: http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/ceqa/handbook/scaqmd-air-quality-significance-thresholds.pdf.

DEIR Cumulative Operational Air Quality Impact			
	Operation		
DEIR	VOC	NOX	
	(lbs/day)		
Phase 1	44.7	47.0	
Phase 2	40.5	43.6	
Phase 3	74.0	79.5	
SWAPE	159.2	170.1	
SCAQMD Threshold	55	55	
Exceeds?	Yes	Yes	

As you can see in the excerpt above, the Project's combined operational-related VOC and NO_X emissions exceed the applicable SCAQMD significance threshold. As such, the Project would result in a potentially significant air quality impact that was not previously identified or addressed in the DEIR or FEIR. As a result, an updated EIR should be prepared to adequately assess and mitigate the potential air quality impacts that the Project may have on the surrounding environment.

Diesel Particulate Matter Health Risk Emissions Inadequately Evaluated

The DEIR and FEIR fail to mention or discuss the health risk impacts associated with the Project's construction-related and operational toxic air contaminant ("TAC") emissions whatsoever. This is incorrect for three reasons.

First, by failing to require a quantified construction and operational HRA, the Project is inconsistent with CEQA's requirement to correlate the increase in emissions that the Project would generate to the adverse impacts on human health caused by those emissions.³ This is incorrect, as construction of the proposed Project would produce diesel particulate matter ("DPM") emissions through the exhaust stacks of construction equipment over a potential construction period of approximately 4- to 6-years (p. 82). Furthermore, the DEIR indicates that the Project would generate approximately 8,932 daily vehicle trips, which would generate additional exhaust emissions and continue to expose nearby sensitive receptors to DPM emissions during Project operation (p. 4.13-43). However, the DEIR fails to evaluate Project-generated TACs or indicate the concentrations at which such pollutants would trigger adverse health effects. Thus, without making a reasonable effort to connect the Project's construction-related and operational TAC emissions to the potential health risks posed to nearby receptors, the DEIR is inconsistent with CEQA's requirement to correlate the increase in emissions generated by the Project with the potential adverse impacts on human health.

Second, the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment ("OEHHA"), the organization responsible for providing guidance on conducting HRAs in California, released its most recent *Risk Assessment*

³ "Sierra Club v. County of Fresno." Supreme Court of California, December 2018, available at: https://ceqaportal.org/decisions/1907/Sierra%20Club%20v.%20County%20of%20Fresno.pdf.

Guidelines: Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments in February 2015.4 Furthermore, the State of California Department of Justice recommends warehouse projects prepare a quantitative HRA pursuant to OEHHA and local air district guidelines.⁵ The OEHHA guidance document describes the types of projects that warrant the preparation of an HRA. Specifically, OEHHA recommends that all short-term projects lasting at least two months be evaluated for cancer risks to nearby sensitive receptors. As the Project's construction duration exceeds the 2-month requirement set forth by OEHHA, it is clear that the Project meets the threshold warranting a quantified HRA under OEHHA guidance. Furthermore, the OEHHA document recommends that exposure from projects lasting more than 6 months be evaluated for the duration of the project and recommends that an exposure duration of 30 years be used to estimate individual cancer risk for the maximally exposed individual resident ("MEIR"). Even though we were not provided with the expected lifetime of the Project, we can reasonably assume that the Project will operate for at least 30 years, if not more. Therefore, we recommend that health risk impacts from Project operation also be evaluated, as a 30-year exposure duration vastly exceeds the 6-month requirement set forth by OEHHA. These recommendations reflect the most recent state health risk policies, and as such, we recommend that an updated EIR require the analysis of health risk impacts posed to nearby sensitive receptors from Project-generated DPM emissions for future individual projects.

Third, by claiming a less than significant impact without conducting a quantified construction or operational HRA for nearby, existing sensitive receptors, the DEIR fails to compare the excess health risk impact to the SCAQMD's specific numeric threshold of 10 in one million. Thus, in accordance with the most relevant guidance, we recommend that the DEIR and FEIR require the Specific Plan to require future individual projects to conduct an assessment of the health risk posed to nearby, existing receptors from construction and operation.

Greenhouse Gas

Failure to Implement All Feasible Mitigation to Reduce Emissions

The DEIR concludes that the Project would result in a significant-and-unavoidable greenhouse gas ("GHG") impact after the implementation of mitigation measure ("MM") GHG-1 (p. 4.7-20). Specifically, the DEIR states:

"The annual GHG emissions associated with the operation of the proposed Project, is shown on Table 4.7- 8, after implementation of all feasible emission reduction measures as enforceable PDFs and MM GHG- 1. As shown, Project-related GHG emissions are reduced to 3.62 MTCO2e per SP per year which is less than the applicable threshold of 3.65 MTCO2e per SP per year. While implementation of Mitigation Measure GHG-1, would offset the GHG emissions generated

⁴ "Risk Assessment Guidelines: Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments." OEHHA, February 2015, available at: https://oehha.ca.gov/media/downloads/crnr/2015guidancemanual.pdf.

⁵ "Warehouse Projects: Best Practices and Mitigation Measures to Comply with the California Environmental Quality Act." State of California Department of Justice, available at:

https://oag.ca.gov/sites/all/files/agweb/pdfs/environment/warehouse-best-practices.pdf, p. 6.

⁶ "South Coast AQMD Air Quality Significance Thresholds." SCAQMD, April 2019, *available at:* http://www.aqmd.gov/docs/default-source/ceqa/handbook/scaqmd-air-quality-significance-thresholds.pdf.

by the project that are in excess of the applicable threshold, by reducing GHG emissions elsewhere through the purchase of carbon credits, it would not change the actual GHG emissions levels of the project itself. Moreover, as the use of carbon credits as mitigation for GHG emissions has not been widely adopted in the Coachella Valley area for residential and resort community projects, this analysis conservatively considers impacts associated with GHG emissions generated by the proposed project to be significant and unavoidable because the City cannot determine with certainty that the project's GHG emissions will be reduced to a less than significant level" (p. 4.7-20).

However, while we agree that the Project would result in a significant GHG impact, the DEIR's conclusion that this impact is significant-and-unavoidable is incorrect. According to CEQA Guidelines § 15096(g)(2):

"When an EIR has been prepared for a project, the Responsible Agency shall not approve the project as proposed if the agency finds any feasible alternative or feasible mitigation measures within its powers that would substantially lessen or avoid any significant effect the project would have on the environment."

As you can see, an impact can only be labeled as significant-and-unavoidable after all available, feasible mitigation is considered. Here, while the DEIR implements MM GHG-1, which requires the Project Applicant to purchase carbon offsets, the DEIR fails to implement *all* feasible mitigation (p. 4.7-26). Therefore, the DEIR's conclusion that Project's GHG emissions would be significant-and-unavoidable is unsubstantiated. To reduce the Project's GHG impacts to the maximum extent possible, additional feasible mitigation measures should be incorporated, such as those suggested in the following section of this letter titled "Feasible Mitigation Measures Available to Reduce Emissions." Thus, the Project should not be approved until an updated EIR is prepared, including updated, accurate air modeling, as well as incorporating all feasible mitigation to reduce emissions to less-than-significant levels.

Feasible Mitigation Measures Available to Reduce Emissions

Our analysis demonstrates that the Project would result in potentially significant air quality and GHG impacts that should be mitigated further. As such, in an effort to reduce the Project's emissions, we identified several mitigation measures that are applicable to the proposed Project. Therefore, to reduce the Project's emissions, we recommend consideration of SCAG's 2020 *RTP/SCS* PEIR's Air Quality Project Level Mitigation Measures ("PMM-AQ-1") and Greenhouse Gas Project Level Mitigation Measures ("PMM-GHG-1"), as described below: ⁷

⁷ "4.0 Mitigation Measures." Connect SoCal Program Environmental Impact Report Addendum #1, September 2020, available at: https://scag.ca.gov/sites/main/files/file-

attachments/fpeir connectsocal addendum 4 mitigationmeasures.pdf?1606004420, p. 4.0-2 – 4.0-10; 4.0-19 – 4.0-23; See also: "Certified Final Connect SoCal Program Environmental Impact Report." Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG), May 2020, available at: https://scag.ca.gov/peir.

SCAG RTP/SCS 2020-2045

Air Quality Project Level Mitigation Measures - PMM-AQ-1:

In accordance with provisions of sections 15091(a)(2) and 15126.4(a)(1)(B) of the *State CEQA Guidelines*, a Lead Agency for a project can and should consider mitigation measures to reduce substantial adverse effects related to violating air quality standards. Such measures may include the following or other comparable measures identified by the Lead Agency:

- a) Minimize land disturbance.
- c) Cover trucks when hauling dirt.
- d) Stabilize the surface of dirt piles if not removed immediately.
- e) Limit vehicular paths on unpaved surfaces and stabilize any temporary roads.
- f) Minimize unnecessary vehicular and machinery activities.
- g) Sweep paved streets at least once per day where there is evidence of dirt that has been carried on to the roadway.
- h) Revegetate disturbed land, including vehicular paths created during construction to avoid future off-road vehicular activities.
- j) Require contractors to assemble a comprehensive inventory list (i.e., make, model, engine year, horsepower, emission rates) of all heavy-duty off-road (portable and mobile) equipment (50 horsepower and greater) that could be used an aggregate of 40 or more hours for the construction project. Prepare a plan for approval by the applicable air district demonstrating achievement of the applicable percent reduction for a CARB-approved fleet.
- I) Minimize idling time to 5 minutes—saves fuel and reduces emissions.
- m) Provide an operational water truck on-site at all times. Use watering trucks to minimize dust; watering should be sufficient to confine dust plumes to the project work areas. Sweep paved streets at least once per day where there is evidence of dirt that has been carried on to the roadway.
- n) Utilize existing power sources (e.g., power poles) or clean fuel generators rather than temporary power generators.
- o) Develop a traffic plan to minimize traffic flow interference from construction activities. The plan may include advance public notice of routing, use of public transportation, and satellite parking areas with a shuttle service. Schedule operations affecting traffic for off-peak hours. Minimize obstruction of through-traffic lanes. Provide a flag person to guide traffic properly and ensure safety at construction sites.
- p) As appropriate require that portable engines and portable engine-driven equipment units used at the project work site, with the exception of on-road and off-road motor vehicles, obtain CARB Portable Equipment Registration with the state or a local district permit. Arrange appropriate consultations with the CARB or the District to determine registration and permitting requirements prior to equipment operation at the site.
- q) Require projects within 500 feet of residences, hospitals, or schools to use Tier 4 equipment for all engines above 50 horsepower (hp) unless the individual project can demonstrate that Tier 4 engines would not be required to mitigate emissions below significance thresholds.
- r) Projects located within the South Coast Air Basin should consider applying for South Coast AQMD "SOON" funds which provides funds to applicable fleets for the purchase of commercially available low-emission heavyduty engines to achieve near-term reduction of NOx emissions from in-use off-road diesel vehicles.
- s) Projects located within AB 617 communities should review the applicable Community Emissions Reduction Plan (CERP) for additional mitigation that can be applied to individual projects.
- t) Where applicable, projects should provide information about air quality related programs to schools, including the Environmental Justice Community Partnerships (EJCP), Clean Air Ranger Education (CARE), and Why Air Quality Matters programs.

- u) Projects should work with local cities and counties to install adequate signage that prohibits truck idling in certain locations (e.g., near schools and sensitive receptors).
- y) Projects that will introduce sensitive receptors within 500 feet of freeways and other sources should consider installing high efficiency of enhanced filtration units, such as Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) 13 or better. Installation of enhanced filtration units can be verified during occupancy inspection prior to the issuance of an occupancy permit.
- z) Develop an ongoing monitoring, inspection, and maintenance program for the MERV filters.
- aa) Consult the SCAG Environmental Justice Toolbox for potential measures to address impacts to low-income and/or minority communities.
- bb) The following criteria related to diesel emissions shall be implemented on by individual project sponsors as appropriate and feasible:
 - Diesel nonroad vehicles on site for more than 10 total days shall have either (1) engines that meet EPA
 on road emissions standards or (2) emission control technology verified by EPA or CARB to reduce PM
 emissions by a minimum of 85%
 - Diesel generators on site for more than 10 total days shall be equipped with emission control technology verified by EPA or CARB to reduce PM emissions by a minimum of 85%.
 - Nonroad diesel engines on site shall be Tier 2 or higher.
 - Diesel nonroad construction equipment on site for more than 10 total days shall have either (1) engines meeting EPA Tier 4 nonroad emissions standards or (2) emission control technology verified by EPA or CARB for use with nonroad engines to reduce PM emissions by a minimum of 85% for engines for 50 hp and greater and by a minimum of 20% for engines less than 50 hp.
 - Emission control technology shall be operated, maintained, and serviced as recommended by the emission control technology manufacturer.
 - Diesel vehicles, construction equipment, and generators on site shall be fueled with ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel (ULSD) or a biodiesel blend approved by the original engine manufacturer with sulfur content of 15 ppm or less.
 - The construction contractor shall maintain a list of all diesel vehicles, construction equipment, and generators to be used on site. The list shall include the following:
 - i. Contractor and subcontractor name and address, plus contact person responsible for the vehicles or equipment.
 - ii. Equipment type, equipment manufacturer, equipment serial number, engine manufacturer, engine model year, engine certification (Tier rating), horsepower, engine serial number, and expected fuel usage and hours of operation.
 - iii. For the emission control technology installed: technology type, serial number, make, model, manufacturer, EPA/CARB verification number/level, and installation date and hour-meter reading on installation date.
 - The contractor shall establish generator sites and truck-staging zones for vehicles waiting to load or unload material on site. Such zones shall be located where diesel emissions have the least impact on abutters, the general public, and especially sensitive receptors such as hospitals, schools, daycare facilities, elderly housing, and convalescent facilities.
 - The contractor shall maintain a monthly report that, for each on road diesel vehicle, nonroad construction equipment, or generator onsite, includes:
 - i. Hour-meter readings on arrival on-site, the first and last day of every month, and on off-site
 - ii. Any problems with the equipment or emission controls.
 - iii. Certified copies of fuel deliveries for the time period that identify:
 - 1. Source of supply
 - 2. Quantity of fuel
 - 3. Quantity of fuel, including sulfur content (percent by weight)
- cc) Project should exceed Title-24 Building Envelope Energy Efficiency Standards (California Building Standards Code). The following measures can be used to increase energy efficiency:
 - Provide pedestrian network improvements, such as interconnected street network, narrower roadways

and shorter block lengths, sidewalks, accessibility to transit and transit shelters, traffic calming measures, parks and public spaces, minimize pedestrian barriers.

- Provide traffic calming measures, such as:
 - i. Marked crosswalks
 - ii. Count-down signal timers
 - iii. Curb extensions iv. Speed tables
 - iv. Raised crosswalks
 - v. Raised intersections
 - vi. Median islands
 - vii. Tight corner radii
 - viii. Roundabouts or mini-circles
 - ix. On-street parking
 - x. Chicanes/chokers
- Create urban non-motorized zones
- Provide bike parking in non-residential and multi-unit residential projects
- Dedicate land for bike trails
- Limit parking supply through:
 - i. Elimination (or reduction) of minimum parking requirements
 - ii. Creation of maximum parking requirements
 - iii. Provision of shared parking
- Require residential area parking permit.
- Provide ride-sharing programs
 - i. Designate a certain percentage of parking spacing for ride sharing vehicles
 - ii. Designating adequate passenger loading and unloading and waiting areas for ride-sharing vehicles
 - iii. Providing a web site or messaging board for coordinating rides
 - iv. Permanent transportation management association membership and finding requirement.

Greenhouse Gas Project Level Mitigation Measures – PMM-GHG-1

In accordance with provisions of sections 15091(a)(2) and 15126.4(a)(1)(B) of the State CEQA Guidelines, a Lead Agency for a project can and should consider mitigation measures to reduce substantial adverse effects related to violating air quality standards. Such measures may include the following or other comparable measures identified by the Lead Agency:

- b) Reduce emissions resulting from projects through implementation of project features, project design, or other measures, such as those described in Appendix F of the State CEQA Guidelines.
- c) Include off-site measures to mitigate a project's emissions.
- d) Measures that consider incorporation of Best Available Control Technology (BACT) during design, construction and operation of projects to minimize GHG emissions, including but not limited to:
 - i. Use energy and fuel-efficient vehicles and equipment;
 - ii. Deployment of zero- and/or near zero emission technologies;
 - iii. Use lighting systems that are energy efficient, such as LED technology;
 - iv. Use the minimum feasible amount of GHG-emitting construction materials;
 - v. Use cement blended with the maximum feasible amount of flash or other materials that reduce GHG emissions from cement production;
 - vi. Incorporate design measures to reduce GHG emissions from solid waste management through encouraging solid waste recycling and reuse;
 - vii. Incorporate design measures to reduce energy consumption and increase use of renewable energy;
 - viii. Incorporate design measures to reduce water consumption;

- ix. Use lighter-colored pavement where feasible;
- x. Recycle construction debris to maximum extent feasible;
- xi. Plant shade trees in or near construction projects where feasible; and
- xii. Solicit bids that include concepts listed above.
- e) Measures that encourage transit use, carpooling, bike-share and car-share programs, active transportation, and parking strategies, including, but not limited to the following:
 - i. Promote transit-active transportation coordinated strategies;
 - ii. Increase bicycle carrying capacity on transit and rail vehicles;
 - iii. Improve or increase access to transit;
 - iv. Increase access to common goods and services, such as groceries, schools, and day care;
 - v. Incorporate affordable housing into the project;
 - vi. Incorporate the neighborhood electric vehicle network;
 - vii. Orient the project toward transit, bicycle and pedestrian facilities;
 - viii. Improve pedestrian or bicycle networks, or transit service;
 - ix. Provide traffic calming measures;
 - x. Provide bicycle parking;
 - xi. Limit or eliminate park supply;
 - xii. Unbundle parking costs;
 - xiii. Provide parking cash-out programs;
 - xiv. Implement or provide access to commute reduction program;
- f) Incorporate bicycle and pedestrian facilities into project designs, maintaining these facilities, and providing amenities incentivizing their use; and planning for and building local bicycle projects that connect with the regional network;
- g) Improving transit access to rail and bus routes by incentives for construction and transit facilities within developments, and/or providing dedicated shuttle service to transit stations; and
- h) Adopting employer trip reduction measures to reduce employee trips such as vanpool and carpool programs, providing end-of-trip facilities, and telecommuting programs including but not limited to measures that:
 - i. Provide car-sharing, bike sharing, and ride-sharing programs;
 - ii. Provide transit passes;
 - iii. Shift single occupancy vehicle trips to carpooling or vanpooling, for example providing ridematching services;
 - iv. Provide incentives or subsidies that increase that use of modes other than single-occupancy vehicle;
 - v. Provide on-site amenities at places of work, such as priority parking for carpools and vanpools, secure bike parking, and showers and locker rooms;
 - vi. Provide employee transportation coordinators at employment sites;
 - vii. Provide a guaranteed ride home service to users of non-auto modes.
- i) Designate a percentage of parking spaces for ride-sharing vehicles or high-occupancy vehicles, and provide adequate passenger loading and unloading for those vehicles;
- j) Land use siting and design measures that reduce GHG emissions, including:
 - i. Developing on infill and brownfields sites;
 - ii. Building compact and mixed-use developments near transit;
 - iii. Retaining on-site mature trees and vegetation, and planting new canopy trees;

- iv. Measures that increase vehicle efficiency, encourage use of zero and low emissions vehicles, or reduce the carbon content of fuels, including constructing or encouraging construction of electric vehicle charging stations or neighborhood electric vehicle networks, or charging for electric bicycles; and
- v. Measures to reduce GHG emissions from solid waste management through encouraging solid waste recycling and reuse.
- k) Consult the SCAG Environmental Justice Toolbox for potential measures to address impacts to low-income and/or minority communities. The measures provided above are also intended to be applied in low income and minority communities as applicable and feasible.
- I) Require at least five percent of all vehicle parking spaces include electric vehicle charging stations, or at a minimum, require the appropriate infrastructure to facilitate sufficient electric charging for passenger vehicles and trucks to plug-in.
- m) Encourage telecommuting and alternative work schedules, such as:
 - i. Staggered starting times
 - ii. Flexible schedules
 - iii. Compressed work weeks
- n) Implement commute trip reduction marketing, such as:
 - i. New employee orientation of trip reduction and alternative mode options
 - ii. Event promotions
 - iii. Publications
- o) Implement preferential parking permit program
- p) Implement school pool and bus programs
- q) Price workplace parking, such as:
 - i. Explicitly charging for parking for its employees;
 - ii. Implementing above market rate pricing;
 - iii. Validating parking only for invited guests;
 - iv. Not providing employee parking and transportation allowances; and
 - v. Educating employees about available alternatives.

These measures offer a cost-effective, feasible way to incorporate lower-emitting design features into the proposed Project, which subsequently, reduce emissions released during Project construction and operation. An updated EIR should be prepared to include all feasible mitigation measures, as well as include updated air quality and GHG analyses to ensure that the necessary mitigation measures are implemented to reduce emissions to below thresholds. The updated EIR should also demonstrate a commitment to the implementation of these measures prior to Project approval, to ensure that the Project's significant emissions are reduced to the maximum extent possible.

Disclaimer

SWAPE has received limited discovery regarding this project. Additional information may become available in the future; thus, we retain the right to revise or amend this report when additional information becomes available. Our professional services have been performed using that degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised, under similar circumstances, by reputable environmental consultants practicing in this or similar localities at the time of service. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the scope of work, work methodologies and protocols, site conditions, analytical testing results, and findings presented. This report reflects efforts which were limited to information that was

reasonably accessible at the time of the work, and may contain informational gaps, inconsistencies, or otherwise be incomplete due to the unavailability or uncertainty of information obtained or provided by third parties.

Sincerely,

Matt Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg.

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Paul E. Rosenfeld, Ph.D.

Attachment A: Matt Hagemann CV Attachment B: Paul E. Rosenfeld CV



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Matt Hagemann, P.G, C.Hg. (949) 887-9013 mhagemann@swape.com

Matthew F. Hagemann, P.G., C.Hg., QSD, QSP

Geologic and Hydrogeologic Characterization Investigation and Remediation Strategies Litigation Support and Testifying Expert Industrial Stormwater Compliance CEQA Review

Education:

M.S. Degree, Geology, California State University Los Angeles, Los Angeles, CA, 1984. B.A. Degree, Geology, Humboldt State University, Arcata, CA, 1982.

Professional Certifications:

California Professional Geologist
California Certified Hydrogeologist
Qualified SWPPP Developer and Practitioner

Professional Experience:

Matt has 30 years of experience in environmental policy, contaminant assessment and remediation, stormwater compliance, and CEQA review. He spent nine years with the U.S. EPA in the RCRA and Superfund programs and served as EPA's Senior Science Policy Advisor in the Western Regional Office where he identified emerging threats to groundwater from perchlorate and MTBE. While with EPA, Matt also served as a Senior Hydrogeologist in the oversight of the assessment of seven major military facilities undergoing base closure. He led numerous enforcement actions under provisions of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and directed efforts to improve hydrogeologic characterization and water quality monitoring. For the past 15 years, as a founding partner with SWAPE, Matt has developed extensive client relationships and has managed complex projects that include consultation as an expert witness and a regulatory specialist, and a manager of projects ranging from industrial stormwater compliance to CEQA review of impacts from hazardous waste, air quality and greenhouse gas emissions.

Positions Matt has held include:

- Founding Partner, Soil/Water/Air Protection Enterprise (SWAPE) (2003 present);
- Geology Instructor, Golden West College, 2010 2104, 2017;
- Senior Environmental Analyst, Komex H2O Science, Inc. (2000 -- 2003);

- Executive Director, Orange Coast Watch (2001 2004);
- Senior Science Policy Advisor and Hydrogeologist, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1989– 1998);
- Hydrogeologist, National Park Service, Water Resources Division (1998 2000);
- Adjunct Faculty Member, San Francisco State University, Department of Geosciences (1993 1998);
- Instructor, College of Marin, Department of Science (1990 1995);
- Geologist, U.S. Forest Service (1986 1998); and
- Geologist, Dames & Moore (1984 1986).

Senior Regulatory and Litigation Support Analyst:

With SWAPE, Matt's responsibilities have included:

- Lead analyst and testifying expert in the review of over 300 environmental impact reports and negative declarations since 2003 under CEQA that identify significant issues with regard to hazardous waste, water resources, water quality, air quality, greenhouse gas emissions, and geologic hazards. Make recommendations for additional mitigation measures to lead agencies at the local and county level to include additional characterization of health risks and implementation of protective measures to reduce worker exposure to hazards from toxins and Valley Fever.
- Stormwater analysis, sampling and best management practice evaluation at more than 100 industrial facilities.
- Expert witness on numerous cases including, for example, perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA)
 contamination of groundwater, MTBE litigation, air toxins at hazards at a school, CERCLA
 compliance in assessment and remediation, and industrial stormwater contamination.
- Technical assistance and litigation support for vapor intrusion concerns.
- Lead analyst and testifying expert in the review of environmental issues in license applications for large solar power plants before the California Energy Commission.
- Manager of a project to evaluate numerous formerly used military sites in the western U.S.
- Manager of a comprehensive evaluation of potential sources of perchlorate contamination in Southern California drinking water wells.
- Manager and designated expert for litigation support under provisions of Proposition 65 in the review of releases of gasoline to sources drinking water at major refineries and hundreds of gas stations throughout California.

With Komex H2O Science Inc., Matt's duties included the following:

- Senior author of a report on the extent of perchlorate contamination that was used in testimony by the former U.S. EPA Administrator and General Counsel.
- Senior researcher in the development of a comprehensive, electronically interactive chronology of MTBE use, research, and regulation.
- Senior researcher in the development of a comprehensive, electronically interactive chronology of perchlorate use, research, and regulation.
- Senior researcher in a study that estimates nationwide costs for MTBE remediation and drinking
 water treatment, results of which were published in newspapers nationwide and in testimony
 against provisions of an energy bill that would limit liability for oil companies.
- Research to support litigation to restore drinking water supplies that have been contaminated by MTBE in California and New York.

- Expert witness testimony in a case of oil production-related contamination in Mississippi.
- Lead author for a multi-volume remedial investigation report for an operating school in Los Angeles that met strict regulatory requirements and rigorous deadlines.
- Development of strategic approaches for cleanup of contaminated sites in consultation with clients and regulators.

Executive Director:

As Executive Director with Orange Coast Watch, Matt led efforts to restore water quality at Orange County beaches from multiple sources of contamination including urban runoff and the discharge of wastewater. In reporting to a Board of Directors that included representatives from leading Orange County universities and businesses, Matt prepared issue papers in the areas of treatment and disinfection of wastewater and control of the discharge of grease to sewer systems. Matt actively participated in the development of countywide water quality permits for the control of urban runoff and permits for the discharge of wastewater. Matt worked with other nonprofits to protect and restore water quality, including Surfrider, Natural Resources Defense Council and Orange County CoastKeeper as well as with business institutions including the Orange County Business Council.

Hydrogeology:

As a Senior Hydrogeologist with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Matt led investigations to characterize and cleanup closing military bases, including Mare Island Naval Shipyard, Hunters Point Naval Shipyard, Treasure Island Naval Station, Alameda Naval Station, Moffett Field, Mather Army Airfield, and Sacramento Army Depot. Specific activities were as follows:

- Led efforts to model groundwater flow and contaminant transport, ensured adequacy of monitoring networks, and assessed cleanup alternatives for contaminated sediment, soil, and groundwater.
- Initiated a regional program for evaluation of groundwater sampling practices and laboratory analysis at military bases.
- Identified emerging issues, wrote technical guidance, and assisted in policy and regulation development through work on four national U.S. EPA workgroups, including the Superfund Groundwater Technical Forum and the Federal Facilities Forum.

At the request of the State of Hawaii, Matt developed a methodology to determine the vulnerability of groundwater to contamination on the islands of Maui and Oahu. He used analytical models and a GIS to show zones of vulnerability, and the results were adopted and published by the State of Hawaii and County of Maui.

As a hydrogeologist with the EPA Groundwater Protection Section, Matt worked with provisions of the Safe Drinking Water Act and NEPA to prevent drinking water contamination. Specific activities included the following:

- Received an EPA Bronze Medal for his contribution to the development of national guidance for the protection of drinking water.
- Managed the Sole Source Aquifer Program and protected the drinking water of two communities through designation under the Safe Drinking Water Act. He prepared geologic reports, conducted

- public hearings, and responded to public comments from residents who were very concerned about the impact of designation.
- Reviewed a number of Environmental Impact Statements for planned major developments, including large hazardous and solid waste disposal facilities, mine reclamation, and water transfer.

Matt served as a hydrogeologist with the RCRA Hazardous Waste program. Duties were as follows:

- Supervised the hydrogeologic investigation of hazardous waste sites to determine compliance with Subtitle C requirements.
- Reviewed and wrote "part B" permits for the disposal of hazardous waste.
- Conducted RCRA Corrective Action investigations of waste sites and led inspections that formed
 the basis for significant enforcement actions that were developed in close coordination with U.S.
 EPA legal counsel.
- Wrote contract specifications and supervised contractor's investigations of waste sites.

With the National Park Service, Matt directed service-wide investigations of contaminant sources to prevent degradation of water quality, including the following tasks:

- Applied pertinent laws and regulations including CERCLA, RCRA, NEPA, NRDA, and the Clean Water Act to control military, mining, and landfill contaminants.
- Conducted watershed-scale investigations of contaminants at parks, including Yellowstone and Olympic National Park.
- Identified high-levels of perchlorate in soil adjacent to a national park in New Mexico and advised park superintendent on appropriate response actions under CERCLA.
- Served as a Park Service representative on the Interagency Perchlorate Steering Committee, a national workgroup.
- Developed a program to conduct environmental compliance audits of all National Parks while serving on a national workgroup.
- Co-authored two papers on the potential for water contamination from the operation of personal watercraft and snowmobiles, these papers serving as the basis for the development of nation-wide policy on the use of these vehicles in National Parks.
- Contributed to the Federal Multi-Agency Source Water Agreement under the Clean Water Action Plan.

Policy:

Served senior management as the Senior Science Policy Advisor with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9.

Activities included the following:

- Advised the Regional Administrator and senior management on emerging issues such as the
 potential for the gasoline additive MTBE and ammonium perchlorate to contaminate drinking
 water supplies.
- Shaped EPA's national response to these threats by serving on workgroups and by contributing to guidance, including the Office of Research and Development publication, Oxygenates in Water: Critical Information and Research Needs.
- Improved the technical training of EPA's scientific and engineering staff.
- Earned an EPA Bronze Medal for representing the region's 300 scientists and engineers in negotiations with the Administrator and senior management to better integrate scientific

- principles into the policy-making process.
- Established national protocol for the peer review of scientific documents.

Geology:

With the U.S. Forest Service, Matt led investigations to determine hillslope stability of areas proposed for timber harvest in the central Oregon Coast Range. Specific activities were as follows:

- Mapped geology in the field, and used aerial photographic interpretation and mathematical models to determine slope stability.
- Coordinated his research with community members who were concerned with natural resource protection.
- Characterized the geology of an aquifer that serves as the sole source of drinking water for the city of Medford, Oregon.

As a consultant with Dames and Moore, Matt led geologic investigations of two contaminated sites (later listed on the Superfund NPL) in the Portland, Oregon, area and a large hazardous waste site in eastern Oregon. Duties included the following:

- Supervised year-long effort for soil and groundwater sampling.
- Conducted aguifer tests.
- Investigated active faults beneath sites proposed for hazardous waste disposal.

Teaching:

From 1990 to 1998, Matt taught at least one course per semester at the community college and university levels:

- At San Francisco State University, held an adjunct faculty position and taught courses in environmental geology, oceanography (lab and lecture), hydrogeology, and groundwater contamination.
- Served as a committee member for graduate and undergraduate students.
- Taught courses in environmental geology and oceanography at the College of Marin.

Matt is currently a part time geology instructor at Golden West College in Huntington Beach, California where he taught from 2010 to 2014 and in 2017.

Invited Testimony, Reports, Papers and Presentations:

Hagemann, M.F., 2008. Disclosure of Hazardous Waste Issues under CEQA. Presentation to the Public Environmental Law Conference, Eugene, Oregon.

Hagemann, M.F., 2008. Disclosure of Hazardous Waste Issues under CEQA. Invited presentation to U.S. EPA Region 9, San Francisco, California.

Hagemann, M.F., 2005. Use of Electronic Databases in Environmental Regulation, Policy Making and Public Participation. Brownfields 2005, Denver, Coloradao.

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in Nevada and the Southwestern U.S. Presentation to a meeting of the American Groundwater Trust, Las Vegas, NV (served on conference organizing committee).

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Invited testimony to a California Senate committee hearing on air toxins at schools in Southern California, Los Angeles.

Brown, A., Farrow, J., Gray, A. and **Hagemann, M.**, 2004. An Estimate of Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Underground Storage Tanks and the Resulting Impact to Drinking Water Wells. Presentation to the Ground Water and Environmental Law Conference, National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2004. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in Arizona and the Southwestern U.S. Presentation to a meeting of the American Groundwater Trust, Phoenix, AZ (served on conference organizing committee).

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River and Impacts to Drinking Water in the Southwestern U.S. Invited presentation to a special committee meeting of the National Academy of Sciences, Irvine, CA.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. Invited presentation to a tribal EPA meeting, Pechanga, CA.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. Invited presentation to a meeting of tribal repesentatives, Parker, AZ.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Impact of Perchlorate on the Colorado River and Associated Drinking Water Supplies. Invited presentation to the Inter-Tribal Meeting, Torres Martinez Tribe.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. The Emergence of Perchlorate as a Widespread Drinking Water Contaminant. Invited presentation to the U.S. EPA Region 9.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. A Deductive Approach to the Assessment of Perchlorate Contamination. Invited presentation to the California Assembly Natural Resources Committee.

Hagemann, M.F., 2003. Perchlorate: A Cold War Legacy in Drinking Water. Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. From Tank to Tap: A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater. Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater and an Estimate of Costs to Address Impacts to Groundwater. Presentation to the annual meeting of the Society of Environmental Journalists.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. An Estimate of the Cost to Address MTBE Contamination in Groundwater (and Who Will Pay). Presentation to a meeting of the National Groundwater Association.

Hagemann, M.F., 2002. An Estimate of Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Underground Storage Tanks and the Resulting Impact to Drinking Water Wells. Presentation to a meeting of the U.S. EPA and State Underground Storage Tank Program managers.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. From Tank to Tap: A Chronology of MTBE in Groundwater. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. Estimated Cleanup Cost for MTBE in Groundwater Used as Drinking Water. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., 2001. Estimated Costs to Address MTBE Releases from Leaking Underground Storage Tanks. Unpublished report.

Hagemann, M.F., and VanMouwerik, M., 1999. Potential Water Quality Concerns Related to Snowmobile Usage. Water Resources Division, National Park Service, Technical Report.

Van Mouwerik, M. and **Hagemann**, M.F. 1999, Water Quality Concerns Related to Personal Watercraft Usage. Water Resources Division, National Park Service, Technical Report.

Hagemann, M.F., 1999, Is Dilution the Solution to Pollution in National Parks? The George Wright Society Biannual Meeting, Asheville, North Carolina.

Hagemann, M.F., 1997, The Potential for MTBE to Contaminate Groundwater. U.S. EPA Superfund Groundwater Technical Forum Annual Meeting, Las Vegas, Nevada.

Hagemann, M.F., and Gill, M., 1996, Impediments to Intrinsic Remediation, Moffett Field Naval Air Station, Conference on Intrinsic Remediation of Chlorinated Hydrocarbons, Salt Lake City.

Hagemann, M.F., Fukunaga, G.L., 1996, The Vulnerability of Groundwater to Anthropogenic Contaminants on the Island of Maui, Hawaii. Hawaii Water Works Association Annual Meeting, Maui, October 1996.

Hagemann, M. F., Fukanaga, G. L., 1996, Ranking Groundwater Vulnerability in Central Oahu, Hawaii. Proceedings, Geographic Information Systems in Environmental Resources Management, Air and Waste Management Association Publication VIP-61.

Hagemann, M.F., 1994. Groundwater Characterization and Cleanup at Closing Military Bases in California. Proceedings, California Groundwater Resources Association Meeting.

Hagemann, M.F. and Sabol, M.A., 1993. Role of the U.S. EPA in the High Plains States Groundwater Recharge Demonstration Program. Proceedings, Sixth Biennial Symposium on the Artificial Recharge of Groundwater.

Hagemann, M.F., 1993. U.S. EPA Policy on the Technical Impracticability of the Cleanup of DNAPL-contaminated Groundwater. California Groundwater Resources Association Meeting.

Hagemann, M.F., 1992. Dense Nonaqueous Phase Liquid Contamination of Groundwater: An Ounce of Prevention... Proceedings, Association of Engineering Geologists Annual Meeting, v. 35.

Other Experience:

Selected as subject matter expert for the California Professional Geologist licensing examinations, 2009-2011.



SOIL WATER AIR PROTECTION ENTERPRISE

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Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.

Chemical Fate and Transport & Air Dispersion Modeling

Principal Environmental Chemist

Risk Assessment & Remediation Specialist

Education

Ph.D. Soil Chemistry, University of Washington, 1999. Dissertation on volatile organic compound filtration.

M.S. Environmental Science, U.C. Berkeley, 1995. Thesis on organic waste economics.

B.A. Environmental Studies, U.C. Santa Barbara, 1991. Thesis on wastewater treatment.

Professional Experience

Dr. Rosenfeld has over 25 years' experience conducting environmental investigations and risk assessments for evaluating impacts to human health, property, and ecological receptors. His expertise focuses on the fate and transport of environmental contaminants, human health risk, exposure assessment, and ecological restoration. Dr. Rosenfeld has evaluated and modeled emissions from oil spills, landfills, boilers and incinerators, process stacks, storage tanks, confined animal feeding operations, industrial, military and agricultural sources, unconventional oil drilling operations, and locomotive and construction engines. His project experience ranges from monitoring and modeling of pollution sources to evaluating impacts of pollution on workers at industrial facilities and residents in surrounding communities. Dr. Rosenfeld has also successfully modeled exposure to contaminants distributed by water systems and via vapor intrusion.

Dr. Rosenfeld has investigated and designed remediation programs and risk assessments for contaminated sites containing lead, heavy metals, mold, bacteria, particulate matter, petroleum hydrocarbons, chlorinated solvents, pesticides, radioactive waste, dioxins and furans, semi- and volatile organic compounds, PCBs, PAHs, creosote, perchlorate, asbestos, per- and poly-fluoroalkyl substances (PFOA/PFOS), unusual polymers, fuel oxygenates (MTBE), among other pollutants. Dr. Rosenfeld also has experience evaluating greenhouse gas emissions from various projects and is an expert on the assessment of odors from industrial and agricultural sites, as well as the evaluation of odor nuisance impacts and technologies for abatement of odorous emissions. As a principal scientist at SWAPE, Dr. Rosenfeld directs air dispersion modeling and exposure assessments. He has served as an expert witness and testified about pollution sources causing nuisance and/or personal injury at sites and has testified as an expert witness on numerous cases involving exposure to soil, water and air contaminants from industrial, railroad, agricultural, and military sources.

Professional History:

Soil Water Air Protection Enterprise (SWAPE); 2003 to present; Principal and Founding Partner

UCLA School of Public Health; 2007 to 2011; Lecturer (Assistant Researcher)

UCLA School of Public Health; 2003 to 2006; Adjunct Professor

UCLA Environmental Science and Engineering Program; 2002-2004; Doctoral Intern Coordinator

UCLA Institute of the Environment, 2001-2002; Research Associate

Komex H₂O Science, 2001 to 2003; Senior Remediation Scientist

National Groundwater Association, 2002-2004; Lecturer

San Diego State University, 1999-2001; Adjunct Professor

Anteon Corp., San Diego, 2000-2001; Remediation Project Manager

Ogden (now Amec), San Diego, 2000-2000; Remediation Project Manager

Bechtel, San Diego, California, 1999 – 2000; Risk Assessor

King County, Seattle, 1996 – 1999; Scientist

James River Corp., Washington, 1995-96; Scientist

Big Creek Lumber, Davenport, California, 1995; Scientist

Plumas Corp., California and USFS, Tahoe 1993-1995; Scientist

Peace Corps and World Wildlife Fund, St. Kitts, West Indies, 1991-1993; Scientist

Publications:

Remy, L.L., Clay T., Byers, V., **Rosenfeld P. E.** (2019) Hospital, Health, and Community Burden After Oil Refinery Fires, Richmond, California 2007 and 2012. *Environmental Health*. 18:48

Simons, R.A., Seo, Y. **Rosenfeld, P.**, (2015) Modeling the Effect of Refinery Emission On Residential Property Value. Journal of Real Estate Research. 27(3):321-342

Chen, J. A, Zapata A. R., Sutherland A. J., Molmen, D.R., Chow, B. S., Wu, L. E., **Rosenfeld, P. E.,** Hesse, R. C., (2012) Sulfur Dioxide and Volatile Organic Compound Exposure To A Community In Texas City Texas Evaluated Using Aermod and Empirical Data. *American Journal of Environmental Science*, 8(6), 622-632.

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Cheremisinoff, N.P., & Rosenfeld, P.E. (2011). Handbook of Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production: Best Practices in the Agrochemical Industry, Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing.

Gonzalez, J., Feng, L., Sutherland, A., Waller, C., Sok, H., Hesse, R., **Rosenfeld, P.** (2010). PCBs and Dioxins/Furans in Attic Dust Collected Near Former PCB Production and Secondary Copper Facilities in Sauget, IL. *Procedia Environmental Sciences*. 113–125.

Feng, L., Wu, C., Tam, L., Sutherland, A.J., Clark, J.J., Rosenfeld, P.E. (2010). Dioxin and Furan Blood Lipid and Attic Dust Concentrations in Populations Living Near Four Wood Treatment Facilities in the United States. *Journal of Environmental Health*. 73(6), 34-46.

Cheremisinoff, N.P., & Rosenfeld, P.E. (2010). Handbook of Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production: Best Practices in the Wood and Paper Industries. Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing.

Cheremisinoff, N.P., & Rosenfeld, P.E. (2009). Handbook of Pollution Prevention and Cleaner Production: Best Practices in the Petroleum Industry. Amsterdam: Elsevier Publishing.

Wu, C., Tam, L., Clark, J., Rosenfeld, P. (2009). Dioxin and furan blood lipid concentrations in populations living near four wood treatment facilities in the United States. WIT Transactions on Ecology and the Environment, Air Pollution, 123 (17), 319-327.

- Tam L. K.., Wu C. D., Clark J. J. and **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2008). A Statistical Analysis Of Attic Dust And Blood Lipid Concentrations Of Tetrachloro-p-Dibenzodioxin (TCDD) Toxicity Equivalency Quotients (TEQ) In Two Populations Near Wood Treatment Facilities. *Organohalogen Compounds*, 70, 002252-002255.
- Tam L. K., Wu C. D., Clark J. J. and **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2008). Methods For Collect Samples For Assessing Dioxins And Other Environmental Contaminants In Attic Dust: A Review. *Organohalogen Compounds*, 70, 000527-000530.
- Hensley, A.R. A. Scott, J. J. J. Clark, **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (2007). Attic Dust and Human Blood Samples Collected near a Former Wood Treatment Facility. *Environmental Research*. 105, 194-197.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** J. J. J. Clark, A. R. Hensley, M. Suffet. (2007). The Use of an Odor Wheel Classification for Evaluation of Human Health Risk Criteria for Compost Facilities. *Water Science & Technology* 55(5), 345-357.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.,** M. Suffet. (2007). The Anatomy Of Odour Wheels For Odours Of Drinking Water, Wastewater, Compost And The Urban Environment. *Water Science & Technology* 55(5), 335-344.
- Sullivan, P. J. Clark, J.J.J., Agardy, F. J., Rosenfeld, P.E. (2007). *Toxic Legacy, Synthetic Toxins in the Food, Water, and Air in American Cities*. Boston Massachusetts: Elsevier Publishing
- **Rosenfeld**, **P.E.**, and Suffet I.H. (2004). Control of Compost Odor Using High Carbon Wood Ash. *Water Science and Technology*. 49(9),171-178.
- **Rosenfeld P. E.,** J.J. Clark, I.H. (Mel) Suffet (2004). The Value of An Odor-Quality-Wheel Classification Scheme For The Urban Environment. *Water Environment Federation's Technical Exhibition and Conference (WEFTEC)* 2004. New Orleans, October 2-6, 2004.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Suffet, I.H. (2004). Understanding Odorants Associated With Compost, Biomass Facilities, and the Land Application of Biosolids. *Water Science and Technology*. 49(9), 193-199.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., and Suffet I.H. (2004). Control of Compost Odor Using High Carbon Wood Ash, *Water Science and Technology*, 49(9), 171-178.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.**, Grey, M. A., Sellew, P. (2004). Measurement of Biosolids Odor and Odorant Emissions from Windrows, Static Pile and Biofilter. *Water Environment Research*. 76(4), 310-315.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** Grey, M and Suffet, M. (2002). Compost Demonstration Project, Sacramento California Using High-Carbon Wood Ash to Control Odor at a Green Materials Composting Facility. *Integrated Waste Management Board Public Affairs Office*, Publications Clearinghouse (MS–6), Sacramento, CA Publication #442-02-008.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, and C.L. Henry. (2001). Characterization of odor emissions from three different biosolids. *Water Soil and Air Pollution*. 127(1-4), 173-191.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Henry C. L., (2000). Wood ash control of odor emissions from biosolids application. *Journal of Environmental Quality*. 29, 1662-1668.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry and D. Bennett. (2001). Wastewater dewatering polymer affect on biosolids odor emissions and microbial activity. *Water Environment Research*. 73(4), 363-367.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., and C.L. Henry. (2001). Activated Carbon and Wood Ash Sorption of Wastewater, Compost, and Biosolids Odorants. *Water Environment Research*, 73, 388-393.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.,** and Henry C. L., (2001). High carbon wood ash effect on biosolids microbial activity and odor. *Water Environment Research*. 131(1-4), 247-262.

- Chollack, T. and **P. Rosenfeld.** (1998). Compost Amendment Handbook For Landscaping. Prepared for and distributed by the City of Redmond, Washington State.
- Rosenfeld, P. E. (1992). The Mount Liamuiga Crater Trail. Heritage Magazine of St. Kitts, 3(2).
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1993). High School Biogas Project to Prevent Deforestation On St. Kitts. *Biomass Users Network*, 7(1).
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1998). Characterization, Quantification, and Control of Odor Emissions From Biosolids Application To Forest Soil. Doctoral Thesis. University of Washington College of Forest Resources.
- Rosenfeld, P. E. (1994). Potential Utilization of Small Diameter Trees on Sierra County Public Land. Masters thesis reprinted by the Sierra County Economic Council. Sierra County, California.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (1991). How to Build a Small Rural Anaerobic Digester & Uses Of Biogas In The First And Third World. Bachelors Thesis. University of California.

Presentations:

- **Rosenfeld, P.E.**, "The science for Perfluorinated Chemicals (PFAS): What makes remediation so hard?" Law Seminars International, (May 9-10, 2018) 800 Fifth Avenue, Suite 101 Seattle, WA.
- Rosenfeld, P.E., Sutherland, A; Hesse, R.; Zapata, A. (October 3-6, 2013). Air dispersion modeling of volatile organic emissions from multiple natural gas wells in Decatur, TX. 44th Western Regional Meeting, American Chemical Society. Lecture conducted from Santa Clara, CA.
- Sok, H.L.; Waller, C.C.; Feng, L.; Gonzalez, J.; Sutherland, A.J.; Wisdom-Stack, T.; Sahai, R.K.; Hesse, R.C.; **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (June 20-23, 2010). Atrazine: A Persistent Pesticide in Urban Drinking Water. *Urban Environmental Pollution*. Lecture conducted from Boston, MA.
- Feng, L.; Gonzalez, J.; Sok, H.L.; Sutherland, A.J.; Waller, C.C.; Wisdom-Stack, T.; Sahai, R.K.; La, M.; Hesse, R.C.; **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (June 20-23, 2010). Bringing Environmental Justice to East St. Louis, Illinois. *Urban Environmental Pollution*. Lecture conducted from Boston, MA.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (April 19-23, 2009). Perfluoroctanoic Acid (PFOA) and Perfluoroactane Sulfonate (PFOS) Contamination in Drinking Water From the Use of Aqueous Film Forming Foams (AFFF) at Airports in the United States. 2009 Ground Water Summit and 2009 Ground Water Protection Council Spring Meeting, Lecture conducted from Tuscon, AZ.
- **Rosenfeld, P.E.** (April 19-23, 2009). Cost to Filter Atrazine Contamination from Drinking Water in the United States" Contamination in Drinking Water From the Use of Aqueous Film Forming Foams (AFFF) at Airports in the United States. 2009 Ground Water Summit and 2009 Ground Water Protection Council Spring Meeting. Lecture conducted from Tuscon, AZ.
- Wu, C., Tam, L., Clark, J., **Rosenfeld, P.** (20-22 July, 2009). Dioxin and furan blood lipid concentrations in populations living near four wood treatment facilities in the United States. Brebbia, C.A. and Popov, V., eds., *Air Pollution XVII: Proceedings of the Seventeenth International Conference on Modeling, Monitoring and Management of Air Pollution*. Lecture conducted from Tallinn, Estonia.
- **Rosenfeld, P. E.** (October 15-18, 2007). Moss Point Community Exposure To Contaminants From A Releasing Facility. *The 23rd Annual International Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water*. Platform lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.
- Rosenfeld, P. E. (October 15-18, 2007). The Repeated Trespass of Tritium-Contaminated Water Into A Surrounding Community Form Repeated Waste Spills From A Nuclear Power Plant. *The 23rd Annual International*

Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water. Platform lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.

Rosenfeld, P. E. (October 15-18, 2007). Somerville Community Exposure To Contaminants From Wood Treatment Facility Emissions. The 23rd Annual International Conferences on Soils Sediment and Water. Lecture conducted from University of Massachusetts, Amherst MA.

Rosenfeld P. E. (March 2007). Production, Chemical Properties, Toxicology, & Treatment Case Studies of 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP). *The Association for Environmental Health and Sciences (AEHS) Annual Meeting*. Lecture conducted from San Diego, CA.

Rosenfeld P. E. (March 2007). Blood and Attic Sampling for Dioxin/Furan, PAH, and Metal Exposure in Florala, Alabama. *The AEHS Annual Meeting*. Lecture conducted from San Diego, CA.

Hensley A.R., Scott, A., **Rosenfeld P.E.**, Clark, J.J.J. (August 21 – 25, 2006). Dioxin Containing Attic Dust And Human Blood Samples Collected Near A Former Wood Treatment Facility. *The 26th International Symposium on Halogenated Persistent Organic Pollutants – DIOXIN2006*. Lecture conducted from Radisson SAS Scandinavia Hotel in Oslo Norway.

Hensley A.R., Scott, A., Rosenfeld P.E., Clark, J.J.J. (November 4-8, 2006). Dioxin Containing Attic Dust And Human Blood Samples Collected Near A Former Wood Treatment Facility. *APHA 134 Annual Meeting & Exposition*. Lecture conducted from Boston Massachusetts.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (October 24-25, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PFOA and Related Chemicals. Mealey's C8/PFOA. *Science, Risk & Litigation Conference*. Lecture conducted from The Rittenhouse Hotel, Philadelphia, PA.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 19, 2005). Brominated Flame Retardants in Groundwater: Pathways to Human Ingestion, *Toxicology and Remediation PEMA Emerging Contaminant Conference*. Lecture conducted from Hilton Hotel, Irvine California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 19, 2005). Fate, Transport, Toxicity, And Persistence of 1,2,3-TCP. *PEMA Emerging Contaminant Conference*. Lecture conducted from Hilton Hotel in Irvine, California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (September 26-27, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PDBEs. *Mealey's Groundwater Conference*. Lecture conducted from Ritz Carlton Hotel, Marina Del Ray, California.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (June 7-8, 2005). Fate, Transport and Persistence of PFOA and Related Chemicals. *International Society of Environmental Forensics: Focus On Emerging Contaminants*. Lecture conducted from Sheraton Oceanfront Hotel, Virginia Beach, Virginia.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (July 21-22, 2005). Fate Transport, Persistence and Toxicology of PFOA and Related Perfluorochemicals. 2005 National Groundwater Association Ground Water And Environmental Law Conference. Lecture conducted from Wyndham Baltimore Inner Harbor, Baltimore Maryland.

Paul Rosenfeld Ph.D. (July 21-22, 2005). Brominated Flame Retardants in Groundwater: Pathways to Human Ingestion, Toxicology and Remediation. 2005 National Groundwater Association Ground Water and Environmental Law Conference. Lecture conducted from Wyndham Baltimore Inner Harbor, Baltimore Maryland.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. and James Clark Ph.D. and Rob Hesse R.G. (May 5-6, 2004). Tert-butyl Alcohol Liability and Toxicology, A National Problem and Unquantified Liability. *National Groundwater Association. Environmental Law Conference*. Lecture conducted from Congress Plaza Hotel, Chicago Illinois.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. (March 2004). Perchlorate Toxicology. *Meeting of the American Groundwater Trust*. Lecture conducted from Phoenix Arizona.

Hagemann, M.F., **Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D.** and Rob Hesse (2004). Perchlorate Contamination of the Colorado River. *Meeting of tribal representatives*. Lecture conducted from Parker, AZ.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. (April 7, 2004). A National Damage Assessment Model For PCE and Dry Cleaners. *Drycleaner Symposium. California Ground Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Radison Hotel, Sacramento, California.

Rosenfeld, P. E., Grey, M., (June 2003) Two stage biofilter for biosolids composting odor control. Seventh International In Situ And On Site Bioremediation Symposium Battelle Conference Orlando, FL.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. and James Clark Ph.D. (February 20-21, 2003) Understanding Historical Use, Chemical Properties, Toxicity and Regulatory Guidance of 1,4 Dioxane. *National Groundwater Association. Southwest Focus Conference. Water Supply and Emerging Contaminants.*. Lecture conducted from Hyatt Regency Phoenix Arizona.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. (February 6-7, 2003). Underground Storage Tank Litigation and Remediation. *California CUPA Forum*. Lecture conducted from Marriott Hotel, Anaheim California.

Paul Rosenfeld, Ph.D. (October 23, 2002) Underground Storage Tank Litigation and Remediation. *EPA Underground Storage Tank Roundtable*. Lecture conducted from Sacramento California.

Rosenfeld, P.E. and Suffet, M. (October 7- 10, 2002). Understanding Odor from Compost, *Wastewater and Industrial Processes. Sixth Annual Symposium On Off Flavors in the Aquatic Environment. International Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Barcelona Spain.

Rosenfeld, P.E. and Suffet, M. (October 7- 10, 2002). Using High Carbon Wood Ash to Control Compost Odor. *Sixth Annual Symposium On Off Flavors in the Aquatic Environment. International Water Association*. Lecture conducted from Barcelona Spain.

Rosenfeld, P.E. and Grey, M. A. (September 22-24, 2002). Biocycle Composting For Coastal Sage Restoration. *Northwest Biosolids Management Association*. Lecture conducted from Vancouver Washington..

Rosenfeld, P.E. and Grey, M. A. (November 11-14, 2002). Using High-Carbon Wood Ash to Control Odor at a Green Materials Composting Facility. *Soil Science Society Annual Conference*. Lecture conducted from Indianapolis, Maryland.

Rosenfeld. P.E. (September 16, 2000). Two stage biofilter for biosolids composting odor control. *Water Environment Federation*. Lecture conducted from Anaheim California.

Rosenfeld. P.E. (October 16, 2000). Wood ash and biofilter control of compost odor. *Biofest*. Lecture conducted from Ocean Shores, California.

Rosenfeld, P.E. (2000). Bioremediation Using Organic Soil Amendments. *California Resource Recovery Association*. Lecture conducted from Sacramento California.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Oat and Grass Seed Germination and Nitrogen and Sulfur Emissions Following Biosolids Incorporation With High-Carbon Wood-Ash. *Water Environment Federation 12th Annual Residuals and Biosolids Management Conference Proceedings*. Lecture conducted from Bellevue Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E., and C.L. Henry. (1999). An evaluation of ash incorporation with biosolids for odor reduction. *Soil Science Society of America*. Lecture conducted from Salt Lake City Utah.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Comparison of Microbial Activity and Odor Emissions from Three Different Biosolids Applied to Forest Soil. *Brown and Caldwell*. Lecture conducted from Seattle Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry. (1998). Characterization, Quantification, and Control of Odor Emissions from Biosolids Application To Forest Soil. *Biofest*. Lecture conducted from Lake Chelan, Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. Harrison. (1998). Oat and Grass Seed Germination and Nitrogen and Sulfur Emissions Following Biosolids Incorporation With High-Carbon Wood-Ash. Water Environment Federation 12th Annual Residuals and Biosolids Management Conference Proceedings. Lecture conducted from Bellevue Washington.

Rosenfeld, P.E., C.L. Henry, R. B. Harrison, and R. Dills. (1997). Comparison of Odor Emissions From Three Different Biosolids Applied to Forest Soil. *Soil Science Society of America*. Lecture conducted from Anaheim California.

Teaching Experience:

UCLA Department of Environmental Health (Summer 2003 through 20010) Taught Environmental Health Science 100 to students, including undergrad, medical doctors, public health professionals and nurses. Course focused on the health effects of environmental contaminants.

National Ground Water Association, Successful Remediation Technologies. Custom Course in Sante Fe, New Mexico. May 21, 2002. Focused on fate and transport of fuel contaminants associated with underground storage tanks.

National Ground Water Association; Successful Remediation Technologies Course in Chicago Illinois. April 1, 2002. Focused on fate and transport of contaminants associated with Superfund and RCRA sites.

California Integrated Waste Management Board, April and May, 2001. Alternative Landfill Caps Seminar in San Diego, Ventura, and San Francisco. Focused on both prescriptive and innovative landfill cover design.

UCLA Department of Environmental Engineering, February 5, 2002. Seminar on Successful Remediation Technologies focusing on Groundwater Remediation.

University Of Washington, Soil Science Program, Teaching Assistant for several courses including: Soil Chemistry, Organic Soil Amendments, and Soil Stability.

U.C. Berkeley, Environmental Science Program Teaching Assistant for Environmental Science 10.

Academic Grants Awarded:

California Integrated Waste Management Board. \$41,000 grant awarded to UCLA Institute of the Environment. Goal: To investigate effect of high carbon wood ash on volatile organic emissions from compost. 2001.

Synagro Technologies, Corona California: \$10,000 grant awarded to San Diego State University. Goal: investigate effect of biosolids for restoration and remediation of degraded coastal sage soils. 2000.

King County, Department of Research and Technology, Washington State. \$100,000 grant awarded to University of Washington: Goal: To investigate odor emissions from biosolids application and the effect of polymers and ash on VOC emissions. 1998.

Northwest Biosolids Management Association, Washington State. \$20,000 grant awarded to investigate effect of polymers and ash on VOC emissions from biosolids. 1997.

James River Corporation, Oregon: \$10,000 grant was awarded to investigate the success of genetically engineered Poplar trees with resistance to round-up. 1996.

United State Forest Service, Tahoe National Forest: \$15,000 grant was awarded to investigating fire ecology of the Tahoe National Forest. 1995.

Kellogg Foundation, Washington D.C. \$500 grant was awarded to construct a large anaerobic digester on St. Kitts in West Indies. 1993

Deposition and/or Trial Testimony:

In the Circuit Court Of The Twentieth Judicial Circuit, St Clair County, Illinois

Martha Custer et al., Plaintiff vs. Cerro Flow Products, Inc., Defendants

Case No.: No. 0i9-L-2295 Rosenfeld Deposition, 5-14-2021 Trial, October 8-4-2021

In the Circuit Court of Cook County Illinois

Joseph Rafferty, Plaintiff vs. Consolidated Rail Corporation and National Railroad Passenger Corporation d/b/a AMTRAK.

d/b/a AMTRAK,

Case No.: No. 18-L-6845 Rosenfeld Deposition, 6-28-2021

In the United States District Court For the Northern District of Illinois

Theresa Romcoe, Plaintiff vs. Northeast Illinois Regional Commuter Railroad Corporation d/b/a METRA

Rail, Defendants

Case No.: No. 17-cv-8517 Rosenfeld Deposition, 5-25-2021

In the Superior Court of the State of Arizona In and For the Cunty of Maricopa

Mary Tryon et al., Plaintiff vs. The City of Pheonix v. Cox Cactus Farm, L.L.C., Utah Shelter Systems, Inc.

Case Number CV20127-094749 Rosenfeld Deposition: 5-7-2021

In the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas Beaumont Division

Robinson, Jeremy et al *Plaintiffs*, vs. CNA Insurance Company et al.

Case Number 1:17-cv-000508 Rosenfeld Deposition: 3-25-2021

In the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Bernardino

Gary Garner, Personal Representative for the Estate of Melvin Garner vs. BNSF Railway Company.

Case No. 1720288

Rosenfeld Deposition 2-23-2021

In the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, Spring Street Courthouse

Benny M Rodriguez vs. Union Pacific Railroad, A Corporation, et al.

Case No. 18STCV01162

Rosenfeld Deposition 12-23-2020

In the Circuit Court of Jackson County, Missouri

Karen Cornwell, Plaintiff, vs. Marathon Petroleum, LP, Defendant.

Case No.: 1716-CV10006 Rosenfeld Deposition. 8-30-2019

In the United States District Court For The District of New Jersey

Duarte et al, *Plaintiffs*, vs. United States Metals Refining Company et. al. *Defendant*.

Case No.: 2:17-cv-01624-ES-SCM Rosenfeld Deposition. 6-7-2019

In the United States District Court of Southern District of Texas Galveston Division

M/T Carla Maersk, *Plaintiffs*, vs. Conti 168., Schiffahrts-GMBH & Co. Bulker KG MS "Conti Perdido" *Defendant*.

Case No.: 3:15-CV-00106 consolidated with 3:15-CV-00237

Rosenfeld Deposition. 5-9-2019

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Los Angeles - Santa Monica

Carole-Taddeo-Bates et al., vs. Ifran Khan et al., Defendants

Case No.: No. BC615636

Rosenfeld Deposition, 1-26-2019

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Los Angeles - Santa Monica

The San Gabriel Valley Council of Governments et al. vs El Adobe Apts. Inc. et al., Defendants

Case No.: No. BC646857

Rosenfeld Deposition, 10-6-2018; Trial 3-7-19

In United States District Court For The District of Colorado

Bells et al. Plaintiff vs. The 3M Company et al., Defendants

Case No.: 1:16-cv-02531-RBJ

Rosenfeld Deposition, 3-15-2018 and 4-3-2018

In The District Court Of Regan County, Texas, 112th Judicial District

Phillip Bales et al., Plaintiff vs. Dow Agrosciences, LLC, et al., Defendants

Cause No.: 1923

Rosenfeld Deposition, 11-17-2017

In The Superior Court of the State of California In And For The County Of Contra Costa

Simons et al., Plaintiffs vs. Chevron Corporation, et al., Defendants

Cause No C12-01481

Rosenfeld Deposition, 11-20-2017

In The Circuit Court Of The Twentieth Judicial Circuit, St Clair County, Illinois

Martha Custer et al., Plaintiff vs. Cerro Flow Products, Inc., Defendants

Case No.: No. 0i9-L-2295

Rosenfeld Deposition, 8-23-2017

In United States District Court For The Southern District of Mississippi

Guy Manuel vs. The BP Exploration et al., Defendants

Case: No 1:19-cv-00315-RHW

Rosenfeld Deposition, 4-22-2020

In The Superior Court of the State of California, For The County of Los Angeles

Warrn Gilbert and Penny Gilber, Plaintiff vs. BMW of North America LLC

Case No.: LC102019 (c/w BC582154)

Rosenfeld Deposition, 8-16-2017, Trail 8-28-2018

In the Northern District Court of Mississippi, Greenville Division

Brenda J. Cooper, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Meritor Inc., et al., Defendants

Case Number: 4:16-cv-52-DMB-JVM

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2017

In The Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Snohomish

Michael Davis and Julie Davis et al., Plaintiff vs. Cedar Grove Composting Inc., Defendants

Case No.: No. 13-2-03987-5

Rosenfeld Deposition, February 2017

Trial, March 2017

In The Superior Court of the State of California, County of Alameda

Charles Spain., Plaintiff vs. Thermo Fisher Scientific, et al., Defendants

Case No.: RG14711115

Rosenfeld Deposition, September 2015

In The Iowa District Court In And For Poweshiek County

Russell D. Winburn, et al., Plaintiffs vs. Doug Hoksbergen, et al., Defendants

Case No.: LALA002187

Rosenfeld Deposition, August 2015

In The Circuit Court of Ohio County, West Virginia

Robert Andrews, et al. v. Antero, et al.

Civil Action No. 14-C-30000

Rosenfeld Deposition, June 2015

In The Iowa District Court For Muscatine County

Laurie Freeman et. al. Plaintiffs vs. Grain Processing Corporation, Defendant

Case No 4980

Rosenfeld Deposition: May 2015

In the Circuit Court of the 17th Judicial Circuit, in and For Broward County, Florida

Walter Hinton, et. al. Plaintiff, vs. City of Fort Lauderdale, Florida, a Municipality, Defendant.

Case Number CACE07030358 (26)

Rosenfeld Deposition: December 2014

In the County Court of Dallas County Texas

Lisa Parr et al, Plaintiff, vs. Aruba et al, Defendant.

Case Number cc-11-01650-E

Rosenfeld Deposition: March and September 2013

Rosenfeld Trial: April 2014

In the Court of Common Pleas of Tuscarawas County Ohio

John Michael Abicht, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Republic Services, Inc., et al., Defendants

Case Number: 2008 CT 10 0741 (Cons. w/ 2009 CV 10 0987)

Rosenfeld Deposition: October 2012

In the United States District Court for the Middle District of Alabama, Northern Division

James K. Benefield, et al., *Plaintiffs*, vs. International Paper Company, *Defendant*.

Civil Action Number 2:09-cv-232-WHA-TFM

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2010, June 2011

In the Circuit Court of Jefferson County Alabama

Jaeanette Moss Anthony, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Drummond Company Inc., et al., Defendants

Civil Action No. CV 2008-2076

Rosenfeld Deposition: September 2010

In the United States District Court, Western District Lafayette Division

Ackle et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Citgo Petroleum Corporation, et al., Defendants.

Case Number 2:07CV1052

Rosenfeld Deposition: July 2009

CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM JOAN TAYLOR, CHAIR OF TAHQUITZ GROUP SIERRA CLUB PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - OPPOSED TO THE CERTIFICATION OF ALTERNATIVE NO. 2 OF THE CORAL MOUNTAIN RESORT EIR

From: Joan Taylor <palmcanyon@mac.com>
Sent: Sunday, March 3, 2024 6:14 PM
To: Monika Radeva; Planning WebMail

Subject: Written Comments, Joan Taylor for Sierra Club, Palm Springs, (760)(unlisted) re The Club

at Coral Mountain & DEIR

Attachments: Coral Mtn 3.4.24.pdf

[You don't often get email from palmcanyon@mac.com. Learn why this is important at https://aka.ms/LearnAboutSenderIdentification]

** EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information. **

Attached please find the Sierra Club comments on the above-referenced project for inclusion as part of the record on the matter. Kindly confirm receipt of this email, thanks.



SAN GORGONIO CHAPTER

Regional Groups Serving Riverside and San Bernardino Counties: Big Bear, Los Serranos, Mojave, Moreno Valley, Mountains, Tahquitz and Santa Margarita

March 5, 2024

City Council City of La Quinta 78495 Calle Tampico La Quinta, CA 92253

BY EMAIL TO: mradeva@laquintaca.gov and Planning@laquintaca.gov

Re: The Club at Coral Mountain DEIR SCH#2021020310

Mayor and Members of the Council:

The following comments regarding The Club at Coral Mountain ("Project") are submitted on behalf of the Tahquitz Group of the Sierra Club, which represents over 1000 members in the Coachella Valley and the Morongo Basin.

- The Notice of Preparation for the EIR on the Project was not transmitted to the Trustee Agencies (US Fish & Wildlife Service and Calif Department of Fish & Wildlife). Evidently this was done in mistaken reliance on an EIR for an earlier project which was never approved. However, the City may not rely in this manner on an EIR for a past project that was not approved.
- The many scores of deaths of endangered bighorn sheep in La Quinta caused by the attractive and deadly nuisance of golf courses only heightens the need for Trustee Agency review and input at the outset of review under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) for this Project, which in addition is substantially changed from the prior.
- Further, the recent completion of the barrier between bighorn habitat and other golf courses (which attracted and caused the demise of so many bighorn) is a changed circumstance which makes Trustee Agency review especially critical. That is because area bighorn which are habituated to grazing on golf courses will certainly seek out any new golf course as an artificially rich source of food, albeit to their detriment. Yet the preferred alternative fails to completely fence the Project to prevent such bighorn access.

- Additionally, human intrusion into bighorn habitat was identified as a cause for listing this metapopulation of bighorn as endangered, and the Recovery Plan for this animal mandates that human access into essential habitat be controlled. This is another compelling reason to place a complete barrier around the Project to obviate the problem of residents and pets intruding into sensitive habitat.

For the above, we respectfully request that the Council: 1) continue the hearing on the Project; 2) order the NOP and subsequent CEQA documents to be re-circulated to USFWS & CDFW for review, comment and consultation, and; 3) ensure that all Project alternatives incorporate complete fencing of the entire Project.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this important issue.

Very truly yours,

Joan Taylor, Chair

Tahquitz Group Sierra Club

Joan CTayon

From: Tania Flores

Sent: Tuesday, March 5, 2024 12:41 PM

To: City Clerk Mail

Cc: Consulting Planner; Cheri Flores

Subject: FW: City Council Public Hearing Notice - Coral Mountain

Attachments: image001.png

Please see public comment below.



Tania Flores, CMC | Administrative Technician Design & Development Department City of La Quinta 78495 Calle Tampico | La Quinta, CA 92253 Ph. (760) 777-7023

TFlores@LaQuintaCA.gov www.LaQuintaCA.gov

From: connie varelli <cvarelli@gmail.com> **Sent:** Tuesday, March 5, 2024 12:39 PM **To:** Tania Flores <tflores@laquintaca.gov>

Subject: Re: City Council Public Hearing Notice - Coral Mountain

You don't often get email from cvarelli@gmail.com. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Hi,

Thank you for your email on the updates for your current project.

I was very disappointed when the city council voted against your wave park project.

I own land next to yours and was planning on building my home there.

I'm unable to attend the meeting tonight, but will support your efforts.

So if you need a letter from me stating that, lmk.

Yours truly, Connie Varelli 760-774-3170

On Thu, Feb 22, 2024, 2:05 PM Tania Flores <tflores@laquintaca.gov</pre>> wrote:

Good afternoon,

You or your company previously requested to be notified of any projects coming forward for consideration regarding Coral Mountain. Please see the attached Public Hearing Notice regarding

the proposed Club at Coral Mountain project which is set for City Council consideration on March 5, 2024.

This notification is for <u>informational purposes only</u> and details on this project will be made available in the Agenda Packet when published next week.

Thank you.



Tania Flores, CMC | Administrative Technician

Design & Development Department

City of La Quinta

78495 Calle Tampico | La Quinta, CA 92253

Ph. (760) 777-7023

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CITY COUNCIL MEETING - MARCH 5, 2024 - WRITTEN PUBLIC COMMENTS FROM RESIDENT SHEILA WARREN PUBLIC HEARING ITEM NO. 1 - CLUB AT CORAL MOUNTAIN - ADDITIONS TO DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

From: Sheila Warren <sheilawarren25@yahoo.com>

Sent: Friday, March 1, 2024 6:19 PM

To: Linda Evans; John Pena; Kathleen Fitzpatrick; Steve Sanchez; Deborah McGarrey; Monika

Radeva; Tania Flores; Planning WebMail

Subject: Tuesday's meeting on the Coral Mountain Development

Attachments: Document.docx

You don't often get email from sheilawarren25@yahoo.com. Learn why this is important

EXTERNAL: This message originated outside of the City of La Quinta. Please use proper judgement and caution when opening attachments, clicking links or responding to requests for information.

Hello,

I will be speaking on this development

Sent from Yahoo Mail for iPad

Mayor Evans and City Council Members,

My name is Sheila Warren and I'm a resident of La Quinta.

We understand that a development will go into the location at Coral Mountain and that STVRs are guaranteed under the Andalusia Specific Plan. That being said, we would like to see some changes to the Draft Development Agreement that would promote a workable relationship between Coral Mountain and the neighboring communities.

Additions to the Development Agreement include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following and pending more information to come in these deliberations.

The Developer must agree to the following:

- 1. That there will never be any type of wave in producing machinery of any kind or any brand, either retrofitted or introduced, into the potential/proposed recreational lake or irrigation lake.
- 2. That no motorized boats, jet skis, etc. will ever be allowed in the proposed recreational lake or irrigation lake.
- 3. That there will be no golf course lighting at night, especially for special events.
- 4. That there will be no bus, van, car, truck or other vehicle staging, idling or parking along Madison, 58th and/or 60th, for Special Events, for example, potential wave pools in Thermal, the Thermal Redevelopment Zone or La Quinta Sphere of Influence.
- 5. Special events must be reviewed and approved by the City, with special considerations to mitigate any potential effects, including but not limited to noise, light pollution, greenhouse gas emissions, air pollution, etc. affecting local residents.
- 6. The Development Agreement must include a cap as to the number of allowable STVRs at a number of 30% or less. It should not have a provision of up to 100% STVRs.

Thank you very much.	
Sincerely,	

Sheila Warren